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VOL. XXIII NO. 277 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1935 TWELVE PAGES

Calcutta City Fathers' Lead To Nation

No Truck With New Constitution

UNWANTED REFORMS .

Corporation Refuses To Consider Govt. Memorandum On Delimitation

CALCUTTA, Nov. 20.

The Calcutta Corporation at its meeting this evening refused to express any opinion upon the Government's proposals on the delimitation of constituencies for the future Bengal Legislative Assembly and Council, on the ground that the Reform scheme had been thrust upon the country without consulting the peoples' representatives.

For the same reason the Corporation also refused to consider the proposals on the delimitation of constituencies for the Federal Legislature.

The first motion was carried by 12 votes to 8, while the second one resulted in a tie of 14 against 14 votes. The Deputy Mayor who presided gave his casting vote in favour of the motion, which was carried.

Oppositionists included European and nominated members and a majority of Muslim councillors.—A. P.

NANKING PARLEYS SUCCEED

Autonomous State-Scheme For Northern China Scotched

TOKIO, Nov. 20.

Mr. Ariyoshi and General Chiang-kai-Shek are holding a conference at Nanking which is believed to constitute a final show down in the Sino-Japanese relations.

The Japanese press asserts that Japan has definitely abandoned the principle of non-interference in Chinese affairs.—Reuter.

JAPAN SCORES AGAIN

NANKING, Nov. 20.

After a three-hour conference with Gen. Chiang-kai Shek Mr. Ariyoshi the Japanese Ambassador, said he had been assured with regard to the Chinese Government's friendly intentions towards Japan

Gen. Chiang-kai-shek is reported to have informed Mr. Ariyoshi that he had no reason to doubt the loyalty of the Chinese authorities in North China but in the event of unexpected developments, the Central Government was ready to take appropriate measures. Well informed circles regard this as a confirmation that the "autonomy scheme is not yet a practical reality.—Reuter.

DIPLOMATIC TALKS

SHANGHAI: Nov. 20.

The Northern Chinese Government apparently has not yet replied to the Japanese ultimatum.

It is believed that a tacit understanding has been reached, whereby the Japanese Army will postpone action, pending the outcome of the diplomatic discussions in Tokio and Nanking.—Reuter.

DOIHARA UPSET

PEKING: Nov. 20.

It is reliably reported that Major-General Doihara has failed to induce the Northern Chinese leaders to agree to declare approval for the autonomous State scheme.

General Doihara left for Tientsin. It is reported that he was enraged at the negotiations being transferred to Nanking.—Reuter's Special.

NO SUPPORT FROM WAR OFFICE.

PEKING: Nov. 20.

It is learnt here in connection with the breakdown of the autonomous North China plan that Major-General Doihara lacked the support of the War Office in Tokio; and General Chiang-Kai-shek learning that Tokio did not desire to bring pressure to bear, telegraphed to Peking, ordering cessation of all the negotiations.

It is understood that Major-General Doihara is not likely to return here.—Reuter.

THREE MONTHS FOR HUNGER STRIKE

Detenu Convicted Under Prisons Act

CALCUTTA, Nov. 20.

Nagendrasekhar Chakravarty, a detenu in the Presidency jail since 1930, was sentenced to-day to three months' rigorous under the Prisons Act by the Chief Presidency Magistrate who tried him in jail. It is stated that Chakravarty has been on hunger strike since 13th November.

It is alleged that owing to the accused's continued disobedience, he was twice fined and a part of his allowance was eventually ordered by the Jail Superintendent to be segregated.—A.P.

VISCOUNTCY FOR AIR AND ADMIRALTY CHIEFS

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Nov. 21.

The King has conferred viscountcy on Sir Bolton Eyres-Monsell, First Lord of the Admiralty, and Sir Philip Cunliffe Lister, Air Minister, both retaining their positions.

NO MORE CRICKET FOR HOLMES

(Special Cable.)

MELBOURNE, Nov. 20.

Holmes interviewed by Reuter says, he expects next season will be his last as captain of Surrey as he is retiring to make money in business.

He adds, amateur cricket is an expensive pastime. There is no money in the Test tour of Australia for an English amateur.

New Delhi, Nov. 19.—Sayyed Ejaz Hussain, Magistrate, 1st Class, sentenced a Rampuri Pathan, named, Nurruddin to 4 years' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 50 under sections 232 and 233 I.P.C. for counterfeiting coins.

PEACE-MAKERS BUSY AGAIN IN PARIS

CHIEF ADVISER SUMMONED

To Assist British Ambassador For Abyssinian Settlement

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Nov. 20.

Mr. Maurice Peterson, the head of the Abyssinian Department of the Foreign Office is leaving for Paris to-morrow to assist the British Ambassador in discussions with the French Government with a view to finding a possible basis of settlement under the League of Nations of the Italo-Abyssinian conflict.

NEGUS' CHARGE-SHEET AGAINST ITALY

GENEVA, November 20.

Italian allegations against Abyssinia in note to the Powers on Nov. 11 protesting against the sanctions are replied to in a long Ethiopian Government protest to the League.

The Ethiopian Government refers to the Italian Government's "insults and slanders" and says "Ethiopian Government has no need to invent fantastic stories in order to belie Italian Government's right and capacity to fulfil the sacred trust of civilisation in Ethiopia". The Ethiopian Government accuses Italy of murdering civilians in Ethiopia, attempting to bribe traitors for use against lawful Government, in which connection it says it is proud to say that not a single Chief except Gugsa yielded to bribery.

The Ethiopian Government adds that Italy is using to fight Ethiopians those who are their brothers by race, and colour and concludes saying that with the help of God, the Ethiopian Government and people will fight to death regardless of cost and length of war in order to escape this savage domination.—Reuter.

AIR RAID CASUALTIES AT MAKALLE

ADDIS ABABA, Nov. 20.

The Italian claim of a thousand Ethiopian casualties in the Italian air raid on the Ethiopian concentration in South Makalle yesterday is refuted in a semi-official statement which says that the estimated casualties were 10 killed and 50 wounded as the Ethiopians rapidly dispersed and many bombs exploded harmlessly.—Reuter.

ASMARA-ADIGRAT AIRMAIL SERVICE

CALCUTTA, Nov. 20.

According to a communique issued by the Italian Consul General, Calcutta, an air mail service has been started between Asmara and Adigrat on the Northern Front.—A.P.

NEGUS LEAVES FOR UNKNOWN DESTINATION

(Special Cable).

ADDIS ABABA, Nov. 20.

It is confirmed that the Negus left here at 6 a.m. yesterday by a private aeroplane for an unknown destination but he is expected to be back shortly.

AGAINST ALL ALIEN NATIONALS!

Regulations Will Not Affect Indians Alone, Says Iraq Govt.

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20.

With regard to the reported new legislation in Iraq adversely affecting the Indians there, inquiries now show that His Majesty's Ambassador in Iraq, Sir Archibold Clark Kerr, made representations to the Iraq Government and it appears that the new regulations or orders passed are not specifically directed against Indians but they apply against all foreign nationals, and there is nothing discriminatory about it.

Protests, however, have been made against them. The exact effect of the new laws and the legal implications thereof are being examined by the British Ambassador in consultation with the Iraq Government.—United Press.

'TIS GOOD "CRICKET NEWS"

There was an air of jubilation in Cricket circles on Wednesday, when a telegram was received at the Gymkhana pavilion from Indore intimating the birth of a son to Major C. K. Nayudu. The Hindu skipper was the recipient of warm congratulations from all quarters on this happy event.

EXPORTS TO ITALY

Implications Of India Govt.'s Ordinance Explained

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20.

Though the Press note explaining the implications of the Ordinances against Italy has been exhaustive, doubts as to the working of both ordinances and notifications under the Sea Customs Act seem to prevail. It is desirable to point out that while the imports of all commodities from Italy are completely prohibited exports to Italy are prohibited only in respect of those articles which are used in war and which are used in manufacture of war materials. Therefore exports of agricultural produce like jute, cotton and oilseeds can still continue provided, however, that payments are received in cash and there is no credit given to any Italian trader on these accounts because otherwise it would be an offence under the Ordinance. As imports will practically cease there will be no reports received regarding these by the Government of India Exports to Italy, however, will be watched and the Chief Customs Officers will submit their reports from time to time but the first report from the Chief Customs Officers will not be available until after a month because under the Sea Customs Act Notification all goods till the 18th of December will be treated as being in transit.

EUROPEAN M. L. A.s' MOVE

Suggest Economic Advisory Council For Govt. Of India

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20.

The Government of India is having under active consideration a proposal pressed by the European Group in the Assembly to set up a small Economic Advisory Council. The question whether it would be a Council or only one economist to advise the Government of India has itself not been settled. Yet enquiries in official circles here show that not until the nature of organisations is settled, can the question of the personnel be taken up for consideration.

An announcement on the subject is expected to be made in the February session of the Assembly.

EARL OF JELLICOE DEAD

Commander Of Allies' Fleet In The Great War Passes Away

LONDON, November 20.

Death has occurred of the Earl of Jellicoe.—Reuter.

(Earl Jellicoe entered the fleet in 1872 and Law Service in Egypt, China and the Atlantic fleet in which he held the position of Vice-Admiral in 1907-03, and was raised to command in 1910-11. He later became the head of the British Fleet and Second Lord of the Admiralty before he was put at the head of the Grand Fleet in (1914-16), during the Great War. In 1917 he was the Chief of the Naval Staff and Admiral of the British Fleet in 1919. He served as Governor-General of New Zealand from 1920-24 when he was placed on the retired list.

At the time of his death Earl Jellicoe was 76 years of age. He was the author of many publications on the fleet and the navy.)

LATHI BLOWS ON PUNJAB M. L. C.s

Alleged Attack On Car By Persons Dressed As Policemen

LAHORE, Nov. 20.

Two persons dressed as policemen are reported to have hit with lathies at mid-night the car in which Sardar Sampuransingh and Sardar Bishensingh and Mian Nurrullah, members of the Punjab Legislative Council, returning to Lyallpur after attending the Council meeting yesterday. The car was slightly damaged. The miscreants fled when the car stopped.

The matter has been reported to the Jaranwala police.—A.P.

NEW TURN IN ALEXANDER MURDER TRIAL

Prisoners Resent Court's Appointment Of New Counsel

(Special Cable.)

AIX EN PROVENCE, Nov. 20.

It was his intention as a sacred duty to defend the prisoners despite themselves, was expressed by Maitre Saudinot, leader of the Aix bar appointed by the court as defence counsel to replace M. Desbons.

To-day's hearing was adjourned to enable M. Saudinot to study the Dossier.

The prisoners, however, insist on the return of M. Desbons and decline to utter a word while he is absent.

Meanwhile M. Desbons has appealed to the court for cessation against disbarment.

COAL STRIKE IN BRITAIN?

Move To Approach Premier To Make Govt. Intervene

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Nov. 20.

The Official figures of miners' ballot show that 409,351 voted for strike and 29,215 against, the largest proportion ever recorded for strike.

A National Delegates Conference of miners' representatives will be convened to consider the situation. Officials of the Miners' Federation art still hoping that Government action would avert stoppage and are seeking an early meeting with Mr. Baldwin.

Meanwhile the officials have been empowered to confer with the Trade Union Congress with a view to implementing the resolution of support for miners passed at the recent Margate conference.

Bombay Council

President's Ruling Upsets Govt. Plan

VISAPUR JAIL GRANT SURPRISE

Muslim M. L. Cs' Parleys With Jinnah For New Party

(FROM OUR LOBBY CORRESPONDENT).

BOMBAY: Wednesday.

There seems to be a move behind the scenes for bringing into existence a Muslim Party, in the Presidency, with a view to fight the elections under the New Constitution.

A dozen Members of the Bombay Legislative Council, including the Thakore of Kerwada and Mr. Mohamed Suleiman Mitha met Mr. M. A. Jinnah, the Leader of the Indenendent Party in the Assembly at a dinner party at the Hotel Majestic on Tuesday night.

It is understood that the meeting was arranged with a view to exchange views, as to what the Mussalmans in the Presidency should do under the New Constitution.

It appears the position was considered in detail, especially in view of the possibility of the Congress Members capturing the Provincial Legislature. Mr. Jinnah is reported to have asked the members several questions and no definite decision regarding the formation of a Party has yet been taken.

TRANSFER OF SURGEON-GENERAL'S OFFICE

PRESIDENT'S RULING.

On Tuesday evening, Mr. R. G. Soman had raised a point of order on the motion of the Home Member asking for a token grant of Rs. 10 for making the Visapur Prison a permanent one.

The President ruled that the token grant demand was quite in order. The House then proceeded to discuss the demand and Mr. G.S. Gangoly even made a speech against the Visapur Prison being made a permanent one.

On Wednesday no question-hour had been allotted, and it was thought that the House would proceed to discuss the token grant. But the President, immediately after he had taken his seat, rose to give a ruling on the point of order. He said that he had carefully considered the demand, the point of order raised and the provision in Section 32 of the Rules, and had come to the conclusion that the token grant did not come within the four walls of the Section.

The Home Member had to withdraw his demand and the House will have an opportunity to discuss the whole position before granting any funds, when the scheme about making the prison a permanent one comes before the House in the form of a resolution.

The major portion of the time on Wednesday was taken up by the supplementary grant, regarding the transfer of the Surgeon-General's office from Poona to Bombay. Almost all the doctors in Council welcomed the move, while some of the Europeans objected to the office being located at the St. George's Hospital, which would be open, hereafter to all Indians with European standard of living.

Rao Saheb Kulkarni, who moved a one rupee token cut, because he thought there was a political motive behind the transfer, did not press his cut motion.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

When the Bombay Legislative Council reassembled on Wednesday, Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi, the President, said that he wanted to correct the ruling he had given the previous day on the point of order raised by Mr. R. G. Soman (Satara) during the discussion on the token demand for a grant for the conversion of the Visapur temporary jail into a permanent one.

Mr. Soman had raised the point whether this demand could be brought before the House in the form of a token demand and whether it could be brought up at all before the Budget.

Looking into the demand, the President stated, he found after careful consideration that it did not fall within rule 32 of the Bombay Legislative Council. The rule stated: "an estimate shall be presented to the Council for a supplementary or additional grant when (1) the amount voted in the Budget of a grant is found to be insufficient for the purposes of the current year, or (2) a need arises during the current year for expenditure for which the vote of the Council is necessary upon some new service not contemplated in the Budget for that year; provided that when funds to meet proposed expenditure on a new service can be made available by re-appropriation, a demand for the grant of a token sum may be submitted to the vote of the Council and if the Council assents to the demand, funds may be so made available."

President Disallows It.

In the case of the purchase of a motor-launch for transporting fresh fish from the Ratnagiri coast to Bombay, the President added, he had interpreted the rule broadly and allowed the demand. Besides, the Government had already spent the money and had come to the House for its sanction.

But the present proposal was one which the Government had merely decided upon and which did not involve any expenditure. On the other hand, there was to be a saving. The President expressed the opinion that this demand did not come within the four walls of rule 32 and hence could not be allowed.

1925 Case Recalled.

The President then referred to a similar case that had arisen in 1925 when Sir Maurice Hayward, the then Home Member had

(continued on page 7 col 6)

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BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:——"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

1. PERSONAL.

Wanted:—To know the whereabouts of his wife Bai Vishnulaxmi. Anybody having any information to give may write to Rameshchandra Damodar Bhatt, Box No. 5185, "Bombay Chronicle."

2. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Matric (routine work) responsible post. Pay 50/75. Preference to candidate joining with Rs. 500/1000. Such applicants only need apply. Secretary, Post Box 334, G.P.O., Bombay. (5197).

Wanted—Hindu Shop Assistant for our up-country shop (married person preferred). Quarters free and good salary according to qualification. Apply with full particulars to Box No. 5190, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Graduates in Physics or Chemistry (Principal), and Mathematics (Subsidiary). Apply Principal, Union High School, Surat. (2102)

Wanted—M.B.B.S. or L.C.P.S. as assistant to Senior Medical Practitioner, Gujarati preferred. Apply Box No. 5154, "Bombay Chronicle".

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Persian by Persian Savants; French, Arabic by competent scholars taught to college, school, private students. (Success guaranteed). Mazendy Kamar Building, opposite Hongkong Bank, Fort. (5191).

French, German, Italian, Spanish, tuition and translations by experienced German teacher, write to Mr. Fr. Oettinger, Rebsch, Str., 1F. Gobhai House, Bombay, 11. (5160)

Sir Hurkisondas Hospital starting B.P.N.A. Course from the 1st January, 1936. Candidates desirous of joining the course should apply to the Hon. Secretary, Sir Hurkisondas Hospital, New Charni Road, Bombay, with copies of testimonials, age, caste, and education. (5182).

73 AGENTS WANTED

Wanted active agents to push our Hosiery goods on salary Rs. 100 and T.A. Rs. 50. Apply to Commonwealth Trading and Manufacturing Co., Ludhiana. (4976).

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
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Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted Chief Agents to organise Share selling Agencies and to sell shares of a prospective Sugar concern on fixed monthly pay from Rs. 100 to Rs. 250 plus commission. Apply to Mg. Agents, All India Sugar Mills, Ltd., 135, Canning Street, Calcutta. (2043).

68. PARTNERSHIPS.

Sole Agent of well-known products wants working partner with Rs. 10,000 investment. Good prospects and profits. Apply sharp Box No. 5193, "Bombay Chronicle."

99. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale—9 H.P. Black stone machine with pumping set in running order. Apply Secretary, Kanara Gowd Saraswat Co-operative Housing Society, Ltd. Jogeshwari, B. B. & C. I. Rly. (5188).

121. DAILY WANTS.

"Falcon Beer". In bottles and on draught available at the "Taj Mahal Hotel" and "Green's" (2021)

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

126. BAKERIES.

Complete Bakery to be let in business locality at very cheap rent. Apply Mithasons, 96. Kalbadevi Road, opposite Mumbadevi, between 4 and 6 p.m. (5091).

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE

ROSHANLAL KHANNA is no longer in our employment. Anyone dealing with him may do so at his own risk and responsibility. We are not responsible for any of his actions.

K. C. MARROTT.
2123

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

IN PURSUANCE of a requisition received under Section 36 (D) and (H) of the Municipal Act, for calling a Special Meeting of the Corporation for appointing four representatives of the Corporation to give evidence before the Indian Delimitation Committee in the matter of the delimitation of constituencies and allocation of seats to the City in the reformed legislatures, a SPECIAL MEETING of the CORPORATION will be held in the Municipal Office on MONDAY, the 25th NOVEMBER, 1935, at 5-30 p.m. (BOMBAY TIME).

By Order of His Worship the Mayor,
D. V. NADKARNI,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 20th November, 1935.

THE BARSI SPINNING & WEAVING MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the TWENTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Room No. 15-16, Second floor, Nanjee Building, 17, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 28th November, 1935, at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.) to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st December, 1934.
(2) To declare a Dividend.
(3) To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
(4) To appoint Auditors for the year 1935 and to fix their remuneration.
(5) To transact any other business that the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors,
REUBEN SOLOMON,
Chairman.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 21st November, 1935, to 20th December, 1935, both days inclusive.

2108

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

SAVINGS BANK

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the rate of interest on Savings Bank Accounts will be reduced to 1 1/2 per cent. per annum with effect from 1st December, 1935. The rate of interest on Savings Bank Deposit Accounts will remain unchanged at 2 per cent., per annum.

A. McCULLOCH.
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 8th November, 1935.
2062

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of KANJI BHAGWANJI alias KANJI BHUGWANJI, a widower, cotton waste broker, residing in House No. 17, situate at Musjid Siding Road, late of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant. ..... Deceased.

SHIVJI KARSONDAS, one of the executors named in the Will, of Bombay Cutchi Lohana Hindu Inhabitant, a Merchant, residing at 16, Bhandari Cross Lane, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this 13th day of November, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty-five and in the Twenty-sixth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

R. B. PATEL.
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI.

The 13th day of November, 1935.
Messrs. THAKOREDAS & CO., Petitioners' Attorneys.
3129

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, LIMITED.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy No. 37715 on the life of Mr. A. J. Shah a dupilcate Policy will be issued unless objection is filed with us within one month from date.

(Sd.) J. M. CORDEIRO,
Secretary.

278, Hornby Road, Bombay.
Dated 20th November, 1935.
5199

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF CRACKERS, MATCHES, SOAPS, Etc.

Under instructions of the Acting Official Assignee of Bombay Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, 22nd November, 1935, at 3-0 p.m. (S.T.) the goods of the shop such as soaps, matches, etc., of insolvent Velji Jagjiwan and others at the shop opposite Round Temple, Sandhurst Road. Afterwards at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) the undersigned will sell by public auction, the crackers, soaps, etc.

Goods of the godown of the above insolvents opposite Nalbazar chowky.

25 per cent cash deposit required at the time of sale.

TO-DAY AUCTION SALE OF BOOT SHOP AT 52, CARNAC ROAD NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET.

By order of the Acting Official Assignee of Bombay, Messrs. Crawford & Co., will sell by public auction on Thursday 21st November, 1935, at 3-30 p.m. the goods of the above shop such as English Boots, Shoes, Sandals, Chapals, Laces, Canvas Cloth, Heels, Polishing materials and furniture of insolvent Nizamuddin Abdulla Thavar at 52, Carnac Road, opposite Police Office.

25 per cent cash deposit will be required.

CRAWFORD & CO.
Government Auctioneers.

BENNETT AND CO.

120, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF INTESTATE AND UNCLAIMED PROPERTIES.

Under instructions from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 23rd November, 1935, at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at the Police Commissioner's Office, opposite Arthur Crawford Market, all the Intestate and Unclaimed Properties, such as new and old clothes, utensils, jewellery, etc.

The above will be on view on the sale day and cash will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

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AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Yesterday at about 2-0 p.m. Mahadeo Govind age 50, fell from the verandah of his room at Kohinoor Mill Chawl, Naigaum.

It appears that he had been to hospital for chest complaint, and two hours after his return, he was attacked by a fit of coughing, and fell over the verandah.

He was removed to the hospital but expired a few hours later.

The body has been removed to the morgue and an inquest will be held to-morrow.

Wadilal Mohanlal Shah, residing at Lal Baug was brought to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital.

Wadilal was treated for a two-inch contusion on the left side of his head, which he is alleged to have received from a blow by a lathi.

It is stated that Wadilal was assaulted in the Kalbadevi Road at about 11-30 in the morning following an altercation.

It is understood, the police recorded a complaint of simple hurt; the offence is non-cognizable.

A verdict of "accidental death due to having been knocked down by some light engine" was the verdict recorded by the Coroner's Jury at the inquest held to-day, on the body of a Muslim later identified by his brother to be Lal Ismail.

On the evidence of Khandubhai Desai, a ticket collector on the B. B. & C. I. Rly., it appears that while he was travelling on a Down train from Matunga to Mahim, he saw a dead body lying between the two rails of the Down through line. Witness made a report to the Station Master at Mahim.

Abubakar Ismail in his evidence, stated that his brother (the deceased) was a labour cart driver and lived with him, and was in the habit of attending the Darga at Mahim.

5 Murder Cases For Sessions

The Fifth Criminal Sessions of the High Court commenced today, Sir John Beaumont, the Chief Justice presiding.

This is the second time that his lordship has taken up sessions work, the first occasion being in 1932.

There are 35 cases on the calendar of the current sessions. Among these there are five of murder, six of forgery, three of criminal breach of trust, two of rioting, one of theft of postal articles, one of causing grievous hurt to a public servant, and one of counterfeiting coins.

In the last mentioned case the accused, Fazle Ahmed Rahimbux, was previously tried at the last sessions, but Mr. Justice Tyabji, the presiding judge, disagreed with the jury's verdict of "not guilty" and ordered his re-trial.

Man Carried On Car Front For 25 Yards And Then Run Over

The harrowing experience of a milkman who was knocked down by a car, carried on its front for a distance of nearly 25 yards and then dropped down and run over was narrated by the Palton Road Police in applying for the remand of Mukhtar Ahmed Mubarak Hussein, a Muslim driver before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawalla, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, Esplanade.

But for the action of a tramway Inspector who sent a starter on the tram line and gave chase, the car, (No. Y 8104), the Police said, would never have been traced.

The incident happened on Monday at 6 a.m. The car was driving along Hornby Road towards Flora Fountain. When it approached the tram station at Bori Bunder, it struck the milkman going in the same direction from behind.

After running over the man the driver, it was alleged, proceeded at full speed as if nothing had happened.

A tram way Inspector who was on duty and was watching the scene sent a starter after the car which was followed to Bohra Masjid at Jijibhai Dadhibhai Street.

After some enquiries, the Police arrested the man at 11 a.m. yesterday. He was offered bail on a sum of Rs. 75, but he could not furnish the same.

Keshav Ram Brij Gokhale, the milkman, is lying now in the G. T. Hospital. He is suspected to have fractured his left leg.

Mubarak Hussein was ordered to be released on a bail of Rs. 60 for a period of 7 days.

COOLIE WOMAN KILLED AT BYCULLA

Coroner's Jury Urge Prosecution Of Shunting Master

Stated to have been sleeping under a wagon at about 11 a.m. yesterday, at Byculla Goods Depot at Siding No. 1, a Hindu woman age 35, Jijibai Dagdu was run over and killed.

Dagdu Kindaji, husband of the deceased, stated that he and deceased lived opposite Ambewadi, Kala Chowki, in Wanis Chawl. Yesterday at about 11 a.m. he received information that his wife had been killed under a train at Byculla Station Goods Yard.

Gangaram Shripati, a labourer, stated that yesterday he and deceased were unloading a wagon containing sand at the Byculla Station Yard, where they had been taken by their Mukadam Walli Mahomed Abba. They had unloaded a part of the wagon, the contents of which were carried away by a motor lorry, when deceased lay down across the railway track, with her head on the rails. She was on the same rails as the wagons. All of a sudden, witness heard the sound of the couplings, and looking at the wagons saw one of it go over the head of the deceased, completely smashing it.

The Coroner's Jury were of opinion that the shunting master Sayed Azamuddin, was negligent and recommended his prosecution under Section 304A I.P.C.

WOMAN HELPS TO CATCH THIEF

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Judah Daniel Israel (52) was arrested last evening by the Maharbourie Police on a charge of theft and produced before the Girgaum Court to-day.

He was remanded to Police custody till December 4, pending further enquiries.

A gold bar valued at about Rs. 118 was alleged to have been lifted cleverly by the accused from a jewellery shop in Falkland Road, which he had visited yesterday afternoon with the alleged purpose of buying three 'Mangal-Soothras' (sacred neck ornaments tied to the necklace of the Hindu bride at the time of marriage). He did not buy them, while pointing to another jewel, he is alleged to have lifted the gold bar.

A woman customer, who noticed this, raised an alarm and the Shroff of the shop chased and caught the accused. He was also able to recover the gold bar from the alleged culprit's hands.

The accused was arrested by the police who came on the scene later.

The District Traffic Superintendent, Madura Junction, S.I. Rly. wires to the "United Press" as follows:—

The line between Dindigul and Palni was restored, and through running upto Palni resumed at 10-35 hours of the date. The interruption between Palni and Pushpattur still continues.—United Press.

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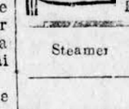

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Bombay Calling !

Tune In To VUB To Hear Churchill Speaking

Or Listen-In To Shakespeare's Classic --- Talks On Women And Home Safety --- Pirani's Pianoforte Recital --- And Other Musical Treats

On Friday the 22nd, VUB will broadcast rather an interesting item at 6 p.m. For half an hour they will relay excerpts from the Warner Brother's classic film "A Midsummer Night's Dream" direct from the sound track of the film as it runs in the Regal cinema. The talkie being an exceptionally good musical, the listeners will have a good treat for the ears.

Safety First Talk

This will be followed by Professor Gharpure's third Marathi talk on "Home Safety and Hygiene." The evening will close with some Gujarati songs, an Empire relay, Jal Tarang solos and Ken Mac's band.

On the 23rd there will, of course, be the running commentary on the Quadrangular final match at 11-30 and 3-30. In the evening there are interesting programmes for children in Marathi as well as English. S. K. Naique will give Marathi stories at 5-0 while Auntie Ella and Uncle Dick will amuse the English-knowing children at 5-30.

Then at 9-30 the same night Nissar Husain of Baroda is to give a recital of classic songs which will be simultaneously broadcast on short wave from 10 p.m.

Bai Sundarabai will open the programme on Sunday morning at 10-30 with some popular songs while the chief attraction in the evening will be the VUB Ensemble led by D. J. Pereira together with the Aaeolian Male Voice Quartet.

Vatsalabai Kumteker's light classical music at 9-10 p.m. will wind up the day's programme.

"Social Status Of Women"

Indian women seem to be coming into their own in the realm of broadcasting. And on 25th Mrs. Sudha Joshi will give a talk in Marathi on the "Social Status of Women"—an item that is sure to appeal to hundreds of women listeners in this presidency. After "India and the World," a 10-minute weekly survey, at 9-30 p.m. there will follow an hour and a half of European music—vocal and instrumental.

On 26th Arthur Silas will give his weekly "Do You Know"? talk at 7-45 p.m. and at 9-30 Bai Azambai of Kolhapur will entertain us with light classical songs.

Max Pirani's Piano Recital

On Wednesday the 27th we are promised a varied and interesting programme with something to interest every member of the family. "BETH" will give a talk at 5-30 p.m. on "Colour Schemes In the Modern Home," something that will not fail to attract the modern housewife. Then there are whole two hours full of Indian music. At 6-30 Mandoline Solos by Chowdhari followed by the Studio Orchestra with Bai Jamnabai winding it up with light vocal music. The same night A. G. A.• Norman's sports talk will be followed by a particularly noteworthy item —Max Pirani's pianoforte recital. He is to play some very classic tunes by such masters as Chopin, Schumann and Scarlatti.

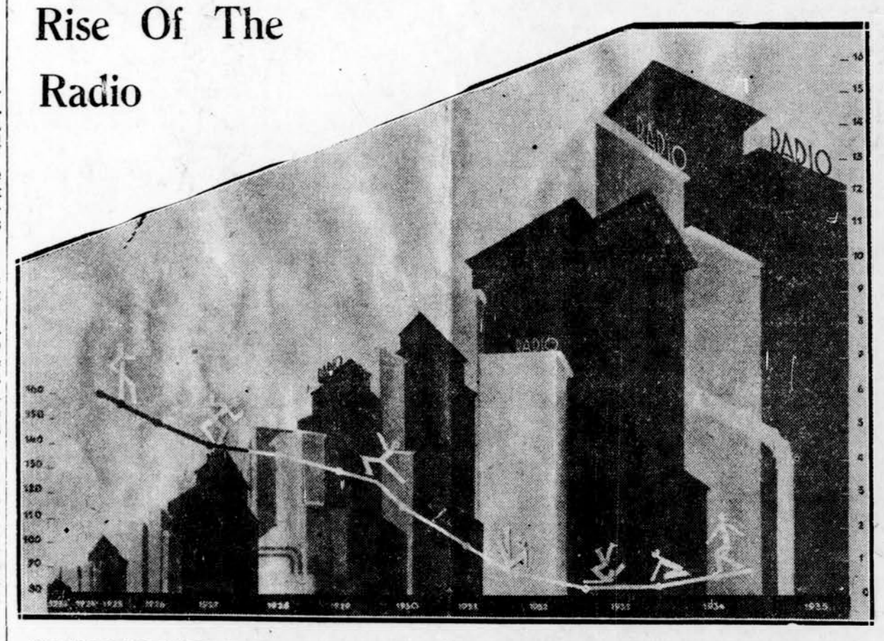
Churchill On War

On the 28th we have the rare opportunity of hearing our old friend, Winston Churchill. Those who have been fascinated, amused or infuriated by his speeches and writings on India would certainly like to hear this staunch Imperialist holding forth on "The Causes of War." This, of course, will be relayed for Indian listeners from a London programme. There is no need to get excited. He is still several thousand miles away from India.

In case Churchill doesn't interest you will perhaps like the soft melody of Mrs. Shivrani Ghose's songs to be broadcast the same night from 9-30 to 11-0 p.m. (and to be simultaneously broadcast on short wave from 10 to 11.)

THE WORLD OF WIRELESS

Rise Of The Radio



THOUGH THE CURVE OF THE WORLD'S ECONOMIC POSITION DROPPED CONTINUOUSLY, RADIO INDUSTRY HAS BEEN STEADILY GROWING AS THIS DRAWING FROM "PHILLIPS NEWS" ILLUSTRATES. THE FIGURES ON THE RIGHT ARE IN MILLIONS.

Russian Author's Play To Be Broadcast By B. B. C.

Anton Tcekov's "The Wedding" Will Be Heard On Nov. 28—Special Programmes For Kiddies—More Namesake Towns

(TRANSMISSIONS 1, 2, 3, 4 AND 5.)

The scene of "The Wedding," a farce by Anton Tchekov, which Transmission 5 listeners will hear on Thursday, November 28, at 11-0 p.m. G. M. T., is laid in a typical provincial setting in pre-war Russia, where the wedding of the daughter of a retired clerk is being celebrated. It is a delicate play upon the foibles and snobbery of these stolid provincial Russians and ultimately, of course, with a moral applicable to everyday life in any country at any time. It has been translated from the Russian by Constance Garnett.

Electrical recordings of "The Wedding" will be broadcast at the following times: Transmission 1—Saturday, November 30, at 8-30 a.m. G. M. T.; Transmission 2—Friday, December 6, at 11-15 a.m. G. M. T.; Transmission 3—Friday, November 29, at 2-0 p.m. G. M. T.; Transmission 4—Saturday, December 7, at 5-15 p.m. G. M. T.

"Young Ideas"

(TRANSMISSION 4.)

A weekly programme which Home listeners have been enjoying for some weeks past will be included for the first time in an Empire transmission on Friday, November 29, at 7-30 p.m. G. M. T. This will be "Young Ideas", an entertaining news reel for youth, consisting of news of the week, short stories, and a topical scientific talk. The whole is spiced with true adventure stories and brilliant pianoforte improvisations. "Young Ideas" is designed primarily to appeal to listeners between the ages of fourteen and eighteen, but there is abundant evidence that older "children" get equal enjoyment from what has become one of the most popular weekly features of the BBC's Home programmes.

For Young People

(TRANSMISSION 2.)

The main audience of the Children's Hour, which will have its second broadcast in the Empire programmes in Transmission 2 on Saturday, November 30, at 12-0 p.m. G. M. T., consists of children of 9, 10, and 11, but many others listen too, thousands of adults among them. Requests for its inclusion in the Empire programmes have come from many parts of the world, but especially from India and Ceylon to which the broadcast is specially directed.

Eleven years ago the Children's Hour was the happy inspiration of one of the founders of broadcasting who constituted himself an "Uncle" and amused the children for half an hour or so. It is no longer left to momentary inspiration as people have demanded a higher and higher standard. It is now a programme complete in itself, though of a very special character suited to a particular type of audience, young in years and mind.

More Namesake Towns

(TRANSMISSION 2, 3, 4 AND 5.)

Three months ago Captain L. J. D. Gavin, editor of "Our Empire," gave a talk in the BBC Empire programmes in which he revealed some of the many examples or similarity of place names throughout the Empire. In the time available for his talk Captain Gavin could only introduce this interesting subject to listeners, mentioning the more obvious examples such as the ten Londons and the eighty-four Victorias. He will come to the microphone for a second talk on Thursday, November 21, at 2-45 p.m. G. M. T., when he will deal specifically with Canadian similarities.

From Hastings, New Zealand, a listener to Captain Gavin's last talk wrote: "I got a real thrill when you mentioned my own town —Hastings . . . We in New Zealand have a great love for the old land. Everything that tends to create a bond with England should be fostered and I feel there is something in a name after all." Enclosed with this letter was a packet of sand, said to have been blown 40 miles inland during the disastrous earthquake of 1931.

Electrical recordings of the talk will be broadcast as follows: Transmission 2—Saturday, November 23, at 12-0 p.m. G. M. T.; Transmission 4—Tuesday, November 26, at 7-45 p.m. G. M. T.; Transmission 5—Thursday, November 28, at 12-0 a.m. G. M. T.

Unusual Radio "Stars"

The Lion Who Almost Achieved Universal Fame

(By a RADIO CORRESPONDENT)

Many unusual broadcasters have visited the BBC studios at some time or another. Sea lions, snakes, dogs, parrots have all faced the microphone. Overseas listeners will remember that Captain C.W.R. Knight quite recently brought a live eagle to the studios at Broadcasting House when he broadcast a talk in the Empire programmes. Molly, a twelve-year-old Bolivian macaw, has now been added to the list of unusual BBC broadcasters. Her exploits, including her arrest by the local police on no fewer than four occasions, have made her notorious in the southern suburbs of Manchester. Her master treats her as he might a dog or a cat, giving her the freedom of the garden, the house, and the street. Trips to all parts of Manchester—often by 'bus sitting beside the driver—are commonplace occurrences. Her master takes her absences for granted, provided they do not exceed a day; then he rings up the police who all too often have her in custody. Molly, in fact would appear to be a most unusual bird.

POILU THE LION

Writing of Molly the macaw reminds us of Poilu the lion. The files of the BBC contain many thousands of letters, the signatures to some of which would turn autograph hunters green with envy. The variety of names in this correspondence is rivalled only by the variety of subjects. Recent research among the correspondence of early days revealed the story of Poilu, "the lion who nearly broadcast." The demand for Poilu's services as a broadcaster came when an Empire Day programme was under consideration and someone had suggested that the Imperial spirit would be suitably symbolised by the roaring of a lion. In those days broadcasters were sticklers for veracity; they must have a genuine lion: no gramophone record or product of the Effects studio would suffice. In reply to a tentative letter from the BBC, the owner of the menagerie replied that he could supply "a suitable lion and I feel certain that he can be made to 'growl,' but I do not think 'roar,' as lions only 'roar' when the mood takes them."

Despite the uncertainty as to Poilu's roaring capacity, he was accepted as a broadcaster, but the cautious owner wrote "It must be clearly understood that should we, through no fault of ours, be unable to move this lion from his wagon cage into the den, you have no claim of any sort against me. It is very difficult to move such an animal against his will." He was also a proud owner. for he made an additional condition that "a note be sent to the Press that the lion used was 'my' lion." The BBC suggested that "it should be possible to get the lion upstairs to the studio, as it cannot be more difficult to move him than to move a grand piano." This suggestion, however, was not ac-

(Continued in Col. 1).

HENRY FORD FASCINATED BY RADIO WONDER

While on a recent visit to Schenectady, Henry Ford, automobile manufaturer was fascinated by a demonstration of the power of radio to link the automobile on a city street or country highway with cities far across the horizon. Riding in the front seat of the General Electric Company's newest police radio test car Mr. Ford talked by radiophone with his manager in the Argentine.

When his representative in Buenos Aires inquired when he was coming down, Mr. Ford replied:

"Oh, I don't know. Maybe some time. But why should I travel such long distances when I can talk to you by radio with such ease as I am speaking here to-night in the radio police car."

HEARS HIMSELF

After finishing his talk with the Manager, the operator at LSX, Buenos Aires, rebroadcast the short-wave signal from W2XAF, Schenectady, enabling Mr. Ford to hear himself talking over a distance of 12,000 miles, 6,000 miles each way. His words came back in the twinkle of an eye; in fact so quickly that there was not the slightest resemblance to an echo of his voice.

"That's remarkable. It takes no time at all for the voice to go 12,000 miles," Mr. Ford observed.

He intimated that considerable time might be saved by a busy executive if his automobile was radio-equipped so that he could spend the time driving from home to office with telephone calls reaching him from various points.

The Schenectady test car's radio apparatus was developed by General Electric Engineers for the Boston Police Department reported to be the first city in America to adopt two-way radio patrol cars. The outfit operates on about 7 meters and being a 15-watt set the signals cover about ten miles, within range of the powerful relay station W2XAF. The transmitter is in the trunk and a short pole on the rear of the car is the transmitting aerial.

The receiver is much like any radio instrument It is mounted under the cowl, and the antenna concealed in the roof of the car is used for reception. An ordinary French type telephone is mounted on the instrument panel of the car.

"PAVING HIGHWAYS WITH MELODY"

Automobile sets made their appearance about five years ago. Many in the industry were sceptical that radio could "pave the highways with melody," but it has and according to the statistics of the Radio Manufacturers Association, it is believed 1,250,000 automobile radios will be sold in 1935. This compares with about 700,000 auto radios in 1934.

Radio and the automobile are now so definitely linked that even the most sanguine predictions have been surpassed. The idea of listening while driving has "caught," and five years of use is said to have proved that the broadcasts picked up on the roads are no hazards to traffic, according to the Radio Manufacturers Association.

Bridge Across Oceans

Rival Team Sit On Tables 6,000 Miles Apart

Two four-man bridge teams representing the United States and the Argentine met "over a bridge table 6,000 miles across" on the night of Nov. 1. An American four played against a team representing the Jockey Club of Buenos Aires, with short-wave radio stations in North and South America carrying the bidding and playing back and forth between the two extremes as the contest progressed.

The international match was a co-operative venture, the principal parties to it being the short-wave station W2XAF, at Schenectady, on 31.48 metres; Station LSX of Trans-radio International, at Buenos Aires, on 28.98 metres; the Jockey Club, and the Culbertson organization. Bridge luminaries of both continents participated either as player or as members of the dealing committees. Play proceeded from both Schenectady and Buenos Aires, and a listener tuned in to either of the short-wave stations received a complete account of the contest, hearing the voices of all participating players and of the officials.

November was selected as the most satisfactory month in which to play since it marks a point early in the Winter season in this country and one just prior to Summer weather in Buenos Aires.

RADIO MYSTERY SHORT WAVES

An expert of the Danish Broadcasting Company is to examine a mysterious house situated at a lone spot near the small town of Hobol. Passersby, including the local constable, state that, although there is no radio receiver within a mile of the house, the Oslo programmes can be heard emanating from the slates all day long. At night, presumably because the roof is unselective, a number of foreign programmes are heard simultaniously.

The expert's solution of the mystery is being awaited with interest.

(Continued from Col. 3).

cepted and it was arranged that Poilu should broadcast from a yard at Savoy Hill.

HOPES FRUSTRATED

Yet another letter from the lion owner enclosing "photograph of myself and lion" disclosed further details of Poilu's sensational career. Returning from France in a torpedo boat destroyer, "the animal was almost washed overboard by rough seas, the force of the waves dashing in the sides of its cage." After such experiences the mere business of being "eased" upstairs like a grand piano should have held no terrors for Poilu!

Alas, poor Poilu, noble exile from the forest, terror of the trenches, his hopes of fame were too soon dashed to the ground. A few days after the conclusion of the arrangements for his debut a telegraphist in London was tapping out the fearful words "Please cancel all arrangements in connexion with lion. Writing." The BBC had been "reluctantly forced to this decision on account of various considerations both in regard to the uncertainty about the lion performing and also for policy reasons which had not been fully envisaged when the suggestion was first made." What were the reasons of policy does not transpire in this momentous correspondence. Perhaps the BBC was afraid that Poilu would eat an announcer and awkward questions be asked in the House.

NO PLACE FOR RADIO

A NEW threat to broadcasting is suggested by the news that the Spanish town of Toledo has been declared by the Government to be "historic," and, therefore, to be left in as close a state as possible to its aspect in the Middle Ages. Radio enthusiasts are hardest hit, for it is decreed that all aerials must be concealed, these being an anachronism in the mediaval landscape.

NOVEL BANDIT ALARM

A Radio firm in Walla Walla, Washington, is seeking a licence from the Federal Communications Commission for a novel radio bandit alarm. A bandit enters a bank flourishing a revolver, whereupon the cashier, simulating cowardice, pushes over a pile of coins which he offers to the marauder. The action releases an autimatic switch held down by the pile of coins, sets a miniature radio transmitter in operation, and warns all the police cars in the vicinity.

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Parsis Dismissed For 224

(Continued from Page 12).

Gymkhana end. Palia got him away to leg and hoisted 70 on board. Godambe had a leg trap set for Palia who was scoring mostly on the leg but the Parsi left-hander refused to be caught napping.

Ramaswami was given another opportunity to bowl, this time from the Bori Bunder end relieving the Hindu skipper. Contractor square cut him to the boundary and sent the score upto 80. Another change in the bowling was now wrung, Bannerjee taking over from Ramaswami. When the teams adjourned for lunch the Parsis had scored 83 for the loss of 4 wickets. Palia had 36 to his credit and Contractor 17.

PLAY AFTER LUNCH

Bannerjee and Godambe were given the attack when play was resumed after lunch.

Two confident appeals for l.b.w. by Bannerjee were denied and Palia raised the total to 90 by hitting to the leg boundary. The first ball of Godambe's second over saw the dismissal of Palia who was caught behind the stumps by Hindlekar. Palia played a useful innings contributing 43 runs to the total.

The dismissal of Palia seemed to cast a gloom in the Parsi tents as a "follow-on" was now almost difficult to avoid.

D. R. Havewala partnered Contractor and played out the rest of Godambe's over. Havewala broke his duck by placing Godambe through the gully for 4 and got another 2 in the country.

Century Hoisted

Contractor sent up the century for the Parsis by square cutting Bannerjee for 2. Lallsingh sprinting down the field saved the boundary.

Amarnath took over from Bannerjee when the score stood at 104. Havewala attempting a big hit was caught at cover by C. K. Nayudu (109-6-12).

Total Reaches 120.

J. M. Bhaya filled in the breach and with Contractor raised the total to 110. After a spell of 20 minutes, Contractor turned Amarnath to the leg boundary for 4. With a neat drive to the on-boundary Bhaya hoisted 120 and then he stepped out and punished a "no ball" off Godambe.

The strain of 24 overs was beginning to tell on Godambe and the skipper replaced him by bringing on Ramaswami. Bhaya with a late cut sent 130 on board. At long leg Contractor gave an easy catch to Lall Singh who let the ball fall through his hands. Contractor had scored 33 runs. The Hindu fielding was beginning to slacken and the changes wrung in the bowling had no effect. Bhaya despatched C. S. Nayudu who took over from Amarnath to the leg-boundary and 140 was telegraphed. Bannerjee dropped Contractor at short slips again off C. S. Nayudu but Gadambe made no mistake when Contractor skied one from C. S. Nayudu and was dismissed for 37. (144-7-37)

Ramaswami's Success.

J. Khote came out to partner Bhaya. The South Indian bowler got his victim in Bhaya who in attempting to turn a straight one was caught by Godambe. Bhaya gave a good display for his 19. (144—8—19).

Palsetia joined Khote and had Nagarwala as runner, and his first hit was a boundary.

Palsetia Dropped

Palsetia opened his shoulders and drove C. S. Nayudu to the ropes hoisting 150 on board. The next ball would have seen his dismissal but Amarnath dropped a high one in the country.

One sixty was signalled when Palsetia who was hitting all round the wicket sent Ramaswami to leg for 2. Khote followed the example of Palsetia and stepping out to Nayudu drove him to the Muslim tent for 4 and 170 was telegraphed.

Runs Come Rapidly

The monotony of the game was relieved by the batsmen who were gathering runs at a rapid pace. Godambe took over from Ramaswami and his first ball was despatched to the boundary by Khote.

Bannerjee relieved C. S. Nayudu at the Bori Bunder end. One hundred and eighty was now signalled when Knote turned Bannerjee to leg for 3. Both batsmen were hitting out freely and had added 50 runs. Another boundary off Palsetia's bat and 190 was telegraphed.

Palsetia in attempting a mighty swipe missed and got back in time. The next ball he hit straight into the hands of M. M. Naidu at long on and he dropped it. The ball rolled on to the boundary amidst loud cheering from the stands and 200 was hoisted.

Khote then drove Amarnath who took over from Bannerjee past Lall Singh to the boundary. He turned the next one to leg for 4 and 210 was telegraphed.

Crowd In Happy Mood

The crowd was now in a very happy mood and they applauded for all they were worth as the batsmen treated the bowling with scant respect. Khote then hooked Godambe to the leg boundary for 4. The running between the wickets was very good and they got a number of snort ones.

At 218 Palsetia hit Godambe to the country and M. M. Naidu atoned for his last dismal display by making no mistake. Palsetia had scored 38 and carried the score from 144 to 218 hitting 5 boundaries. (218-9-38).

Jamshedji came in last and had not scored, leaving Khote to do the good work. Khote added another 4 to send 220 on board. The next ball saw the dismissal of Khote who was smartly stumped by Hindlekar.

Khote had scored 38 and hit 5 boundaries. The Parsi innings came to a close at 4 p.m. for 224

HINDUS' 2ND INNINGS

At 4-15 p.m. Hindleker and Bose came out to open the second innings of the Hindus.

Havewala was in charge of the leather at the Gymkhana end. A confident appeal for l.b.w. was disallowed. Vajifdar bowled from the other end to Hindlekar who broke his duck with a single and Bose did the same with the next ball.

When the score had reached 8, Kapadia missed an easy chance of having Bose run out. Bose celebrated the chance by despatching Havewala to the leg boundary and sending the first decade on board. Hindleker hooked Havewala to the boundary for 4 and 20 was signalled.

Jamshedji relieved his captain when the Hindu total had reached 25. He sent down a maiden over to Bose. In the next over of Havewala, the partnership was broken up, Hindlekar being given out l.b.w. (25—1—10).

S. Bannerjee joined Bose. The Bengalee pair gradually took the score to 30. Bose in attempting a short run was dismissed by Havewala who returned the ball with dead accuracy to the wicket (31—2—15).

Bannerjee greeted M. M. Naidu's arrival at the crease by despatching Havewala to the boundary and repeated the stroke sending 40 on board.

Vajifdar's Great Catch.

Bannerjee was snapped up by Vajifdar who fell full length in the attempt. The Umpire Wali Ahmed who was appealed to by Jamshedji appeared to be in doubt and Umpire Horton who was at the batsman's end gave his decision against Bannerjee (40—3—10).

Merchant who is indisposed and had not come to field was unable to bat and C. K. Nayudu came out. Soon after the skipper's arrival M. M. Naidu was well held by Nagarwala, who made a wonderful running catch (42-4-1).

Amarnath joined his captain and Vajifdar took charge of the attack from Havewalla. Amarnath opened his score with 2 runs by placing Vajifdar past Jamshedji and the next ball he guided to leg for 2. When stumps were drawn for the day the Hindus had scored 49 for the loss of 4 wickets.

PARSIS (First Innings)

B. E. Kapadia c Amarnath, b Godambe	4
N. D. Nagarwalla c Amarnath b C. S. Nayudu	10
S. H. Colah c Bannerjee b Godambe	6
P. Palia c Hindlekar, b Godambe	43
H. J. Vajifdar (Capt.) run out	5
H. N. Contractor batting	21
Havewalla c C. K. Nayudu, b Amarnath	12
Palsetia c M. M. Naidu, b Godambe	38
J. Khote st. Hindlekar, b Godambe	38
R. Jamshedji, not out	0
Bhaya c Godambe, b Ramaswami	19
Extras	12
Total	224

Fall of Wickets:—1 for 5; 2 for 17; 3 for 31; 4 for 43; 5 for 90; 6 for 109;

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
*S. R. Godambe	27.5	11	70	5
S. Bannerjee	16	4	34	0
L. Amarnath	15	6	21	1
C. S. Nayudu	10	2	47	2
Y. S. Ramaswami	11	1	34	1
C. K. Nayudu	2	1	6	0

*1 No Ball.

HINDUS (2nd Innings)

K. Bose, run out	15
Hindlekar b Havewala	10
S. Bannerjee c Vajifdar b Jamshedji	10
M. M. Naidu c Nagarwalla b Vajifdar	1
C. K. Nayudu (Capt.) batting	5
L. Amarnath, batting	4
Extras	4
Total (for 4 wkts.)	49

Fall of Wickets:—1 for 25; 2 for 31, 3 for 40; 4 for 49;

MUBARAK ALI'S DENIAL

LAHORE, Nov. 20.

Interviewed by the Associated Press regarding the latest development in the situation arising out of Mr. Mubarak Ali's further participation in the Quadrangular Cricket Tournament in Bombay, Mr. H. L. O. Garret, Principal, Government College, Lahore, said that their position was clear and Mr. Mubarak would do well if he returned before November 24. He added that he received this morning a telegram from Mubarak Ali who is still in Bombay which runs as follows:—

"Willing start immediately, detained by Sir Ibrahim Rahimtullah, President, Islam Gymkhana and Secretary, Bombay Cricket Association, who inform me that they have interceded. Grateful allow stay.—Mubarak."

The Principal in reply wired:—"My orders stand. Reach Lahore before 24th November."

When his attention was drawn to the reports appearing in certain papers that Mr. Mubarak Ali had been granted permission to play in the Quadrangular final by the College authorities, the Principal said that the news was without foundation.—A.P.

AUSSIES IN KARACHI

(From Our Correspondent).

KARACHI, Nov. 20.

The Australian cricket team who left Ajmer on the evening of 17th instant reached Karachi, this morning, via Delhi and Lahore. They all said they were happy to have seen the end of their long three days' journey through the deserts of Rajputana and Sind. The team were received at the Karachi Cantonment Station by Col. C. B. Ruble, President, Sind Cricket Association, and members of the Reception Committee.

The tourists are having two days' much-needed rest before commencing their three-day fixture against Sind on Friday.

Bahadur Kapadia and Nagarwalla who opened the Parsi innings.

MOTOR DRIVER JAILED

Rash And Negligent Driving On Juhu Road Proved

(From A Correspondent.)

BANDRA, Nov. 20.

The curtain rang down on the Juhu road accident case when Rao Bahadur Naik, City Magistrate of the Bandra Police court, sentenced Tukaram Raghu Kadam, a motor driver, to Rs. 100 fine for rash and negligent driving, or in default, to undergo rigorous imprisonment for one month and a half, and Rs. 20 for breach of the Motor Vehicles Act, or, in default, 15 days' further R.I.

Kadam preferred jail to fine.

It will be recalled that on October 7, Tukaram Raghu Kadam, driving a private motor car in a rash and negligent manner, dashed against a victoria containing three passengers going along the Juhu Road. Among one of the passengers was Dr K. K. Thaker of Vacola.

Kadam, after this accident, did not stop his car, but drove it very furiously, and disappeared.

Sub-Inspector Sheikh Abdul Kader of Santa Cruz, who was entrusted with the conduct of the enquiries, managed to trace the absconding driver with the help of a very slender clue, which was only a rim of the head lamp. All credit of this enquiry goes to this police officer, who investigated this affair.

PRESS AND BANK FOR DIGAMBAR JAINS

Indore Conference Decision

INDORE, Nov. 19.

The 40th session of the All-India Digambar Jain Conference concluded to-day under the presidency of Seth Bhagchand Soni.

The Conference unanimously decided to start a Jain Bank and a Jain Co-operative Press with branches all over the country and appointed a committee with Seth Bhagchand Soni as Chairman to safeguard the political interests of Jains in the coming Indian constitution.—A.P.

A well-attended public meeting was held at Nasik on Monday evening to mourn the death of Mr G. K Devadhar. The meeting adopted a resolution of condolence at the untimely death of Mr Devadhar.

NEW L.B.W. RULE WILL BE TRIED AGAINST INDIA

M.C.C. Allots Three Days For First Two Tests

LONDON, Nov. 19.

At the meeting of the Advisory County Committee held at Lord's this evening, the arrangements for the All-India Cricket tour were agreed upon. The chief item on the agenda was the allotting of three days for the first two tests and if neither side gained any advantage, the third will be scheduled for four days.

The price of admission to the tests will be half a crown, and the Committee unanimously decided to continue the experimental leg before rule during the coming cricket season. It will apply to all matches with India, who has been asked to accept it.

The recent South African tour showed a profit of £16,038.—Reuter.

(Continued from Col. 7).

fore he had scored a single run, he offered an easy catch to Amarnath near the Islam Gymkhana tent. But the latter failed to hold him. The bowler to suffer was C. S. Naidu. This mistake turned out to be a very costly one, as Palsetia went on to accumulate 37 runs. M.M. Naidu caught him at his third chance after missing him at the second, but at the same total, Godambe being the bowler on both occasions. At this stage the Parsi tail wagged vigorously indeed. Seventy runs were compiled in about 35 minutes. Khot, the ninth man in, was playing a dashing game, and kept excellent company with Bhaya and Palsetia. His 38 were collected in fine style, until he was stumped by Hindlekar off Godambe. It is surprising to note that, while the first six wickets of the Parsis could but collect 109 runs only, the last four contributed 115 runs between them, which is a very creditable performance for the tail.

Godambe's Excellent Performance.

The bowling honours of the day went to Godambe, whose analysis of 27.5 overs, 11 maidens, 70 runs and 5 wickets tell their own tale. The analysis of the other bowlers are no correct indications of the true strength of their bowling. The four catches dropped during the day marred their effects. The Hindu ground fielding was decidedly of the best, although Lall Singh came in for a certain amount of barracking for his comparative slackness. The Hindus will have to bring out their best in both of these departments to snatch away the match from the hands of the Parsis to-day.

Bose Amazed!

With a lead of 57 runs, the Hindus entered into their second venture. Bose and Hindlekar, their opening batsmen, played Havewalla and Vajifdar confidently. After half an hour's play, Hindlekar was bowled by Havewalla for 10 runs, the total being 30. Bose exhibited some fine cuts and by glances and appeared to be set for a good score. But to his amazement, he found himself declared run-out, Havewalla having noticed him out of the crease, took the balls off instead of bowling to the other end. This is perhaps the first time in the history of Quadrangular Cricket that a batsman has been so shrewdly dismissed by a bowler. Scoreboard read two wickets down for 31 runs. To add to the nervousness of the Hindus their Skipper changed the batting order and sent in Banerji and M. M. Naidu to be returned to the pavilion one after the other. This has brought the exciting position in the match—four wickets down for 42 runs. Naidu (Capt.) and Amarnath are now in possession of the wickets with 5 and 4 runs to their respective credit.

IMPRESSIONS OF THE QUADRANGULAR

Oscillating Fortune In Hindu-Parsi Contest

By J. C. Maitra

In the Hindu-Parsi contest, Fortune has been oscillating pretty violently in favour of one community or the other in different periods of the match. On Tuesday, the Hindus lost their first two wickets for 30 runs, then the total was raised to 155 for the third wicket. After losing two more wickets at 193, they carried on the aggregate to 240 without further loss. At this stage, the Hindus were looking forward to a large figure at the end of the innings. But Fortune swung again to the side of the Parsis and presented them with a set of five wickets for an addition of 41 runs only.

Palia & Contractor's Brave Stand.

Yesterday the tale was still more exciting than it was on the previous day. The Parsis commenced their innings in such a deplorable fashion that they had lost four wickets for the meagre collections of 43 runs. A brave stand at this juncture by Palia and Contractor saw the total at 83 by the time the lunch-interval arrived. But within half an hour after the resumption, two more wickets fell with the scoreboard showing 109 runs for 6 wickets. Upto that period the Hindu bowling and fielding were fairly tight and sharp. Some optimists were even expecting a follow-on for the Parsis. But enterprising batting on the part of the remaining Parsi batsmen coupled with three expensive dropped catches by fielders like Lall Singh, Amarnath and M.M. Naidu, helped the Parsis to compile the figure of 224 at the end of their innings. The margin deficit was, therefore, reduced to 57 runs only.

Positions Still Exciting.

The Hindus entered into their second venture with comfortable hope of winning the match. But the end of the day found them in no safer position than they were on Tuesday evening. Four wickets down for 49 runs, even though they have a lead of 57 runs in the first innings, cannot be called a rosy prospect. Fate now hangs in the balance. If C.K. Naidu, Amarnath, Vijay Merchant, Lall Singh and C.S. Naidu stand up boldly against the bowling of Jamshedji and Vajifdar and add a respectable number to the outstanding account, then only the Hindu chances will become bright. Otherwise, the Parsis who are reputed for their grit and pluck are likely to emerge triumphant out of the ordeal, especially because the Hindu bowling does not seem to show the devil or the wile that is in them.

Nagarwalla's Stolid Innings.

As was expected, Banerji and Amarnath opened the attack on behalf of the Hindus. Bahadur Kapadia and Nagarwalla treated them both with great respect, so much so that all the three overs of the latter remained unproductive. The arrival of Godambe in place of the Punjab bowler, spelt disaster for the Parsis. With his third ball he had Kapadia neatly held by Amarnath in the slips. The score was then 5 after 25 minutes' play. Colah, when stepped in next, should have been sent back straightway, but Godambe put him on the floor. Banerji being the bowler to suffer. The first decade was registered at the 33rd minute of play. Colah did not survive the escape long. Banerji held him safely when he offered the second chance off Godambe. Nagarwalla and Palia, who were playing stolidly, the former for 75 minutes at wickets, were separated at the scoreboard showing 31: Nagarwalla being tempted to hit out C.S. Naidu. In his second ball he was easily caught by Amarnath at mid-off.

Vajifdar Taken by Surprise.

Then Vajifdar was taken by surprise by a smart throw from C.K. Naidu and failed to return to his crease before Hindlekar took the bails off. The dismissal of the Parsi Captain in this manner and at this critical juncture caused a good deal of consternation and disappointment among the Parsis. But Palia and Homi Contractor made a determined effort to collar the Hindu bowling. The rate of scoring was so slow that the first 50 was hoisted after 75 minutes' play.

When Godambe was relieved after continuous bowling for 65 minutes, and bowling was changed several times during the last half hour before lunch, the Parsi pair opened their shoulders to collect nearly 40 runs. They punished Ramaswamy, the googlie bowler, mercilessly. Fifteen minutes after the lunch-interval, Palia succumbed to a catch behind the wickets by Hindlekar off Godambe. Undoubtedly, he played the best innings for his side in a stay of 97 minutes at the wickets, his contribution of 43 runs, which was about half of the total when he was out, stands the highest among his ranks.

Best Six Out for 109.

The Parsis announced their first century after their innings had been in progress for 155 minutes. At 109 Havewalla gave away his wicket to Amarnath, C. K. Naidu bringing off a fine catch at mid-off. Bhaya joined Contractor and the score began to mount up steadily. At 140 Lall Singh, who was not showing as brilliantly in fielding as he was doing before, dropped a catch near the square-leg boundary offered by Contractor off Ramaswamy. Four runs later, however, this Parsi batsman submitted his wicket to C.S. Naidu, Godambe having made no mistake in holding him. Contractor had also played a sterling game for his 37, which in truth, turned the tide of Parsi misfortune. Godambe brought off another catch in the next over off Ramaswamy to dismiss Bhaya, the diminutive Indore player at the same total, for 19.

Parsi Tail Wagged Vigorously.

Palsetia came out next with Nagarwalla as runner for him. Be-

(Continued in Col. 5).

NEW HOPE FOR EXHAUSTED MEN AND WOMEN.

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City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Kartak Vad 11, 1992
Muslim: Shaban 24 1351
Parsi: Khordad 16, 1305
Hightide: 7-53 21-31
Lowtide: 1-49 14-46
Sunrise: 6h 49m
Sunset: 6h 0m

Quadrangular Cricket Tournament: Hindus v. Parsi, Esplanade Maidan, 10-45 a.m.

S. S. "Strathaird" with mails from London of Nov. 7 due at 1 p.m.

Municipal Corporation, 3-10 p.m.; Special meeting, 3-55 p.m.

Indian Salon of Photographic Art Exhibition, Town Hall, 5 p.m. to 8 p.m.

Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society, anniversary meeting, Governor and Lady Brabourne attending Town Hall, 5-30 p.m.

Standing Committee of Municipal Corporation at 2 p.m. (B.T.)

FRIDAY, November 22.

Indian Salon of Photographic Art Exhibition, Town Hall, 5 p.m. to 8 p.m.

SATURDAY, November 23.

S. S. Strathmore, with English mails, sails at 1 p.m.

Bombay Races: Winter Meeting, Second Day.

Indian Salon of Photographic Art Exhibition, Town Hall, 5 p.m. to 8 p.m.

ARYA SAMAJ LECTURE

Swami Omkar Satchitanand will deliver a public lecture on "Prayer of God" at the Arya Samaj Mandir, Kalbadevi Road, (Cow Lane), to-day (Thursday) at 7 p.m.

M. R. FREE DISPENSARY

The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedbhoy Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road for the week ending 16th November was 339; of these 217 were men and 122 women.

POSTAL NOTICE

Superscribed mails for Jedda (Hedjaz) per s.s. 'Alavi' via Karachi will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5-30 p.m. on Friday the 22nd instant.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O S K steamer 'Iwatesan Maru' left Colombo on November 18 and is due to arrive in Bombay on November 22.

BOMBAY BRANCH ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

The 131st anniversary meeting of the Society will be held at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Thursday) in the Society's Rooms, Town Hall, His Excellency the Governor of Bombay will preside.

ANDHRA BHAGAVATAR IN BOMBAY

Mr. P. Bhamara Das, the Andhra Bhagavatar of Gramophone fame, arrived in the City on November 18 after a tour of Madras, Mysore, Rangoon and Calcutta. Mr. Das intends to stay in the City for a few days during which time the local Andhra Mahasabha proposes to arrange a series of his 'Kalakshepams.'

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Once she had sick headaches, bad complexion, no appetite. Now she's bright and smiling because she's clean inside. Regularly she takes Beecham's Pills—that's the secret.

Purely Vegetable

Beecham's PILLS

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

PATHE—"The Crusades" Daily at 3-30 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
REGAL—"Bonnie Scotland" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Bright Lights" Daily at 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jawani-Ki-Hawa" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Painted Sin" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Devdas" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
WEST END—"Noor-e-Vatan" Time as usual.
WELLINGTON—"Let's Live To-night" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Mithi Nazar" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bridegrooms Wanted" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Devil Tiger" Time as usual.
EXCELSIOR—"The Students' Romance." Time as usual.
EDWARD—"Mystery Mountain"; Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

11-30 noon. Running Commentary on the Quddrangular Cricket Tournament. 1 p.m. Available market rates. Indian Programme. Gramophone records. European Programme. 1-30 p.m. The Band of H.M.'s Grenadier Guards. Norman Allin, Bass. 2 p.m. Close down 3-45 p.m. Running Commentary on the Quadrangular Cricket Tournament. 5 p.m. Selected Gramophone records. European Programme. 5-30 p.m. Relay of music from Capitol Cinema. 6-30 p.m. Aldous Huxley on 'The Causes of War.' 6-45 p.m Symphony Concert. 1. Arthur Schnabel and the London Symphony Orchestra. 1st Movement, Allegro. 2nd Movement, Adagio. 3rd Movement, Rondo. 2. The New York Philharmonic Orchestra. (The 'Clock' Symphony) Haydn. 1st Movement, Allegro. 2nd Movement, Adagio. 3rd Movement, Scherzo. 4th Movement, Finale. 3. The Boston Symphony Orchestra. 'Bolero' Ravel. 8 p.m. A Review of Gramophone records. By Wilfrid Russell. The News. 8-45 p.m. Weather Report. News Bulletin and Commercial News. Indian Programme. 9-30 p.m Light music. Miss Anwarbai of Amritsar. With Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla. 11 p.m. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. The Imperial Hotel Orchestra, directed by Russell Smythe, Relayed from the Imperial Hotel, Blackpool. 8-15 p.m. "Some More Namesake Towns of the Empire." A talk by Captain L. J. D. Gavin. 8-30 p.m. The Band of His Majesty's Royal Marines, Plymouth Division conducted by Captain F. J. Ricketts, Director of Music, Royal Marines, Foster Munley (Baritone). Relayed from the Abbey Hall, Plymouth. 9-30 p.m. West Country Gazetter. A periodical issued by county edition. 10-15 p.m. News. 10-30 p.m. Close down.

ADULT EDUCATION

Professor P. A Wadia will meet his students in Political Theory to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. in the South Wing, University Building.

Professor Rev. Fr. J. Duhr will meet his students in German to-day (Thursday) at 7 p.m. in the St. Xavier's College.

LATE A. G SAWANT

The Secretary, Maratha S. Samaj writes:—

"Mr. A. G. Sawant, the Joint Secretary, of the Maratha Shikshnottejaka Samaja, Grant Road, Bombay died of fever on November 16 in the Congress Hospital leaving behind him his wife and three children and numerous friends to mourn his sudden demise. He was a social worker and was instrumental in bringing the Maratha S. Samaja into existence."

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL

Lieut. Commander M. W. Ewart-Wentworth and Lieut. Commander W. J. Clowes lunched at Government House on Wednesday.

Lady Brabourne opened the Health Visitors' Institute in the Nagpada Neighbourhood House Compound on Wednesday.

The Governor of Bombay dined with the Members of the Bombay Club on Wednesday.

PATHE

Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
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3rd GREAT WEEK

CECIL B. DeMILLE'S

The Crusaders

Don't miss this opportunity of seeing the most magnificent film of the decade.

See Saladin the Conqueror against 30 mighty kings of Europe.

10,000 players, 3,500 horses, balls of fire hurled by Giant Catapults.

EARLIER CINEMA SHOWS

Necessitated By Refusal Of Railway To Run Late Trains

The Hon. Secretaries of the Passengers and Traffic Relief Association write:

The attention of the Passengers and Traffic Relief Association was drawn to the inconvenience caused to suburban passengers who desired to visit last cinema shows which usually begin from 10 p.m.

The B. B. and C. I. Railway were requested by the Association to start their last train Andheri Local at a later hour than at present, so as to enable cinema-goers to take advantage of this train, but the Company has expressed its inability to accede to the request of the Association.

It is also complained that the time for the last show is too late and inconvenient for everybody. The Association, therefore, approached the Cinema Trade Association to do the needful in the matter, and persuade the Cinemas in the City to start their last show at least half an hour earlier than at present.

The Association is glad to note that a few Cinemas in the City have adopted 9-30 p.m. instead of 10 p.m. The Association, therefore, requests other Cinemas in the City to follow their example and start their last show half an hour earlier, so as to enable the people to return home before early hours of the morning.

LATE H. S. KHATRI

Jamait Shubban Al-Muslimeen's Condolence

At an extraordinary meeting of the Executive Council of Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen the following resolution was moved by the chair and unanimously adopted:—

This meeting of the Executive Council of Jamiat Shubban al-Muslimeen places on record its deep sense of regret and poignant sorrow at the sad demise of Seth Hajee Siddick Khatri, the late father of the first president of Jamiat, at Medina, and sympathises with the members of the deceased's family in their dire distress. This meeting authorises the Jt. Hon. Secretary to forward a copy of this resolution to Seth Ahmed Khatri, the head of the family and the press.

MASANI ARRIVES TO-DAY

Congress Socialists Organise Reception At Mole

The Secretary of Bombay Congress Socialist Party writes:

Mr. M. R. Masani arrives from Europe to-day (Thursday), by S.S. "Straithwaite" which arrives at the Mole Station. Ballard Pier, at 12-45 p.m.

The Bombay Congress Socialist Party has arranged a reception at the Ballard Pier.

3 ARTS RECEPTION

(From A Correspondent.)

3 Arts grand reception was held on Saturday at Aiwane' Rifat in honour of Sir Akbar and Lady Hydari The beautiful and spacious mansion was overcrowded with a distinguished gathering of princes, nobles, consuls and artistes. Atiya Begum in welcoming said "It is my proud privilege to submit to you, Sir Akbar and Lady Hydari, warmest welcome on behalf of the 3 Arts Circle. We are overwhelmed to-day with genuine pleasure and deep gratification as on previous occasions when world-noted personalities like Mme. Galli Curci, Mme. Clara Butt, Mark Hambourg, Jascha Heifetz, Leopold Stokowski, Bernard Shaw, and many others visited us, not to speak of potentates and princes. Friends, it is difficult to serve one task master faithfully for half a century; but Sir Akbar has the remarkable genius of serving four different spheres with the same zeal, sincerity and devotion, and to all of whom he is indispensible. The State of Hyderabad is scintillating with progressive modern institutions. For our part the qualification that we admire most is his interest in arts and letters of which he is a great patron. Midst deafening cheers Baby Falaknaz presented a lovely basket of flowers to Sir Akbar, bouquet to Lady Hydari, a garland to Mr. Iqbal and a mantle of flowers to Mrs Iqbal by three maidens daintily. Baby Falaknaz mounted high chanted a verse with action. Fakir Mohomed played Bulbultarang. Jinardhan performed on the tabla tarang. Shiva Rani sang Benaresi Dadra with Bhao. Kanizjan sang Thumri with Bhao. Ustad Bannerji played on the Bella, Dr. Mantri played his own composition of Malkaus on the violin accompanied by "jhanj". Sitaradevi Nirt Saam Ragini and Ashiq Husein rendered classical Shastric Nautches of the Nutwari and Sangeet styles. Sir Akbar presented a medal and title of Nrittya Samarth to Ashiq Husein on behalf of the 3 Arts' Circle and a medal to Ustad Bannerji presented by Hemchandra Nursee. Sir Akbar complimented the Circle on its services in Art and Music and said its renown had attracted notabilities from all parts of the world raised him to a spiritual height. After distribution of pan, attar and gulab the happy party dispersed very late.

FOR HOLDERS OF LIRA NOTES

Italian Minister's Important Decree

The following has been issued by the Italian Consul-General, Bombay:—

By a Ministerial Decree, dated 16th November 1935, last Italian Currency Notes for liras 1,000 and liras 500 will be repaid, provided they are presented in Italy or to the Royal Italian Consulate General in Bombay, before 26th November, 1935.

The proceeds of such notes will be credited to a special account, bearing no interest, and the account will not be operative except for the following:—

Holders of such accounts will be authorised to utilise the accounts in moveable and immoveable investments or for particular payments or for particular goods or services in Italy, on notifying their wishes to the Superintendent of Money Exchange.

The Banca d'Italia shall arrange through the Consulate General, to notify the respective opening of accounts to each of the interested parties. The Consulate General will not accept deposits of currency notes of the denomination of Liras 1,000 or 500 after the 26th November, 1935, and on the expiry of the said period, such notes will be subjected to sequestration when sent to Italy.

SUPPORT BAKHALE'S BILL

Shop Workers' Union Secretaries' Appeal To Government

The Secretaries of the Bombay Shop Workers' Union have addressed a letter to the Secretary of the Legislative Council answering all the arguments brought against Mr. Bakhale's bill by the Nyayya Hakka Samrakshaka Sabha.

The secretaries say that the shop-assistants are entitled to social amenities and that the fear that shorter hours would mean less employment or less income is groundless.

They strongly appeal to Government to support the bill.

APPEAL DISMISSED WITH COSTS

Joint Hindu Family Property Case

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, Nov. 20.

An appeal preferred by some "members" of a joint Hindu family on the ground that they were entitled to a share in the property, as there was no partition by metes and bounds even though there were separate residences for the last 30 years has been decided by Mr. M. R. Meher, the then Assistant Judge of Thana, whose judgment was pronounced by his successor in office Mr. S. M. Kaikini on Saturday last.

Ramchandra Pandu Kaskar and his two sons, who were the plaintiffs in this case, have appealed against the decision of the second class sub-Judge of Andheri, who holding that the defendants proved the partition dismissed the suit with costs.

The plaintiffs sued to get it declared that the defendants Bhana Goma Kaskar his three sons and two grandsons, formed with themselves a joint Hindu family till the date of notice, and as such owned and possessed a common property; and further to get it declared that they were entitled to one-sixth share in the property and to recover possession after partition by metes and bounds.

According to the plaintiffs, they and the defendants were tenants in common of the house, which was built at the expense of all branches of the family.

Four of the defendants disputed the claim of the plaintiffs, and contended that there was no joint Hindu family that the three branches of Bhana, Jana and Pandurang, sons of Goma, were living separate for more than 40 years in food and worship.

Mr. M. R. Meher, dismissed the appeal with costs.

Vacancy In Parsi Matrimonial Court

Owing to the death of Mr. Pestonji Dorabji Panday, the office of a Delegate of the Parsi Chief Matrimonial Court at Bombay has fallen vacant.

To fill it up, the Trustees of the Parsee Panchayet Funds and Properties have been requested by the Government of Bombay to convene a meeting of the Parsi Justices of the Peace for the town of Bombay to select a delegate.

The Trustees ave therefore resolved to convene a meeting of all the Parsi Justices of the Peace of Bombay on Tuesday, (26th inst) at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) in the premises of the Sir J. J. P. B. Institution (209, Hornby Road, Fort).

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Control Of Traffic

The Traffic at Queen's Road has increased so much recently that it is time the Government and the Municipality seriously considered the question of constructing an overbridge or underground way for pedestrians. Hundreds of pedestrians have to wait in the evenings for ten minutes near Opera House till all the motors pass and make room for them. At time the traffic is so heavy that the constables on duty have to raise their hands and stop the traffic to allow the pedestrians to pass in a minute or two. But within this short time again a long row of cars collects and the drivers clamour for going ahead. The same condition prevails at Princess Street where better facilities for the pedestrians are urgently required.

Dramatic Contest

It will be well if some of the city colleges and schools send in their teams for the second All-India Dramatic Contest to be held during the second week of December next at the Benares Hindu University. Such contests are, unfortunately, rare in the country and educational institutions do not generally take as keen a part or interest in them as is expected of them. Otherwise such occasions could be utilised for national gatherings of young talent from all over India. In a city like Bombay, such contests among the local colleges and schools should have been fostered and encouraged by this time to a considerable extent. But much attention does not appear to have been bestowed on the competitive aspect of the development of histrionic talent.

The Benares scheme is capable of furher improvement, but before anything can be done, it requires to be encouraged. It is hoped that local colleges and schools will take this opportunity to send their best talent for the contest. The initiative in this direction must come from the students themselves who are interested in this art. It is time that such contests among all the colleges and schools in the presidency itself were made an annual feature.

"GIRL TOOK THE INITIATIVE"

Further Defence Arguments In Enticement Case

Continuing his arguments in the "Enticement Case", before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, on Wednesday, Mr. A. R. Gadkari, counsel for the defence, observed that "it was not the accused who "enticed" away Ranganayaki but just the other way."

In this case R. N. Kapoor is charged with enticing or taking away, detaining and committing adultery with a married girl at the instance of Srinivas Raghavan, the brother of the girl.

Mr. N. C. N. Acharya appeared for the prosecution and Mr. A. Gadkari assisted by Mr. Vyavaharkar defended the accused.

In the course of his arguments, the defence counsel recalled the main events as brought out in the evidence: he referred to the instance when the accused was first accosted by Mrs. Ranganayaki; then the friendship continued and ripened; then letters were exchanged resulting in their flight to Bangalore and again Ranganayaki was brought back by the father and sent to several villages, so that she might not continue her relationship with the accused.

In all these instances, counsel contended, the initiative was on the part of the girl and the accused never sought opportunities to meet her in all the several places.

Even the letter written by Ranganayaki, counsel said, in December, 1934, asking for information from the accused about the proposed conversion to Christianity, clearly showed that she desired it. The suggestion might come from others but she could only agree to it after due and mature consideration.

Further hearing of the case at this stage was adjourned till November 22 (Friday).

BETTER BIRTH RATE FOR BOMBAY

City's Health During Week Ending 16th November

The total mortality 516 was 27 more than in the last week. The death rate registered was 23.1 on the Census population of 1931. These figures compare favourably with those for the 46th week of 1934 when the mortality was 541 and death rate 24.2. The average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium (1930-34) was 472 and death rate 20.6.

Out of the total deaths, 161 were among infants under one year of age

During the week, Small pox caused 2 attacks and 2 deaths. Cholera caused 1 attack (Imported from Pandharpur) and 1 death. Plague was absent during the week. The number of deaths from Typhoid was 3.

The number of live births registered during the week was 774 which compares favourably with that for the 46th week of 1934 viz. 764 and 676 the quinquennial average for the corresponding weeks in the five years (1930-1934).

Mr. A. M. Mathew, B.A., B.L., High Court Vakil, Quilon, has been invited by the Government of Ceylon to give expert opinion on the proposed bill for regulating Chit Fund, in Ceylon.

ALLEGED ASSAULT ON PUBLIC SERVANT

Woman And Daughter Put Up For Trial At Sessions Court

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Krishnabai, a vegetable seller and her daughter Chandrabai were put up before the Chief Justice and a common jury at the High Court Sessions to-day on a charge of causing grievous hurt to a public servant.

Mr. N. K. Iyengar appeared for the prosecution.

Both the accused were living in a chawl in Matharpakhady.

On July 15 last, there was a quarrel between the first accused and some of the women in the chawl, in course of which the former's son, Narayan, was alleged to have assaulted a woman. The matter was reported to the police and Serajuddin Dostmahomed, a Police Naik, and a constable were sent to the scene of the affray.

Serajuddin took the boy in custody and as he was leading him to the police station, he was alleged to have been tripped by the first accused. Serajuddin fell down, after which the second accused was alleged to have twisted his leg and sat on it. Serajuddin sustained serious dislocation of his knee.

C. I. D. Solve Mystery Of Petty Thefts In Judge's Bungalow

The ingenious methods of using fuchsine powder was used by the Bombay C.I.D. to detect the mystery of small thefts, which were a frequent occurrence recently in the bungalow of Mr. Justice Barlee, situated on the Narayan Dhabholkar Road.

Inspector Dyer, who was put in a charge of the investigation on a complaint from Miss Barlee, succeeded in arresting in a novel manner yesterday Sawalram Bala, who was produced before the Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court, this morning.

In order to find the culprit, Inspector Dyer sprinkled some fuchsine powder on the contents of two leather purses and handed them over to Miss Barlee to place them in the drawer of the dressing table and the cupboard from where the thefts were committed before.

The purses were intact at 3-30 p.m. on Sunday last. At about 4-20 p.m. a G.P. Note of ten rupees, which was put in the crocodile leather bag in the drawer was missed, and the matter was reported to the Police at once.

Sawalram Bala, who was working as a tailor in the bungalow, left the place at about the same time the theft was detected, and was suspected of it.

On Monday, when he returned to work, the hands of all the servants, as well as those of Sawalram, were dipped in water in the presence of a "Panch," and red stains were noticed on the right hand thumb and forefinger of the accused. Moreover, the white cloth, on which the accused tailor had worked, was also dipped in water and there red stains were visible on it.

This cloth and the purse were taken charge of by the Police and some money was produced by the accused as the balance left after spending a part of the stolen money.

The Magistrate remanded Sawalram to Police custody till November 27 to facilitate further Police enquiries.

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BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1935

EDUCATIONAL IDEALS

Two notable educational addresses were delivered during the last week-end by two eminent Indians who, though not strictly educationists, bring a wide knowledge of public affairs and a fresh independent point of view to the discussion of educational topics. One of these is the Convocation address to the Aligarh University by Sir G. S. Bajpai and the other is the presidential speech by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru at the second session of the U. P. University Students' Conference. As the Aligarh University is a denominational institution, Sir Girja Shankar had to lay special stress on the need for harmonising Hindu and Muslims cultures, if they can be so described. In one of the many eloquent passages in the speech he said: "As in music different notes assume full artistic beauty and power only when blended into harmony, so diverse human cultures must seek fulfilment of their separate beings in a cultural diapason." He does not suggest the sacrifice of the essentials of either culture. Both Hindus and Muslims, he says, "would be unworthy of themselves if they could learn to live in peace and goodwill with one another only after an act of cultural Nirvana." It is not a "peace of extinction" that he seeks but a "peace of mutual understanding," all being "united in a patriotism, conscious and convinced of common interest, sustained and strengthened by a determination to live and let live." Dr. Sapru, too, expressed somewhat similar sentiments in general terms. But one wishes the eminent speakers had stated more precisely and fully how the desired blending of cultures can be effected.

The Problem Of Bread

Not less important than the problem of culture is the problem of bread. Man certainly does not live by bread alone. Nor can he live by culture alone. It is, therefore, on the problem of bread, which is confronting thousands of University men, that Dr. Sapru lays special emphasis. "I do not live in a cloud land of culture but have my feet firmly planted on earth," he says. "Young men are going from door to door begging for letters of recommendation and favours which must be very demoralising. B.A.'s, have been enrolled as constables. M.A.'s are selling milk in the streets. Intermediates are working as cycle peons and L.L.B.'s have accepted humble jobs in Excise and Registration departments which would not be allowed in countries where there were traditions of real university culture. How long are they going to be martyrs to this elusive cry of culture and knowledge?" We fear the martyrdom will go on for a pretty long time. Dr. Sapru points out how sadly both Government and the public have neglected the problem of unemployment among the educated. And though for some time ast there has been much talk about this, no serious practical measures are being taken either by Government or the Universities to tackle the problem.

Two Factors Ignored

It is something, however, that many educationists now openly recognise the defects of our over-academic education and the need for making it more practical. When some years ago the protagonists of National Education emphasized this need, they were either ignored or scoffed at and were told that it was no business of Universities to bother about what were contemptuously called "bread-winning studies." But now there are very few educationists who do not admit that our education is too literary and needs to be made more practical, so as to enable young men going out of Universities to obtain a decent livelihood and also add to the wealth of the country. They now realise that it is not enough for Universities to blend diverse cultures but that they ought also to blend utility with culture in planning their courses of instruction. How precisely this synthesis of varied and apparently conflicting educational ideals is to be effected is certainly a hard problem. But a solution is not impossible if Government and Universities are both determined to find one. Dr. Sapru, as Chairman of the U. P. Unemployment Committee has evidently given deep thought to the subject and it is to be hoped that his report will throw much needed light on this serious problem confronting the whole nation. Dr. Sapru, like many others who speak on the problem of the educated unemployed, however, ignored two vital factors—the political domination of the country, which involves the closing, to a large extent, of several avenues of employment in the military and other public services to our youngmen, and the injustice of the present economic order of society, with its inevitable concomitant of maldistribution of wealth and unemployment. There can, therefore, be no end to the present woes of most of our young men by a mere change in the educational system. The true remedy lies in radical political and economic changes, accompanied by rapid and planned industrialisation, as well as in the overhauling of university education.

Nobel Prize For Peace

The Nobel Committee has decided that no Peace Prize will be awarded this year. So far as statesmen of the "civilized" world are concerned, the decision is eminently justifiable. Even apart from the fact that statesmen have not been able to prevent wars and aggressions in Africa, the Far-East and South America, the fact remains that in spite of the historic championship of the Covenant by over 50 Nations of the world, not one of the representatives of the Nations can claim to have made any outstanding contribution to the struggle for peace for the sake primarily of peace.

But while the decision of the Nobel Committee is natural from one point of view, one cannot help reminding oneself that the one man who has been worthy *par excellence* of the Prize all these years, has been consistently ignored. Mahatma Gandhi deserved recognition, not because it would be an honour to him, but because the Committee would thereby have honoured and justified both themselves and the Peace Prize. The world has accepted him as the Prophet of Peace heads and shoulders above the puny apologists of it, who are found in and around the Chancelleries of the Western World. He has preached and practised not only peace, but also its dynamics, the practical method which alone can make it the vital principle of life. And yet this man has been ignored! The reason is obvious. He represents a nation which is fighting for its freedom from domination by a strong World Power. How can the "Civilized" World formally recognise him? How, therefore, can the Nobel Committee recognize him without condemning itself and annoying Great Britain. Peace must be subordinated to considerations of international diplomacy.

NEGUS, THE KING OF KINGS

Haile Selassie

(BY DR. SASSARD, Sometimes Special Physician to His Majesty the Emperor Haile Selassie.)

Emperor Menelik, invalid for a long time, succumbed to the last attack of paralysis on 28th November 1909. The news of his death was concealed carefully until December 1913, when the succession to his throne was officially announced.

The natural successor of Menelik was Lidj Yassou who made a solemn entry into the town of Addis Ababa on 1st February 1913. The majority of the tribal chiefs coming from their respective territories made obeissance to him, among them being a small dreaming man who passed unperceived and in whose veins flowed the blue blood of Royalty. He himself was unknown. But people had often heard of his father Ras Makonnen, cousin of Menelik and "brother to him by friendship."

Lidj Yassou and Dedjaj Tafari had been old acquaintances as they had both studied together in accordance with the wishes of the Emperor. Nobody, however, could ever imagine that this young Tafari, then the governor of Harrar, would ever succeed to the position of the King of Kings.

Entry Into The League

Fate however had willed otherwise. In a few months time, Lidj Yassou alienated the favour of the all-powerful priests by backing rather too officially upon the European Powers and Islam. He did that, indeed, in such a crude manner that Abouna Matheos, the supreme head of the clergies, deposed him public y with hardly any flattering considerations. Ras Tafari was henceforth designated as the presumptive heir to the throne with Empress Zaoditou as the Dowager Regent.

The regency having been removed after a few years, Ras Tafari was crowned as the Emperor Haile Selassie the first. Since the date of this coronation begins the official history of Ethiopia, which became a veritable nation when the League of Nations confirmed this transformation by admitting the Ethiopian delegate to its assembly.

"I have often seen this man who achieved all this and I have often conversed with him", declares Dr. Sassard in "Vu", Paris. "Every audience that I have had with him has given me new opportunities for admiring and respecting this Sovereign who differs so much from his environments and his people and who is so superior to them . . . .

In The Palace

The Imperial Palace or "Guebi", is in a state of lamentable ruins. Imagine entering a huge sombre hall where you first notice nothing. Then little by little a long line of red chairs ending in a dais, will appear before your eyes. On this dais is spread a divan. The Emperor is there, seated and immobile, his fine hands resting on one another without the least movement or expression.

The head seems really beautiful, with hair all curled, a fine nose lightly arched, a spiritual mouth with lips perhaps rather marked. Beard and moustache are graceful and abundant. In this visage, all immobile, only the eyes appear to be moving. These are the great moving eyes, very long and extremely expressive. They show ennui and polished indifference as much as cold irony and even anger.

The intimates of the house are well acquainted with these different expressions and immediately retire when the eyes become first indifferent and then hard.

On the other hand where Europeans are concerned, these same eyes know how to be soft, caressing, affable and even sincere. Technique, you would say. Perhaps though not exactly. This man, so secretive, such a master of himself, knows well that eyes betray him and often turns them down . . . . .

The private life of the Emperor is of the greatest simplicity. The Europeans who represent him as an oriental satrap are making a mistake. The Sovereign does not give but a few minutes to his meals. From early morning until late at night he works and prays.

His personal apartments are rather sordid. True, a new palace made of European material and furnished after the same fashion, has recently been built; but it looks more like a huge shop or a cinema of the boulevards than a residence for the King of Kings.

The Negus gives very few interviews and that also for short periods. Although considering it as a waste of time he entertains the Europeans living in Addis Ababa, twice or thrice per year. On the occasion of his birth anni-

(continued on page 8 col 3)

EGYPT AND INDIA

Britain's Resistance To Egyptian Nationalism

By K. F. NARIMAN

After an enforced lull in Egypt for some years, there is again a revival of the old trouble, and Egypt is once again in a political ferment. With the Italo-Abyssinian conflagration in close vicinity, the political crisis in Egypt at this juncture assumes more than ordinary importance and must have caused considerable apprehensions in the British Imperialist circles.

Years ago, Lord Ellenborough, a shrewd British statesman had correctly gauged the situation and made a prophetic and significant declaration. He gravely warned the Britishers "that if Britain wants supremacy and world Empire, she must have her one foot in India and another in Egypt." With the Suez Canal in between forming the triangular link and bridge; the successors and disciples of that British Imperialist prophet, have faithfully followed that piece of diplomatic advice, no matter what party or group was in power for the time being. As a result of this uniform and universally applicable British eastern foreign policy, the political destinies of both these Oriental countries are so closely linked together that both display similar symptoms of political ailments and unrest, and both receive the same repressive doses from Imperialist prescriptions.

Apparent Difference

For the present both suffer from the same political afflictions. A foreign-manufactured constitution is sought to be forced down the throats of Egyptian 'Wafdist' and the Indian Congress. In this connection Sir Samuel Hoare's speech which was not reported by Reuter, at the Lord Mayor's Banquet offers a noteworthy contrast. The ex-Secretary of State for India and the author of that precious Indian constitution, had declared in his new capacity as Foreign Secretary, that "Britain was against re-enactment of 1923 and 1930 Egyptian Constitution on the ground that they were unworkable and universally unpopular." As a Secretary of State for India, he was forcing down the throat of India, a constitution almost unanimously declared by all sections of Indians, as unworkable and unacceptable but as Foreign Secretary almost simultaneously, he exhibits or pretends to show solicitude for Egyptian national sentiment and does not advise re-enactment of an unworkable and unpopular constitution. The Egyptian 'Wafdist' demand the restoration of 1923 and 1930 constitution, because, though extremely unpopular and hateful, it would end the present intolerable and autocratic state and its restoration would undoubtedly bring the Wafdists into power again. It is a choice of a lesser evil for them. Hence Sir Samuel Hoare is anxious, out of consideration for Egyptian Nationalist sentiments, not to re-enact "an unpopular and unworkable constitution." But the case with India is entirely different: here partly with the numerous safeguards and partly due to communal friction, the real administrative control and power even with regard to internal affairs can safely be retained in the hands of Provincial or Central Heads. Hence the Imperial purpose is better served in India by adopting an opposite course and inflicting on her against her will an unwanted and unacceptable constitution.

Common Motive

The underlying motive and policy in both the cases i.e. India, and Egypt is to prevent the genuine people's political party from assuming real power even in the internal management of domestic affairs. After years of struggle and tremendous sufferings and enormous sacrifices, the Wafdist Party secured for Egypt a new constitution in 1923, whereby the British Protectorate was supposed to have ended and substantial political powers at least with regard to internal administration, were transferred to the people, the franchise was almost universal and adult, with an independent Executive, responsible to the national Assembly. The constitution was drafted and enacted after long mutual deliberation and discussions, both in Egypt and England, and was ultimately drawn up as a regular agreement and treaty solemnly sanctioned by Parliament and further obtained Royal assent. Thus the obligation, at least on the side of Britain, was complete and if the sanctity of solemn treaties have any force or meaning, the Egyptian constitution, thus enacted and promulgated, ought not to have been violated by the very party that had first imposed it.

Constitutional Struggle

Though the Wafdist Party was not satisfied, and raised strong objections against three important reservations, viz. separation of Sudan, army of occupation and jurisdiction over foreigners, still, even under protest, they decided

(Continued on Page 8, Col. 3).

Frankly Speaking

EXPORTS TO ITALY

It is good news that Argentina is prohibiting exports not only of coal and iron but also of oil to Italy. Geneva welcomes the decision as likely to initiate a general move among the League States to limit exports of oil to Italy. If Italy is prevented from procuring oil the backbone of her aggression in Abyssinia as also of her resistance to sanctions will be appreciably broken. It is, therefore, surprising that Geneva should, as the report indicates, content itself merely with "limiting" the export of oil to Italy. The conditions are favourable to attempt a complete oil blockade. Italy is not getting the assistance that she probably expected even from that "Neutral" country, America. President Roosevelt's warning to American exporters would have had probably little effect in the face of temptations to profiteers. But the threat of American Labour is a different thing. And between President Roosevelt and Mr. Green they seem to have succeeded to some extent. If Labour is determined it can make its power felt and stop American exports to Italy.

EMPTY RHETORIC

While laying the foundation stone of the new Council Chamber at Lahore, Sir Jogendra Singh, Minister of Agriculture, sang the praise of the new Constitution in a way that would make a nationalist Indian blush. That "it has no parallel in the history of the world" is but too true, but in a sense which is the very antithesis of what Sir Jogendra has in mind. There is some unconscious irony in his remark that "a century of the British-India connection has placed us on the road to self-government". And if we follow the prescribed road, it will be another century before we are anywhere near self-government. What we need most, says the Minister, is "the faith to follow the truth and to discard untruth." That is profoundly true; but, unfortunately, the right example is so much rarer than the precept.

A SIGNIFICANT ADMISSION.

A statement on the working of the U.P. Special Powers Act of 1932, during the last three years, has been submitted to the local Council. And it provides instructive information. The Act was extended to fourteen districts and, while Government do not give the number of prosecutions, they admit that the number of convictions during all these three years was only 133. What is much more significant is the Home Member's admission that "during the whole of 1934 there was not a single conviction under the Act." And yet even the U.P. Government have been eager to extend the life of the Act as if without it the Province would be thrown into immediate and utter anarchy and chaos! Can there be any doubt that the extension of this lawless law, both in its all-India and Provincial aspects, is meant to forestall possible "dangers" from the so-called reformed constitution?

FAVOURITISM.

Replying to a question by Mr. L. R. Tairsee in the Legislative Council, the Home Member stated that the Presidency Trade Association is open only to European retail firms and, at present, has 30 firms on its register. Even of these 30 firms, there are not a few who are not entitled to vote. Now the Indian Merchants' Chamber has 600 members on its roll, but the Delimitation Committee gives both these bodies equal representation, one seat each, in the Legislative Assembly. Government, of course, whole-heartedly accept this recommendation. They may think it to be ideal justice, but the public see in it indefensible favouritism.

A NOTORIOUS JAIL

It is surprising that the Bombay Government should propose to make the Visapur Temporary Prison a permanent one. Not very long ago they had themselves decided to close it owing to the notoriously unhealthy conditions of the place. But they suspended the plan when during the Civil Disobedience movement there was extraordinary congestion in all the available jails and it was not easy to build new ones soon. Government now seek to make the jail permanent on the ground that it provides many facilities for the prisoners to do agricultural work which will have a reformative effect upon them and also ensure appreciable saving of cost in jail administration. But it is not impossible to secure similar facilities in other jails. In any case considerations of health should weigh most in deciding this question. Now that the token grant for the conversion of the jail into a permanent one has had to be withdrawn on technical ground, we trust the Government will reconsider the matter and abandon the project.

-PRESS VIEWS-

Lala Lajpatrai

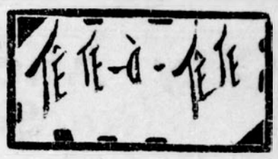
With this versatility and compositeness of personality he combined a flexibility that to him was the quintessence of politics. Nobody could be further away from the opportunist, or the weathercock careerist, yet he hated being a faddist in politics and believed in flexibility that could enable the revising of political programmes with changes in environment and in the light of experience. Th's great quality one finds sadly lacking in India's nationalist politics to-day, and the result is that people stick to programmes that are found to have become sterile under altered conditions. A man with Lalaji's practical objective sense, his penetrating analysis and his flexibility of political method was never wanted more badly in Indian politics than to-day.—"The People" (Lahore).

D. P. I. For Orissa ...

It is clear that if the principle of seniority were to be followed, then the choice should fall on Mr. Batheja, or to any other officer senior to Mr. Dippie. And if both seniority and Orissa public opinion were to be respected, then there is Mr. Tripathi, a member of the I.E.S. who has been acting successfully as Deputy Director of Public Instruction for the last five years, or so, and who is also senior to Mr. Dippie by a year or thereabout. Any way, if the report of the selection of Mr. Dippie is correct, it can only be characterised as gross nepotism and serious injustice to the Indian members of the I.E.S. The matter deserves immediate attention of the Government of India.—"Searchlight"

The Detenus Scheme

Referring to the statement recently made by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose with regard to the Government's scheme for the training of detenus in agriculture and industries Mr. Subhash Chandra Bose writes to his brother:—"It was good to say something on the subject and I agree with what you have said. I do not, of course, know if Government will remove restrictions and humiliations. That is the main thing." This, as our readers will remember, is exactly what we have ourselves said from the first. The scheme is undoubtedly a step in the right direction. But the measure of its success will equally undoubtedly depend upon the extent to which those to whom the training is to be imparted are freed from the irksome and humiliating restrictions at present imposed on them. The continuance of such restrictions cannot possibly produce that "change of heart" which Government rightly desires. If a thing is worth doing it is worth doing well. Let the Government trust the detenus it selects for the purpose of training.—"Tribune."



BRITAIN AS "AGGRESSOR"

Nahas Pasha Appeals To League To Intervene In Egypt's Case

—Headline.

Nahas Pasha is wrong. A permanent state of affairs is not aggression.

* * * *

According to a contemporary "Lord Willingdon may try to heal an old sore by seeing Mahatma Gandhi before he lays down his office."

As to Mahatma Gandhi he has not, we fear suffered, much from His Excellency's gracious refusal to meet him.

But Lord Willingdon's own new sore (the present Assembly) is a different question. But it is too late.

* * * *

Any way it is open to the retiring Viceroy to seek whatever balm he can in his eloquent farewell speeches particularly the one that he is to deliver at the Byculla Club.

* * * *

The Nobel Prize for peace will not be awarded this year.

But considering how, for the first time in history, he has brought the world to stand for Peace, Signor Mussolini was eminently entitled to the honour.

* * * *

The Archbishops of Messina and Brindisi have issued "pastoral" letters to the clergy and the people to resist the Sanctions by all means.

And won't the spirit of the Prince of Peace be happy?

* * * *

Sir Grija Shankar Bajpai warns the Aligarh University against fanciful extravagance.

Now what exactly was at the back of his mind? Or who?

* * * *

A seat, it is now suggested, may be found to enable Mr. Ramsay MacDonald to remain in the Cabinet.

But the services he has rendered to the "National" Government entitle him to two places in the Cabinet and Baldwin must oblige, in sheer gratitude.

* * * *

As a bit of an exercise for your mind, read this report from Lahore which has all the makings of a conundrum.

"The executive committee of the nationalist party at Lahore yesterday resolved that a nationalist conference of representatives of the progressive elements of all shades of Hindu opinion in the Punjab be convened on behalf of the Congress Nationalist Party on November 30 to organise a strong and stable Congress Nationalist Party in the Punjab."

Any way, if a "nationalist conference" is equal to "Hindu opinion", find the value of the Congress Nationalist Party.

* * * *

Under the page-heading "Provincial Notes And Topics", the "Statesman" publishes four news items from London.

Reads like one of Bernard Shaw's political fantasies.

* * * *

The Tamil Nad Women's Conference demands that Government should "appoint women as assessors, jurors, trustees of temples, and village officers."

May we, add a few more—stock-brokers, gaolers, Police officers, taxi-drivers, undertakers and stop-me-and-buy-one ice-cream-sellers—in fact anything so long as it is not-er-er-our own ignoble profession.

* * * *

LIVING IN A VOLCANO

—Headline.

Wonder what it feels like.

Haven't been near one. Must ask a Jap—or a husband.

* * * *

The Professor was an absent-minded man. One night he returned home rather late from the club, and found that he had forgotten his key. He knocked repeatedly at the door, and his young daughter, not recognising her father, called from one of the upstairs windows:

"Father is not at home."

"Oh, isn't he?" remarked the Professor.

Then turning to go away, he added: "Thank you, I'll call again."

French Reply To Italian Protest

Marks No Change In Present Policy

Italy Is Gently Reminded She Will Have To Face Restrictions Due To International Sanctions

PARIS, November 19.

M. Laval has presented to the Italian Ambassador the text of the French reply to the Italian protest against sanctions.

It is understood that the tone of the French note is very moderate, and marks no change in the policy, and explains that from the moment the League named Italy as the aggressor Article 16 of the Covenant was entered into force "ipso facto" and France, in honouring her signature, could do nothing else but associate herself with the economic and financial measures organised at Geneva.

The note adds that the French Government, does not abandon the hope of a friendly settlement bringing to an end the hostilities in Abyssinia, and the restrictions Italy will have to face as the result of international Sanctions.

ROME ISSUES NEW EXPORT REGULATIONS

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

ROME, Nov. 19.

New regulations have been issued to forbid the export of goods necessary for internal use, including chemicals required for the manufacture of high explosives.

Goods for non-sanctionist countries can be exported as before, subject to the existing clearing agreements.

Goods to the sanctionist countries cannot be exported till the foreign producer opens a credit account with Italy, and are paid for in advance.

Permits for the export of wool, cotton, silk, and textiles must be obtained from special national organisations.

Boycott Of Foreign Goods

Political commentators stress the fact that the Fascist Grand Council has announced the date of the next meeting on December 18. This departure from the custom is taken to indicate that Signor Mussolini intends to act in much closer co-operation with the Council than hitherto.

The campaign of boycott of foreign goods continues, and 130,000 traders have pledged themselves to support the boycott.

Archbishop of Messina and Brindisi have issued pastoral letters urging the clergy and the people to make every effort to sacrifice and resist the sanctions, while in most of the theatres throughout Italy actors have addressed the audience before plays have begun urging them to resist sanctions.

LEAGUE SOUNDS VARIOUS GOVTS.

(Special Cable)

GENEVA Nov. 19.

The President of the League Sanctions Committee is sounding various governments regarding the meeting of the Sanctions Application Committee on November 25 with a view to taking stock of working the sanctions, and possibly extending the embargo to petrol, coal, steel and copper.

FREIGHT TRAFFIC FROM GERMANY INCREASES

(Special Cable)

INNSBRUCK, Nov. 20

The freight traffic on the Brenna pass from Germany to Italy is increased by 50 per cent. within a few weeks.

Coal, timber, motorcars, and aeroplane parts have been sent from Germany, and fruit and agricultural produce from Italy.

BRITISH MINERS DISCONTENTED

National Strike To Demand Increase In Wages Impending

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Nov. 19.

It is understood that the Government will find a seat for Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, thus enabling him to remain a member of the Cabinet.

Several Conservative members are probably prepared to retire if officially asked to do so.

It is expected that an overwhelming majority is in favour of the national coal strike to enforce the demand of advance in the wages by two shillings daily which will be announced to-morrow at a meeting of the Mine Workers' Federation in Great Britain.

There is still hope that the strike may be averted and the Miners' Executive will probably take a further approach to the Government to compel the owners to negotiate the wages on national basis.

DOLLAR-BONDS AT GOLD PARITY

Albany State Court's Important Decision

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.

A joint resolution of the Congress devaluating the Dollar is extended to foreign debtors and creditors according to a decision reached by the State Court of Appeals, Albany, in the case of a Columbian firm which sued the Industrial Mortgage Bank of Finland for payment at gold parity its dollar-bonds.

PACT WITH HOLLAND.

American trade circles expect the completion of reciprocal trade agreement with Holland within a fortnight.

The export and import bank announced, it is prepared, on certain conditions, to assist American exporters in repatriating their blocked finances in Brazil.—Reuter.

Arrangements are being made at the new Y.M.C.A. site in Chengannore for holding an Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition from November 21 to 24.

SPENDTHRIFT GOVT. OF U. S.

Attack On Roosevelt's Taxation Programme

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.

"Unless taxes and governments expenditure are reduced private fortunes will be wiped out in the United States within 30 years", declared Mr. J. Pierpontmorgan launching an attack to-day on Mr. Roosevelt's Taxation programme. He added even now, any one who made money in the United States was actually working eight months of the year for Government. The country could not go on spending twice as much as it earned for an indefinite period.—Reuter.

MAJ. FEY RESIGNS

Starhemberg Will Be Sole Leader Of Entire Austrian Heimwehr

(Special Cable)

VIENNA, Nov. 20.

Major Fey has resigned the leadership of the Vienna Heimwehr, and henceforth Prince Von Starhemberg will be the sole leader of the entire Austrian Heimwehr.

GERMAN CHURCH DISPUTE SETTLED

BERLIN, Nov. 19.

After lasting for nearly two years the church dispute of Saxony was settled apparently to everybody's satisfaction.

Herr Hitler's Church Minister, Herr Kerrl has been established in the Administrative Committee of Five which consists of only two German Christians.

All the dissident Pastors among them are many from the Concentration Camps are to have their churches restored to them.—Reuter.

Great Loss To India And Maharashtra

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR, November 19.

Dr. Sir Hari Singh Gour in the course of an interview, said, "The death of my friend Mr. Deodhar has been a shock to me. As I had no reason to fear, judging from newspaper reports about his illness that it was to end fatally as it has done. Mr. Deodhar was one of the jewels of India, selfless worker in the cause of India less worker in the cause of India's uplift, both political and social. His early death has created a void in the public life of this country which it will be difficult to fill.

"Mr. Deodhar's services in Malabar will ever remain an unforgettable memorial to his patriotic devotion to public duty. I can only hope that his death will serve as an additional stimulus to members of the Servants of India Society, to emulate his great example and keep alive his memory by continuing the work with which his name will ever remain associated."

Rao Saheb R. W. Fulay, M.L.C., said, "In the unexpected and sudden death of Mr. Deodhar, India has lost a social and political worker of first rate ability and sacrifice. Many an institution for social and political uplift exist in most places in Maharashtra due to his zeal and initiative and the co-operative movement has lost in him one who may truly be described as the father of Co-operative movement in India. His loss will be mourned all over the country by people of all shades of political opinion."

Dr. B. S. Moonje said, "India and Maharashtra has suffered a great loss inthe death of Mr. Deodhar. It is very rare that such men of constructive genius and mentality are born among Hindus known for their contemplative bent of mind. We have lost a great statesman. May his soul rest in peace."

ORTHODOXY'S AMAZING PLEA

Sanatanists On Disruptive Tendencies In Hinduism

A public meeting of Sanatanist Hindus was held on Wednesday evening at Madhav Baug, Bombay, to caution the Sanatanists against the disruptive tendencies manifested against the Hindu society.

Goswami Sri Goculnathji Maharaj presided.

Pundit Raj Rajeshwar Sastri of Benares traced the present political condition of India to the failure on the part of Indians to fulfil their "Dharma" or duty as laid down in ancient scriptures. It was the duty of every Hindu to bring back society to its former condition.

No religion or community was willing to discard its fundamental tenets as laid down in the respective holy scriptures. Why should Hinduism alone be asked to discard her religious texts? asked the speaker.

Referring to the Harijans' demand for abolition of caste inequalities, the speaker characterised such an agitation as based on ignorance of the ancient laws of social relationship.

AMAZING PLEA.

He then brought forth the amazing analogy of a father of many children, having a child afflicted with a dangerous contagion. It was in the interests of the rest of the family, contended the speaker, that the affected child should be isolated and given due treatment. Such a course did not indicate lack of affection on the part of the parents, but the welfare of other members of the family was given due consideration. If through mischievous advice, the child were advised to agitate to mix freely with the family, on threats of leaving the family, it would be the duty of the parents,—however painful—to leave the child to its own fate rather than allow it to contaminate the rest.

Pundit Devanayakacharya of Benares said that the "laws of social inequality" operated on the previous Karma of every individual. He had the instance of a school to quote, in which the teacher wished that all children should equally succeed in their lives later. But some of them remained where they were, while others prospered. This, the speaker explained, was due to the operation of the law of Karma.

Pundit Akhilanand Kaviratna said that as long as man lived under the suzerainty of God, His laws must be obeyed. He added that caste inequalities were laid down by God himself, each caste or Varna, having its respective profession of Ashram defined in the holy scriptures.

MADRAS CORPORATION'S "NO"

Resolution For Celebration Of Congress Jubilee Turned Down

(From Our Correspondent.)

MADRAS, Nov. 20.

By 15 votes against 13 the Madras Corporation refused leave to Mr. Damodaram Naidu to move his resolution that the Corporation do celebrate in a fitting manner the Golden Jubilee of the Indian National Congress and a sum of Rs. 500 be spent in connection with the same.

By 21 against 15 votes the Corporation also refused permission to Mr. Chakkarai Chetty to move his resolution which ran as follows:

"This Council resolves that the Corporation do celebrate in a fitting manner the Golden Jubilee of the Congress and a sum of Rs. 500 be spent the expenses connected therewith.

The Mayor thereupon disallowed the third resolution which stood in the name of another Councillor to the effect that the Council congratulates the Working Committee of the Congress in celebrating the Golden Jubilee and resolves to sanction Rs. 500 for celebrating the event in a fitting manner.

CRUCIAL TEST FOR CONGRESSMEN

"C. R." Explains Implications Of Manual Labour Clause

MADRAS (By Mail).

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari has issued the following appeal:—

"I hope all Congressmen in Tamil Nad have read the statement issued from Bezwada by the Congress President, Babu Rajendra Prasad, which has appeared in the newspapers of November 14. He has brought to the notice of all Congressmen that under the Congress constitution and the resolution of the Congress Working Committee, 3,000 yards of yarn may be spun or other form of recognised manual labour for 48 hours may be done, altogether before the Congress elections in the middle of December, and that even those who have hitherto defaulted may make up for it now and easily complete the task at one stretch.

CRUCIAL TEST

"May I add my own appeal to that of the Congress President and hope that provinces will vie with one another to top the list and show the largest number of Congressmen qualified by manual labour. This is indeed a crucial test as to whether the right spirit has pervaded Congressmen in the province. An enthusiasm for doing "poor man's work" with our own hands is the real proof of Congress spirit.

"Spinning 3,000 yards of yarn is the royal road to Congress Franchise. This will take up one week of attention for the poorest spinner, at the rate of ½ hour each day.

FOR FLAG HOISTING

May I suggest a special kind of work for those who do not spin? Let every Congress Committee select a spot in its permanent or temporary but full control for the Golden Jubilee flag-hoisting ceremony. Let the ground be cleaned up and nicely prepared, and platform made up and a flagstaff erected thereon, the work to be done by Congressmen's manual labour. A week of 8 working hours each day may well be dedicated to this and all Congressmen may labour thereon with the help of a practised maistry who will help and instruct them how to mortar and lay bricks and do the cement. The local Congress Secretary will mark the attendance at this work and certify accordingly.

"Nothing can be more striking or more dignified tribute to those who have toiled for the nation during the last half a century than to use the pick-axe and the trowel with one's own hand to commemorate the Congress Golden Jubilee. It will be an object lesson and propaganda by itself for the great national institution.—United Press.

Charge Of Rash Driving Not Proved, Says Judge

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, Nov. 20.

Judgment was delivered by Mr. S. M. Kaikini, the Additional Sessions Judge of Thana, in the appeal preferred by Mr. H. K. Nargolkar, Advocate, on behalf of Abdul Majid Abdul Kadar, a motor driver, who was convicted by Rao Bahadur A. K. Kulkarni, the then City Magistrate of Bandra, on July 19 last for having caused hurt to several persons and driven his car in a rash and negligent manner and further for having contravened the provisions of the Motor Vehicles Act, and was sentenced to pay an aggregate fine of Rs. 110 or in default two months' and three days' rigorous imprisonment.

A Triuvarur message says, cyclonic weather of the worst type accompanied by heavy rains swept over the Tanjore area for about 36 hours causing considerable damage to the betel and plantain fields. The roofs of several houses were blown off while several walls collapsed. A large number of trees were uprooted.

Visapur Jail Grant Surprise

(continued from page 1)

brought a proposal before the House for a token grant of Rs. 10 in connection with the revision of the salary of the solicitors of Government.

Taking the cue from the ruling of the then President. (Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola) Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi suggested to the Home Member for the withdrawal of the present demand and to bring it before the House either at the Budget time or in the form of a resolution.

Sir Robert Bell, the Home Member, said that the Government had come forward with a token demand having regard to the fact that the money had already been provided for in the Budget for the conversion of Visapur Jail into a permanent one.

The President, however, could not see his way to allow the demand. Subsequently the token demand was withdrawn.

Supplementary Grant

The Finance Member moved that a supplementary grant be made to meet the expenditure on account of the celebrations of His Majesty's Silver Jubilee. The sanction of the Legislative Council was sought for a grant of Rs. 1,36,500 (Rs. 1,02,213 on account of illumination and Rs. 34,287 on account of Durbar and other charges), to cover the total expenditure on Jubilee celebrations. The House passed the demand.

Sir Robert Bell, the Home Member, asked for a supplementary grant of Rs. 2,50,000 for additional expenditure on account of the Reforms work. All the Collectors in the Presidency of Sind have been asked to prepare a provisional Electoral Roll for the Bombay Legislative Assembly, Sind Legislative Assembly and the Bombay Legislative Council under the new Franchise qualifications.

The provisional Rules have almost been completed, and the total expenditure incurred in that connection comes to Rs. 2,28,300. Some other expenditure has been incurred and also is anticipated on account of the Bombay and Sind Provincial Delimitation Committee. There will be further expenditure on account of the Special Sind Separation Officer, which should be later recovered from the Government of India. The total extra votable expenditure has been estimated at Rs. 2,50,000.

Sind After Separation

In this account, Sheikh Abdul Majid (Sind, Mahomedan) asked what would be the position of Sind after separation.

Sir Robert Bell replied that the Hon. Member should look to his own Government in Sind after separation.

SURGEON-GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Sir Shah Nawaz Bhutto, the Minister for Local Self-Government, next sought the approval of the Council to the recurring expenditure involved in future in connection with the transfer of the Surgeon-General's Office from Poona to Bombay by a token demand for Rs. 10.

The Minister for Local Self-Government, after referring to the history of the transfer of the office of the Surgeon-General to Poona, said that conditions had altered since the transfer.

He said that the office was to be located in vacant wards at St. George's Hospital.

Rao Saheb Kulkarni wanted to move for a cut of one rupee in the token grant.

The President explained to the House the futility of the censure motion, unless it was well organised.

Thereupon Rao Saheb Kulkarni did not move his amendment.

TOKEN GRANT OPPOSED

Opposing the token grant, Rao Saheb Kulkarni, said that the transfer of the Surgeon-General's Office from Poona to Bombay was in contravention of the recommendations of the Thomas Committee.

The speaker had doubts whether it was the intention of the Government, by effecting this transfer, to influence the political tendencies of those medicos in the city who had been confirmed Nationalists and Congressites.

I have asked the opinion of a Senior Medical Officer in Bombay whether he was agreeable to this transfer, added the Rao Saheb, and he had said "no".

Dr. Gilder: We have plenty of officers in Bombay; we do not want more. (Laughter).

Why should we take this additional burden at the fag end of this Council? Let it be taken up by the new Council under the new Constitution continued Rao Saheb Kulkarni.

Thakore of Kerwada: Have you any objection, if the headquarters of the Surgeon-General were to be at Ahmedabad?

Rao Saheb Kulkarni: No. (Laughter).

Mr. D. Sinclair Kennedy (Bombay Europeans) supporting the proposal, explained his motives in asking some supplementary questions the other day on this very question of transfer of the Surgeon-General's Office from Poona to Bombay.

Now his fears have been set at rest, as he had since learnt that the welfare of the sick and the suffering would not in any way be affected by the location of the Surgeon-General's Office in St. George's Hospital.

Dr. V. J. Vaishampayan supporting the demand said that the transfer of the Surgeon-General's Office to Bombay was a boon to the medical profession. It was a move in the right direction. Referring to the expenditure of the St. George's Hospital, he said that they were top-heavy as much as Rs. 13 was being spent per bed. He was sure that the presence of the Surgeon-General in Bombay would help to curtail the top-heavy expenditure.

Dr. M. B. Gilder said that he wanted to use the same arguments of Rao Saheb Kulkarni in support of the demand. It might be true that Rao Sahib Kulkarni heard on the Apollo Bunder that the move of the Surgeon-General's Office from Poona to Bombay had some political significance; but there were many medical men in Bombay, who though not of the Congress, were with the Congress. If many of them had not joined the Congress, it was not because of want of sympathy. Many of them had sacrificed for the Congress and would continue to do so whether the Surgeon-General was in Bombay or not.

The speaker deprecated the attitude of some of the members, in condemning everything Indian, including the proposition brought before the House, by Indian Ministers. The speaker said that Bombay doctors would like to have the Surgeon-General amidst them. Bombay was the first City in India which had the largest number of medical experts, and hence the Surgeon-General should have his office in Bombay.

MINISTER'S POWER TAKEN AWAY

The Doctor then referred to the power of appointing the Surgeon-General and said that previously the Minister had the right to appoint the Surgeon-General, but now the power had been taken over by the Governor-General-in-Council, though the appointment was actually made by the Director-General of the Medical Department.

Since then Surgeon-Generals had come from outside without any local knowledge of which the I.C.S. men were very proud. He wished that at least hereafter medical men with local knowledge were appointed as Surgeon-Generals.

NOT AT ST. GEORGE'S

Dr. S. H. Prater speaking as a member of the Managing Committee of the St. George's Hospital, welcomed the move to transfer the Surgeon-General's Office from Poona to Bombay but he could not support the location of the office at the St. George's Hospital.

The St. George's Hospital had been traditionally used by Europeans and Anglo-Indians. The Re-Organisation Committee had recommended that Indians with European standard of living should also be admitted hereafter. The doctor thought that the number of inpatients would hereafter increase regularly and thus relieve the congestion in the other hospitals in the City. A fair trial had not been given to the recommendations of the Re-Organisation Committee, and he did not see any reason why the capacity of the Hospital should be curtailed by locating the Surgeon-General's Office there.

Dr. J. A. Collaco deprecating the move of Mr. Kulkarni said that the location of Surgeon-General's Office in Poona would be like managing the Bombay Mills from a mofussil town.

Mr. G. S. Gangoli opposed the move, as he thought that it was not an urgent necessity at present.

Sir Rafiuddin Ahmad supporting the move said that it had been absolutely proved that the removal of Surgeon-General's Office to

(continued on page 10 col 7)

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade — *"The Silver Key"*

WADE INTERVIEWS MARY LANE, FORMER WARD OF THE MURDERED MILLIONAIRE--
YOU LIVED WITH HERVEY LYNE UNTIL FIVE YEARS AGO--WHY DID YOU LEAVE MISS LANE?
BECAUSE OF HIS TEMPER, INSPECTOR--HE BECAME IMPOSSIBLE-
HE WAS ALWAYS QUICK-TEMPERED, BUT AFTER HE STARTED TO GO BLIND, HE GOT MUCH WORSE-HE TRUSTED NOBODY, NOT EVEN BINNY, WHO HAD TO WRITE HIS CHECKS FOR HIM-
HOW DID YOUR GUARDIAN KEEP TRACK OF HIS FORTUNE, IF HE WAS AS BLIND AS ALL THAT?-
HE KEPT IT ALL IN HIS HEAD--HE HAD A MARVELOUS MEMORY-
ONE LAST QUESTION, MISS LANE--WHAT DO YOU KNOW ABOUT THIS KEY?
I CAN'T BE POSITIVE, INSPECTOR-BUT IT LOOKS VERY FAMILIAR!
10-29
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LYMAN ANDERSON

Mayor's Literacy Drive In City

FIRST ATTACK ON HARIJAN CHAWLS

Submits Ambitious Scheme To Schools Committee

At their meeting held on Wednesday, the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee unanimously agreed to refer to a Sub-Committee of the whole Committee, for consideration and report, an ambitious scheme for the liquidation of mass illiteracy in the City submitted by Mr. K. F. Nariman, Mayor of Bombay.

Fulfilling Promise

Mr. Nariman's move is in fulfilment of the promise made by him publicly on more than one occasion that if a sufficient number of voluntary workers were forthcoming he would take the lead in launching a campaign against illiteracy.

In his letter dated the 13th November to the Schools Committee requesting their co-operation and help in the matter, Mr. Nariman says:—

VOLUNTARY AID.

For some time past, I am considering a scheme to promote adult education and to spread mass literacy in our City. Finding that in view of the financial condition both of our Municipality, as well as the Government, it is not possible to achieve that object through these institutions, I have been endeavouring to secure the same end through voluntary aid. I have appealed to educated youths, particularly to students, to spare some time out of their leisure hours in every week, to spread literacy amongst the poorer classes of the population in the City, and I feel confident, that in response to my appeal I will be able to secure a fairly large number of voluntary teachers, who would be willing to undertake this welfare work without any remuneration, probably some small travelling allowance may have to be given. I expect to get good response from our Municipal teachers also.

I think that some Municipal school buildings with equipments, and some Municipal and Improvement Trust Chawls may be made available, for conducting such free literacy classes, which will mostly meet either on Sundays or Holidays or at night after working hours.

TO BEGIN WITH HARIJANS

As for the present the problem for the whole City is too vast and difficult to solve, I have considered it advisable in the beginning to confine this activity in our Harijan quarters and start as experimental measures, such free night and Sunday and Holiday free classes in the Municipal quarters, where a large population of the Harijans, mostly employees of the Municipality, are residing. These areas are selected, because we can concentrate in the beginning on small areas and carry on our activities with a population over whom we exercise certain amount of control and supervision. Besides under the new Franchise Rules, Harijans under the Scheduled Classes, particularly the women, will have an additional incentive to become literate; because thereby they would get the additional advantage of the right to vote in the ensuing new Councils.

I, therefore, propose as an experimental measure in the beginning to start some free night classes both for Kathiawadi as well as Marathi sections for adults as well as children's education in all Harijan centres, thot is conservancy chawls and quarters belonging to the Bombay Municipality. We can also get full statistics and particulars with regard to this section of the population.

COST OF SCHEME

Although the teaching staff may be free and other requirements may also be supplied without much cost, still some expenditure will have to be incurred for free supply of books as well as other incidental necessary charges, such as some travelling allowances, etc. I therefore, apply that a sum at least of Rs. 5,000 may be made available by the Schools Committee in its ensuing budget to make this experiment a success and the Schools Committee should undertake this work for supervision and control. In case we succeed in this small venture, the activities may be spread in other labour areas.

I am informed by experts that a course of 3 to 6 months, consisting of 6 to 8 hours training a week, is quite sufficient to enable the adult as well as the juvenile population to be able to read and write; and even also to read newspapers, etc. A simple and easy curriculum may be fixed.

New Delhi, Nov. 20.—The Tashi Lama is expected to reach Lhasa in March. Captain Battye is now carrying on the work of Mr. Williamson, the late Political Officer at Sikkim. It is not yet decided as to who will succeed him.

DON'T LET THIS HAPPEN TO YOU

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VITEX

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Agent for Ahmedabad: M/S S. K. GHOSE & Co., KAPASIA BAZAAR.

EX-MINISTER DECLINES SEAT

Madras Elementary Education Committee

(From Our Correspondent.)

MADRAS, Nov. 19.

Dr. P. Subbaroyan and Mr. C. R. Reddy, M.L.C., have declined to serve on the Committee which the Government propose to constitute for advising them regarding the best method of framing a scheme for the introduction of compulsory elementry education for all boys of school going age, in places with a population of 50,000 and over.

It is understood, the Committee, as presently arranged, will consist of the Education Minister as Chairman, Director of Public Instruction, the Commissioner of Labour, the Secretary to Government in the Education Department, Sir S. Radhakrishnan and a few others.

EGYPT AND INDIA

(Continued from page 6).

to work the constitution, and in spite of all the efforts of British Imperialism and the Palace Party, they always secured triumping majorities in all elections, and for some years assumed complete control of the administration. Since then the political struggle in Egypt has centred round the three main issues; the Wafdists, pledged to remove the obnoxious reservations mentioned above and Britain obstinately resisting, particularly on the question of Sudan and the army. As soon as the popular party in power began to assert itself and refused to be mere puppets of the British, the latter, in spite of clear terms in the constitution, prohibiting interference in internal affairs, under one pretext or another, constantly encroached upon the constitutional rights of Egyptians, even insisting upon formation of particular Ministries from favourite parties, though they were in minorities. The first serious crisis occurred very shortly after the first elections, when Zaghlulists in power refused to sanction the military expenditure and deleted that item from the budget, thus attempting to gain their objective, through the constitution. A dead-lock followed, both sides refusing to yield and Parliament was dissolved. But each dissolution and subsequent election, increased the strength and power of the Zaghlulists, who in spite of all the resistance and obstacles, stuck to their posts, always assumed responsibilities of administration and refused to quit, unless they were driven out, by use of extraordinary power and at times even by show of military force.

The Crisis

The opponents tried all the tactics, in order to oust them. They suspended the new wider franchise rules, so as to give a better chance to the more docile and submissive Palace party, but these unfair means, only increased the popularity of the Peoples' party. At last the British Imperialist autocrat, Baron Lloyd, on two or three occasions, became so desperate when the Wafdist Cabinet refused to yield to his threats and bluffs, that he actually ordered out British gun-boats from Malta and Gibraltar, giving an ultimatum to the Egyptian Government that the Cabinet should be dissolved and a new Ministry of his choice be appointed.

However one effect of thus overshooting the mark was to bring together at least for the time being, during the great National crisis, all the Egyptian parties, so that the summoning of the British gunboats, instead of dealing a fatal blow to Egyptian nationalism, indirectly rendered a great political service. The newly consolidated and unified Egyptian National front compelled even that swell-headed British autocrat to yield and Baron Lloyd had to leave the bank of the Nile, being re-called before his term expired, defeated, humiliated.

(To Be Continued.)

NEGUS, THE KING OF KINGS

(continued from page 6)

versary or on the coronation day, he receives the people in three separate groups, of the diplomats, the state servants and all and sundry. They are allowed to come and greet His Majesty personally. The diplomats have the right of a few minutes of conversation, a glass of champagne and a few dry cakes. The state servants are authorised personally to salute the Emperor who shakes hands with them, while all others salute His Majesty in group and then retire ....

(To Be Continued.)

The Co-operative Conference of Central India, Rajputana and Gwalior will be held at Indore on the 26th, 27th and 28th instant. His Highness the Maharaja Holkar of Indore will open the Conference on the 26th. Mr. V. Ramdas Pantulu, President, All-India Co-operative Institutes' Association, will preside over the Conference.

CONSPIRACY TRIAL

Approver's Story Of Secret Societies In Titaghur Case

CALCUTTA, Nov. 20.

Two approvers were examined to-day in the Titaghur Conspiracy Case in which 31 persons are charged with waging war against the King, before the Special Tribunal at Alipore.

One of the approvers related a story of intimate friendship growing between him and Satyabrate Ghose, accused, at Barisal, who used to give him books, and say that in order to gain independence for India they must overthrow the British Government by armed revolution. This end would be attained by forming secret organisation and collection of arms and ammunition. There was no need to form a new organisation but they would work through the existing ones.

The approver joined the Party in 1931 and has since then mixed with several others and used to talk to them. Since then he had been supplied with seditious books during the vacation. Subsequently the approver mixed with other persons learnt that the Party he belonged to was the "Anusilan Samity." Another party was called the "Advanced Revolutionary Group." Later on, the approver learnt that an attempt was being made to amalgamate these two groups. He was cautioned as searches were being continued.

Hearing is proceeding.—A.P.

TRAGIC END OF PARTY ENMITY

How Eight Persons Were Burnt To Death In Ramnad Village

MADURA, November 20.

Fuller details are now available regarding alleged incendiarism and murder in a village in Ramnad District resulting in the death of seven persons. The boy who was reported to be lingering has since died bringing the death-roll to be eight, including two women.

The tragedy took place in broad day light on Sunday in Nadu Soorangudi village near Sattur, mostly inhabited by Adi Dravida converts to Catholic faith. It appears that there has been ill-feeling between two sections among them. On the day of the occurrence a man belonging to the majority party went shopping when a quarrel ensued between him and some members of the rival group during which he is alleged to have been stabbed. He reported the matter to his people who, mustering in large numbers, proceeded to wreak vengeance.

INCENDIARISM

The opposite party fearing an attack took shelter in a certain house when a crowd surrounded the house.

The owner and the village teacher remonstrated with the crowd vainly. Finally they were compelled to flee for their lives. The house, it is alleged, was then set on fire and when one of the refugees attempted to escape, he was battered to pieces and his head thrown into the fire. Altogether, three houses were reduced to ashes. When the police rushed to the scene they found the village completely deserted. The corpses were removed to Sattur for postmortem. Sattur police held an inquest when a verdict of murder followed by incendiarism was recorded.

The police have registered a case against 29 persons in this connection.—A.P.

Air Ambulances In Italo-Ethiopian Conflict

NEW DELHI. (By Mail)

Prince Bibesco, President of the International Air Federation, has been in conference with the representatives of the International Red Cross as to the contribution which private airmen might make in air ambulance work in connection with the campaign in Africa. The Red Cross, in accordance with its tradition of impartiality and disinterestedness has offered assistance to both sides. The Italian Red Cross Society, however, has announced that it is equipped to meet all requirements. The Ethiopian Red Cross on the other hand, has asked for assistance from abroad, and particularly for ambulance aeroplanes.

Prince Bibesco has communicated to all the national Aero Clubs affiliated to the International Air Federation, for their information, a statement regarding the relief operations already being carried out, and data relating to the role which might be assumed by private airmen, with special emphasis on the service they could render in transporting personal and medical stores.—A.P.

"GIVE UP HINDU RELIGION"

Ambedkar's Leaflets Explain Yeola Decision For Conversion

NASIK (By Mail.)

Thousands of leaflets signed by Dr. Ambedkar are being sent for distribution among the Depressed Classes throughout the country explaining the circumstances under which the Yeola decision advising the Harijans to give up the Hindu religion was reached.

The leaflets detail the numerous sacrifices made by the Harijans and the hardships and difficulties experienced by them in their attempts during the last six years to secure equality of status and treatment. The Kalaram Temple Satyagraha at Nasik is given as example of the futility of their efforts to secure the right of temple entry.

The Leaflets therefore advise the Harijans that under the circumstances they had no other go but to give up the Hindu religion. The advise concludes with an appeal for unity in the ranks of the Depressed Classes.—A. P.

MAHASABHA PRESIDENTSHIP

Reception Committee Nominations

POONA (By Mail.)

At a meeting of the Reception Committee of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha held recently, (1) Shreemant Pratap Sheth of Amalner, (2) Sheth Vallabh Daoji of Yela, (3) Rao Bahadur Hanumant Ram Nath of Poona, and (4) Sheth Gulab Chand Hira Chand of Sholapur, were elected Vice-Chairmen of the Reception Committee.

Among prominent names that have been suggested by the different Provincial Hindu Sabhas for the presidentship of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha session are the names of Dr. Radhakumad Mukherjee, Pandit Malaviya, and Mahatma Lala Hansraj of Lahore. These and other names will be forwarded to provincial bodies and they will be asked to make a final choice from amongst them.

It has been decided to hold the All-India Shuddhi Sabha also with the Mahasabha session as also the All-India Hindu Women's Conference. The former meets on the 31st December.

The dates of the session have been fixed on 29th, 30th and 31st December. The session will begin on the morning of December 29. The Subjects Committee will meet on the morning and evening of December 28. The next meeting of the Reception Committee has been fixed for December 8.—United Press.

FUTURE OF SHAHIDGUNJ

Muslim M.L.C.s Wait On Finance Member

LAHORE, Nov. 29.

A press communique says:—A deputation of the Muslim members of the Legislative Council waited upon the Finance Member on 19th November, 1935. Discussion centered round the declaration of the policy of the Government in connection with the Shahidgunj affair recently made by the Finance member in the Legislative Council.

The Hon. member promised that the views of the deputation would receive the full and immediate consideration of the Government. —United Press.

Forty Arrested Sequel To Cock-Fight Betting

KARACHI, Nov. 20.

The report of a cock-fighting contest leading to 40 arrests has been received from Jocobabad. It is stated that the villagers of Chanderi arranged a cock-fight without police permits. A large number of persons congregated and there was betting on the result of the fight, the highest amount being over Rs. 100.

The police rushed to the spot and arrested 40 persons whereupon the crowds dispersed.—A. P.

Aerodrome For Cutch

RAJKOT. (By Mail)

Arrangements are being made to construct an aerodrome in the Capital City of Cutch State, which will be declared open by His Excellency the Viceroy, who will arrive by air during the last week of January, 1936

The location of new aerodrome in Cutch is designed in such a manner as to afford a suitable halting place to Tata Air Mail Service and thus enable the planes to shorten the air route between Karachi and Madras.—A. P.

Ryder's Tribute To Indian Cricketers

BOMBAY WILL PRODUCE BEST PLAY, HOPES AUSTRALIAN SKIPPER

(From Our Special Correspondent)

KARACHI, November 20.

"We have met some really good bowlers and batsmen in the course of the matches that we have played so far", said Ryder Captain of the Australian Team in an interview on his arrival at the first provincial cricket centre in the programme of their tour.

Ryder said that both their batting and bowling had impressed him considerably and if he might say so their bowling had been much stronger than their batting. At Jamnagar and Ajmer, the Indian attack had been exceptionally keen, and was supported by good ground fielding, "and I do not think we could have wished to meet with stiffer opposition."

TRIBUTE TO BOWLERS

"It was difficult to mention names, he said, but he could say that Ramji had bowled very well under rather difficult circumstances both at Rajkot and Jamnagar as also did Dr. Gurtu and Bradshaw of the Ajmer Team. He also made mention in this connection of C. S. Nayudu and Narsingrao, Kesari, who bowled Ryder at the first ball at Rajkot. C. S. Nayudu, said the Australian Captain, was the first slow bowler they had met with who had a really a good slow ball, of the type that beat Nagel at Ajmer and Kesari too was really dangerous at times.

As regards batting, Ryder declared he had been told that India had many more batsmen of the type they had already played against and even better ones. Indian cricket must be exceptionally fortunate to have such fine material and he expected they would produce their best at Bombay where they would meet on turf wickets and he was looking forward to some really keen games there.

BUDDING BATSMAN

Asked as to who had impressed him with their batting, Ryder mentioned Manilal, Hansrai and Indravijayasinji of Jamnagar last of whom he said was really a promising batsman of the dashing type.

Asked if Australians had been in any way extended so far or they were keeping a lot in reserve Ryder said all he could say was that they were not at their best on matting wicket and they felt they would do certainly better when they came on to turf wickets.

In reply to questions whether any of the Australians would like to remain in India to help Indian Cricket development, Ryder said he could say nothing on the subject but if proper inducement were to be held out some players would very likely consider that possibility.

No Counterblast To Missionary Work

HARIJAN UPLIFT MOVEMENT WILL CONTINUE, SAYS RAJEN BABU

ELLORE, Nov. 20.

The assurance that the Harijan uplift work undertaken by the Congress would not abate on account of some among them leaving their faith, was conveyed by the Congress President replying to an address presented to him on behalf of the members of the Harijan Colony at Vennavalli in the interior of Ellore.

Babu Rajendra Prasad said "The Harijan uplift work of the Congress is never intended to be a counterblast to the missionary work. It has been prompted by the feeling that justice and equality must be done to our down-trodden brethren. So there is no question that the Harijan uplift work will abate on account of some Harijans leaving their faith. It will continue till all Harijans are absorbed into the Hindu community with equal rights and privileges as other castes enjoying at present."—United Press.

TAKE CARE

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Gargle Listerine twice a day

Exposure to crowds, draughts, wet feet, all are causes of colds. They lower resistance, make it easy for the germs of the mouth and throat to cause disease.

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Try Listerine Tooth Paste. You will like its pleasant taste as well as its quick cleansing action.

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E-86

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"Chronicle"
Congress Jubilee Number

TO BE PUBLISHED ON
Sunday, 29th December

In connection with the celebration of the Golden Jubilee of the Indian National Congress, the issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" on Sunday, 29th December 1935, will be published as a Special Jubilee Number.

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Camera-Craft And Art

Reveal New Regions Of Unobserved Beauty

(By "OUR ART CRITIC.")

The camera has arrived young, free and with promise of almost infinite growth. The exhibits of the First International Salon of Photographic Art at the Town Hall are, consequently, a rare joy. They are at once instructive as well as inspiring; instructive for the craftsman, inspiring for the artist. The camera educates the eye and leads to newer and newer region of unobserved beauty in daily life. It does so because it is, as yet, an unfettered medium of expression and interpretation of beauty. It is free to experiment and grow. It can afford to be honest, translate beauty as it sees—without aping conventions of "respectable" cut, pattern or style. To the extent to which it sacrifices this honest independence and self-respecting distinction to that extent it deteriorates into a cheap, mechanical device for technical ingenuities and mannerisms. It is or should be, obvious from the exhibits, collected from twenty-five countries at the Town Hall that the way to this distinctive freedom has been difficult if not entirely slow. There are, in the exhibition, traces of all the stages of the emergence and growth of photography as art. Portraiture, the delicacies of the miniature painter, text illustration and, finally, the inhibitions of art for art's sake—all proclaim the subservient craftsman of the camera. He is, of course, present at the Salon of the Camera Pictorialists.

THE COURAGEOUS ARTIST

But with him is present also the artist whose courageous understanding and appreciation, has indisputably, earned for photography its rank and status as independent art Alike the infinite potentialities of his medium and of the unfathomed wealth of beautiful forms, patterns and texture of modern life, has earned, indisputably, for photography its rank and status as an independent and vital art.

"The Central Park," by A. Edward (U.S.A.); "The Dieppe Express," by H. Bairstow (England); "Under the Olives," by M. Barford (England); "Lobo" by J. Barby (U.S.A.); "Witch Tree", by B. Benson (U.S.A.); "Wavy Sand", by H. Bertelsmann (U.S.A.) "Malia," by I. Bertogilo (Italy); "West Port", by J. Black (S. Africa); "Reflections", by E. W. Bew (U.S.A.); "Old Linen", by Mrs. R. Brownell (U.S.A.); " Le Parada," by B. A. Campana (Spain); "Lines" and "Immensity" by G. Cesare (Italy); "Chapter House Steps", by R. Chalmers (England); "Daybreak", by F. Csik (Hungary); "Imagination-Fear-Madness", by F. R. Dapprich (U.S.A.); "Cattle Tracks", by J. Eaton (Australia); "White Night", by A. Fassbender (U.S.A.); "The Sentinel," by W. Hammond (England); "Light's Design" and "Cart Wheels", by J. Helders (U.S.A.); "Dishes", by H. Kira (U.S.A.); "Summer Morning", by Luke Monte (Australia); "Primming", by J. M. Magee (U.S.A.); "Porcelain", by M. C. Meyboom (Holland); "Herbstmorgen", by M. Newmuller (Austria); "Force Unfolding", by A. Oudtshoorn (South Africa); "The Poor Old Man", by G. Presser (Austria); "Crescendo" by E. W. Quigley (U.S.A.); "After the Storm", by G. Slade (U.S.A) "Fishing Harbour In Capri", by R. Sulke (Austria); "Gysy", by T. Dever (U.S.A.); "Bronze", by Madame Yuonne (England); "Morning Hues," by N. B. Cooper (Bombay); "Chota Hazri", by K. J. Khandalavala (Bombay); "The Potter", by B. Kumar (Simla); "Sunlit Alley" by N. J. Nalawalla (Bombay); "Evening Glory" and "Evening on the Hills", by F. R. Ratnagar (Bombay); "Roda", by J. A. Unwalla (Bombay); "The End of Day", by F. D. Wadia (Poona);—these are exhibits worth studying for their artistic distinction.

They are, in varying degrees, free from the pretty, melodramatic, theatrical subjects, from the painter's conventions from the preoccupation with technical ingenuities and from the distracting skill in printing processes.

LANDSCAPE AND ARCHITECTURE

Take the landscapes and architectural subjects, for example. Look at the treatment of the steps by R. Chalmers (34), by G. F. D. Ellis (53), and by E. Vadas (172). In composition, in the gradation of light and lines towards the central point of interest Chalmers reveals the artist's approach. Ellis is pre-occupied with tones and neglects composition and Vadas chronicles merely a camera statement. Look at the "White Night" by A Fassbender (56), "The Lindberg Beacon" (75), 'The Lighted Corner' (73), or "The Fishing Harbour in Capri (159), and the difference betwen the artist in (56) and (159) and the mere craftsman in (75) and (78) would be obvious.

THE NUDES AND THE PORTRAITS

Or, again, observe the false high-lights and forced, oily smoothness of the nudes, the over-refinement of feminine portraits and the over-harsh shadows of masculine features to appreciate the thoughtful adjustment of light and body contour and texture in 'Gysy" by D. Timmons (167), or the character interpretation in "The Poor Old Man" by G. Presser (143). One has only to observe the "Lines" by G. Cesare (30) 'The Cart Wheels" by J. Helders (74), "Herbstmorgen" by M. Neumuller (130), "The Force Unfurling", by Oudstshoorn (136), and 'Cattle Tracks" to know the eye that has observed and experienced beauty and the skill that has honestly communicated it.

NEW HORIZONS

The transparent curves of the "Dishes", (100) the smooth lustre of "Porcelain" (124), and, finally, the combination of all those elusive qualities in "Old Linen" (27) are sufficiently indicative of the new horizons the camera artist is reaching, horizons inaccessible to the mere craftsman who trifles with the highlights of oily nudes and bleached prettiness.

THE PROCESS, TEXTURE, ATMOSPHERE

Compare "The Dieppe Express" (5), "Primming" (120), and the "End of the Day" (244) to note how Bromoil transfer, Chloride, and Gevaluxe reveal more than the skill in these processes. They contribute positively to the meaning and atmosphere of the picture. The mount of the "Primming" is particularly noteworthy as being in harmony with the texture and atmosphere secured by the process.

SIGNIFICANT COMPOSITION

"The Witch Tree" (12) reminiscent of the placing and graphic patterns of old Japanese prints, "The Sentinel," (65) the picture of lonely pathos accentuated by well-regulated dark masses and "Evening Glory" (227), another well-placed picture suggest how a proper appreciation of painting can help to guide the camera-craftsman towards significant composition. The Chloride print of the "Witch Tree" is an illustration of the process perfectly appropriate to the composition and appeal of the picture.

MODERN NOTE AND TEMPO

The super-imposed images in "Imagination-Fear-Madness" (41) suggestive of the cinema technique, the oblique angle of the "Ants and Beetles" (77), "Force" (103), and "Crescendo," (144) marks the modern note and tempo of the camera. The "Reflections" (24), and the "Potter" (218) show the unforced beauty of the most ordinary incidents and experiences of life. The fidelity with which the camera artists interprets light without destroying the beauty of the painted surface of the boat or the translucent surface of the water, the smooth surface of the clay-pot and the dull uneven clay clods on the potter's fingers is indeed education for the eye.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY

One would like to claim more space for all that one sees, feels understands and enjoys as one lingers hour after hour in the instructive and inspiring study of the new regions of art conquered by the camera new forms, patterns texture and colour of beauty explored by the camera artist. But that space is not available and one can only indicate the indispensable necessity for all those honestly and seriously interested in art and the new regions of beauty it unfolds to visit the First International Salon of Photographic Art at the Town Hall.

LIBERAL FEDERATION

Madras Chooses Natesan For Presidentship

MADRAS, Nov. 20.

At a meeting of the Madras Liberal League, Sir P. S. Sivaswami Iyer presiding, Mr. G. A. Natesan was nominated as its first choice and Mr. T. R. Venkatarama Sastri, its second choice for the presidency of the forthcoming session of the Liberal Federation. The League passed a condolence resolution on the death of Mr. Devadhar.

An aggregate sentence of fifteen years' rigorous imprisonment was passed to-day by Rai Sahib Ram Nath Luthra, Special Magistrate, Lahore, on one Bahadur Khan, a former clerk in the office of the Deputy Director of Agriculture, Rawalpindi. The accused was charged with embezzlement of government money to the extent of Rs. 21,000 cheating and forgery.

Our Gujarat Letter

AHMEDABAD STUDENTS' CONFERENCE

Prof. K. T. Shah Will Preside

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, Nov. 17.

The Ahmedabad Students Conference, organised by "Ahmedabad Students League," will be held at Ahmedabad on November 30, and December 1, under the presidentship of Prof. K. T. Shah. The Conference will discuss problems of education as well as the needs of the student world.

HARIJAN DAY.

The Kaira District Congress Committee will observe December 29 as Harijan Day during the Congress Jubilee Week. In Surat, Ahmedabad, Nadiad, Broach and other places brisk preparations are going on for celebrating the Golden Jubilee.

It is understood that the visit of Mahatma Gandhi in the month of January to Ahmedabad will be utilised by local workers to discuss the Kavitha Harijan problem for finding a way out of the impasse.

U. P. SPECIAL POWERS BILL PASSED

LUCKNOW, Nov 19.

When the U.P. Legislative Council met to-day with Sir Sitaram in the chair. Kunwar Maharaj Singh, the Home Member, moved the United Provinces Special Powers (Extending) Bill for the consideration of the House. The visitors' gallery was full and among the distinguished visitors was Pt. Krishna Kant Malaviya, M.L.A.

After Thakur Hanuman Singh opposed the Bill on behalf of the Nationalist Party and some other members spoke, the closure was applied and accepted. Votes being taken the U. P Special Powers Bill was passed without a division being challenged.—United Press.

Saraswati Commercial Institute

The first annual gathering and prize distribution of the above institute was held on Sunday the 17th instant at R. M. B. High School of Gokhale Education Society, Parel After a musical performance by blind artistes of American Mission School in the form of prayers, the proceedings commenced with Prof. A. Correia Fernandes, M.A., Professor of Politics and Economics of St. Xavier's College, Bombay as President.

After the president's opening remarks, Principal, S. S. Nath, P.C.T. (London) read the report of the working of the school from its inception. Over 300 students have passed out of its portals, since its beginning with a handful of students about a year and a half ago Most of the students of the institute had secured positions in the commercial world soon after completing their courses of education. The principal expressed his thanks towards all who had helped the institution.

This was followed by a lecture by Mr. Dhonde, Principal of R. M. B High School on 'Aspects of Education

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Every child needs an adequate supply of Vitamin A and D, calcium and phosphorus, in order to build body and bone and healthy nerves. It is when the supply is insufficient that children over-tax their strength, become "weakly", irritable and contradictory.

Doctors prescribe this remedy

To restore normal health and vitality all that is needed is to make good this deficiency — and for this purpose doctors have for sixty years been prescribing SCOTT'S Emulsion. Made from the finest cod liver oil, rich natural source of Vitamin A, the growth vitamin, and Vitamin D which enables the body to use calcium to form sound bones and teeth, SCOTT'S Emulsion also contains the essential salts of calcium and phosphorus, making it *three times more effective than plain cod liver oil!* Children love SCOTT'S Emulsion; unlike plain cod liver oil, it has a very pleasant taste and is easily digested.

Proved lung tonic and strength-maker

SCOTT'S Emulsion is a proved remedy for coughs, colds and lung troubles. It breaks up a hard cough, soothes the throat and rebuilds lung tissues. Taken after fevers and other illnesses it builds up the body, enriches the blood and nourishes the nerves. Doctors recommend SCOTT'S Emulsion for all run-down conditions.

What SCOTT'S Emulsion does ...
- Builds sturdy flesh and bone
- Strengthens the nerves
- Guards the lungs against infection
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SCOTT'S Emulsion
— is 3 times more effective than plain cod liver oil
— is 80 times as good a bone-builder as butter
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A dessertspoonful of SCOTT'S Emulsion has the bone-building value of 2 pints of fresh milk or the yolks of 2 eggs, and has the growth-giving value of 2 lbs. of bananas

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 11 POINTS UP

Good Foreign And Trade Buying

GOLD AND SILVER EASY

Wheat Steady But Linseed Quiet And Jute Firm

BOMBAY, Nov 20

On Wednesday cross rates moved within a narrow range.

NEW YORK COTTON FIRM

New York cotton opened steady and thereafter improved further on good foreign and trade buying. There was increased hedge selling and liquidation yet prices ruled firm.

BULLION EASY

London gold and silver ruled easy.

WHEAT STEADY BUT LINSEED QUIET

Wheat ruled steady but linseed was quiet. Jute was firm but rubber was easy.

SECURITIES IN FAIR REQUEST

The London Stock Exchange displayed cheerful tone to-day on increasing enquiry. Giltedged securities were also in fair request.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1936.)

New York, Nov 20

Previous closing	11.60
To-day's opening	11.62
Difference	+02
To-day's closing	11.71
Difference	+.11

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1936.)

Liverpool, Nov 20

Previous closing	6.40
To-day's opening	6.42
Difference	+02
To-day's closing	6.43
Difference	+03

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May ..... Rs. 225-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Nov 20

Cotton was moderately active on foreign buying influenced by better Alexandria cables but business was restricted by uncertainty with regard to the Pool's future policy and the Bankhead Act.

Despite these setbacks the market was able to put a fairly good showing in face of further hedge selling and liquidation.

Trading in March commenced at 11.62 i.e. 2 points higher than previous closing. Prices improved on better Liverpool cables and foreign buying coupled with trade purchases with March rising to 11.68. Thereafter the demand somewhat slowed down but the undertone kept steady as offers were being readily absorbed.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 11.71 with a rise of 11 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Nov 20

The following were the closing ranges:—

December (11.75/11.74) 11.81/11.80
January (11.70/11.68) 11.75/11.75
March (11.57/11.56) 11.63/11.62

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Nov 20

The following were the rates at 12-15 p m

American December (6.48) 6.49
American January (6.45) 6.46
Egyptian November (9.26) 9.34
Egyptian January (8.86) 8.94

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov 20

Broach Cotton for Apr-May delivery moved around Rs. 225 and Rs. 225-8 at night. The rate at 10-30 p.m. was Rs. 225-8 with New York futures about 8 points up.

Tenders For Sterling

On Wednesday, the 20th November 1935, tenders to the amount of £75,000 at 1s. 6 1/8d. were received and allotted in full.

£1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 27th November 1935 on the same conditions as previously announced.

Sterling purchased by the Reserve Bank of India during the week ended the 15th November 1935 was £55,000.

B. E. S. & T. COMPANY

Gross Receipts For October

Electric Supply for October 1935 Rs. 8,95,975; up to the end of October 1935 Rs. 82,47,768

Traction (Trams and Omnibuses) for October 1935 Rs. 6,40,933; up to the end of October 1935 Rs. 58,16,177

Increase over same period last year Rs. 3,37,526.

Help Kidneys

If Kidney Trouble or Bladder Weakness makes you suffer from Getting Up Nights, Nervousness, Dizziness, Rheumatism, Stiffness, Burning, Smarting, Itching or Acidity try the new discovery Cystex (Siss-tex). Guaranteed to end your troubles in 8 days or money back. At all chemists, or Muller Maclean, Bombay.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

I. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Nov 20

Previous closing	4.92 1/2
To-day's opening	4.92 1/2
To-day's closing	4.92 1/4

I. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Nov 20

Previous closing	4.92 5/16
To-day's opening	4.92 3/8
To-day's closing	4.92 5/16
Difference	unchanged

FRANC RATE

London, Nov 20

Previous closing	74.72
To-day's opening	74.72
To-day's closing	74.75
Difference	+03

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Nov 20

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.92 3/8 and then advanced to 4.92 7/16 movements thereafter being very narrow and uninteresting.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.92 5/16

Franc opened at 74.72 with no further fluctuations.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 74.75.

LONDON SILVER

London, Nov 20

The market was quiet

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	29 5/16d	29 5/16d
Forward	29 1/16d.	29d.

LONDON GULD

London, Nov 20

Gold per ounce (£7-1-6 1/2) £7-1-4 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, Nov 20

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

6 months (3/4 to 13/16 per cent) 3/4 to 13/16 per cent.

CROSS RATES

London, Nov 20
3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay	1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay	(5.63 5/8) 5.64 1/8
New York on Bombay	(37.18) 37.19
Berlin on Bombay	(0.93) 0.93
London on Milan	(60.68) 60.75
London on Shanghai	(1-2 1/2) 1-2 1/2
London on Kobe	(1-1 15/16) 1-1 15/16

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Nov 20

Silver opened quiet at Rs. 65/13, 66 and 66/5. Prices declined to-day on scattered selling and liquidation as a result of the absence of good cables from abroad while London advices were also somewhat disappointing. Prices closed quiet at Rs. 65/8, 65/11 and 66.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/15, 34/15 and 34/15. There was very little activity and prices moved in a narrow margin with operators hardly inclined to enter into fresh commitments. Prices closed steady at Rs. 34/15, 34/15 and 34/14/9.

HAPUR WHEAT MARKET

Hapur, Nov. 17.

The Indian markets did not fell so much as the markets should fell in view of the foreign markets and standing crops. The holding wheat strongly by two great Indian traders can be said only the reason of not falling rates in India. The wheat acreage in India has been sown this year 5 or 7 per cent more than last year which is germinated in good condition. The sowing report last year was of 3,31,58,000 acres. The private estimates of this year are considered of 3,50,00,000 acres. The surplus stock in India will remain more than last year as there is no ready demand anywhere. Stocks are laying same except Karachi. The Bombay mills have bought two ships of 6,000 tons of December shipment and 6,000 tons of January shipment of Australian wheat, of which wheat will deliver in December and January. The maize crop in East India has been gained good whose rate in East U.P. is Re. 1-10-0 per maund. The wheat prices will fell certainly in these conditions. The stockists should clear their stock at these current rates.

FOREIGN NEWS OF THIS WEEK.

Winter wheat has been sown 15 Lacs Acres more than last year in America and crop developing in good condition.

The crop in Australia is late but yield is expected good.

The rains in Argentine have raised the production estimates by which the prices have fallen there. On 3rd October there was the rate of 940 Pacific while on 7th November was 840 Pacific.

The prices in Canada have fallen from 87 1/2 Cents the fixed price by which the Grain Board of Canada is compelled to sell his old stock. If the polocy of selling declared the prices in Europe fell.

The acreage is sown very much in Russia and therefore she is selling and exporting regularily.

LOCAL RATES AND STOCK.

Wheat Ready Rs 2-11-3 Magsir Re. 2-11-6, Maha Rs. 2-11-9, Jeth Rs. 2-12-0 Stock wheat 689 Khatties.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov 20

Liverpool wheat opened steady with December at 71 3/4 and March 68 3/8. There was some speculative buying but business on the whole remained on a moderate scale

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov 20

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 0.97 1/2. Prices improved on fairly good demand from outside and commission house buying under the influence of encouraging outside cables.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Nov 20

The rates at 3-30 p m were as follows

METALS

Tin (£228 1/2 buyers £229 sellers. Barely steady) £224 buyers £224 1/2 sellers. Quiet

Linseed (£18 buyers £18 1/16 sellers. Barely steady) £17 13/16 buyers £17 7/8 sellers Easy.

Electrolytic Copper (£39 1/8 to £40) £39 1/8 to £39 3/4

Glasgow Iron (£74) £70

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Nov 20

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India sold. America bought. Market quiet"

JUTE

New Crop December January (£20 5/8 sellers) £20 7/8 sellers

Dunlop October November (£24) £24 1/4

Lightning October November (£22) £22 1/4

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11) 0-11

Indian Pekoe higher (1-4 1/2) 1-4 1/2

Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/4

Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-1) 1-9 3/4

RUBBER

Spot (6 1/4 paid and buyers) 6 3/16 paid and buyers

January March (6 3/8 paid and buyers) 6 5/16 paid and buyers

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay November December (£12 5/8 sellers) £12 5/8 sellers

Linseed Calcutta November-December (£12 1/4 sellers) £12 1/4 sellers

Linseed La Plata November (£9 7/8 sellers) £9 7/8 sellers

Groundnut Coromandal November (£13 1/2 sellers) £13 1/2 sellers

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1936 Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association).

Bombay, Nov 20

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	7 2 3
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 2 3
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7 1 [illegible]
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7 1 9
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	7 1 [illegible]
Rates at 8-0 p.m.	7 1 9
Rates at 10-0 p.m.	7 2 0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Nov 20

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat January	4 9 9
Wheat May	4 10 6
Linseed May	7 1 9

The tone was quiet.

WOOL SALES

Liverpool, Nov 20

Good selection met animated competition on general buying.

Greasy lower 0-6 1/2

Greasy higher 1-6 1/2

Scoured lower 0-11

Scoured higher 2-2

Numismatic Find

BARODA, (By Mail)

A recent find of old coins by a Harijan sweeper in one of the old wells in the Navasari District is regarded to be of considerable historical importance. These are being examined by Mr Manibhai of Baroda State Praja Mandal.—A. P.

Sharp Rise In Radio And Kaffir Shares

ACTIVITY IN INTERNATIONAL ISSUES

Wheat Tin And Rubber Easy

FURTHER DEPRECIATION IN FORWARD FRANC

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Nov 20

On the Stock Exchange outstanding features were activity in international issues among which radio corporations rose sharply and there was a good turnover in kaffirs on reports of lower working costs in certain mines.

Elsewhere both Japanese and Chinese bonds improved.

Among commodities wheat was in good demand but rubber eased again owing to uncertainties of the quota situation. Basemetals were rather flat. Tin particularly fell owing to expectations of arrival of large supplies.

Among exchanges forward franc further depreciated owing to uncertainties of the political situation while sterling received general continental support.

Wall Street opened firm and was very active unshaken by profit taking

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Nov 20

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £97 1/8

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES

Tuesday, November 12 £96 1/2
Wednesday, November 13 £96 1.2
Thursday, November 14, £96 3/4
Friday, November 15, £97 1 2
Monday, November 18 £97 1/2
Tuesday, November 19, £97 1/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Nov 20
3-30 p.m

There was brighter sentiment as business showed signs of expansion. Giltedged securities were firmer. Industrials generally showed some good features. Internationals and Oil shares were firm on renewed buying.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 1/8) £85 1/4

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107) £106 7/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£111 3/4) £111 3/4

4 per cent Funding Loan (£117) £116 7/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105 1/4) £105 1/4

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 3/8) £115 1/4

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (23-10 1/2) 23-10 1/2

Marks and Spencer Splits Share (4 1/2) 4 5/8

Hydro Electric (dol 5 1/8) dol 5 3/8

Musical Industries (27-1 1/2) 28-0

Princhin Johnson (43-9) 43-9

Imperial Chemical (37-7 1/2) 37-9

Imperial Chemical Ord (9-4 1/2) 9-4 1/2

Woolsworth New Ford (116-4 1/2) 115-9

Realisation 1930 (£82) £82 1/2

Dunlop Rubber (38-6) 39-6

University Ordinary (31-9) 31-9

Ford Motors (35-0) 34-3

Cable Wires (£9 1/8) £9 1/4

British American Tobacco (111-10 1/2) 111-10 1/2

Camera A (£8 1/2) £8 1/2

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (148-9) 148-9

P and O S N Company Defd (23-0) 23-0

Distillers (95-9) 95-9

Bred and Dyers (11-0) 11-0

British Celanese (14-3) 14-3

J and P Coates Ordinary (65-3) 65-3

Courtaulds Ordinary (55-9) 56-1 1/2

Fine Cotton Spinners (9-0) 8-6

Western Limited Ordinary (18-10 1/2) 18-6

Inter Nickels (38 1/8) 38 5/8

Bengal Iron and Steel (5-4 1/2) 5-4 1/2

Tata Iron and Steel (£104) £104 1/2

JUTE SHARES FAIRLY STEADY

Iron And Steel Issues Better

CALCUTTA, Nov 20

Jutes ruled fairly steady but volume business was not on a broad scale. Coals were more or less unchanged. Teas: Only solitary deal in Bishnauths marked upto 27/8. In miscellaneous India Wood Products further advanced upto 24/8 and Iron and Steel issues were a turn better. Government Securities opened steady, but closed easier. Following were the closing quotations.

Government Securities: Three per cent New Loan 1951/54 100; three half per cent Government Paper 95/5; three half per cent Loan 1947/50 104/6 small lot; four per cent Loan 1960/70 110/7; five per cent Loan 1945/55 119/2; five per cent Loan 1939/44 109/2; five three fourth per cent Punjab Bonds 1937 107/3.

Reserve Bank 126

Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar Ry rebate 94 small lot.

Kesoram cotton pref 117

Coals: Deoli 5/2; Minto 3/2; South Karanpura 3/14; West Jamuria 11/12.

Jutes: Agarpara pref 135; Albion 201/8 small lots; Adamjee ordy 15/7; Anglo India 402/8 small lot; Bally 193; Barnagore 138/8; Birla 14/8 small lots; Clive ordy 26; Fort Gloster 473/8 small lot ex div; Howrah 49/7 ex div; Kamarhatty 105; Lansdowne 159/8; Megna 21/8 small lot; National 23/6.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 8/2 small lot; Bengal Telephone ordy 18/8; Bengal Telephone pref 14/5; Dacca Elec 20; Mirzapore Elec 5/12; Patna Elec 18; Rawalpindi Elec 21/4; Bengal Iron 3/15; Indian Iron and Steel 8/15; B I Corpn ordy 3/15; B I Corpn pref 146; Britannia Biscuits 5/6; Calcutta Ice 8/13; Indian Cables 5; Indian Wood Products 24/8; Indian Paper pulp 181; Titaghur Paper defd 10/2; Port Shipping 16/8; Sugars: Basti 223; Nawabganj 153 small lots; Teas: Bishnauth 27/8; Debentures: Five half per cent 1915/42 Chowringhee Property 100; Six half per cent 1933/36/43 Hukumchand Mills 103/8—A. P.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Nov 20
3-30 p.m

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£98 1/2) £98 1/2

3 1/2 per cent India (£97) £97

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£113) £113 1/2

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£114 1/2) £114 1/2

4 per cent Indian 1948/53 (£107 1/2) £107 1/2

5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£113 Ex Div) £113

5 1/2 per cent Nov Indian 1954-58 (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£112 3/4) £112 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (21-6) 21-6

Donaro Tea (40-0) 40-0

Empire of India Ceylon (29-4 1/2) 29-4 1/2

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (24-6) 24-6

Gula Kelampong 23-1 1/2) 23-1 1/2

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (29-6) 29-6

JUTE SHARES

Bangalore (£10) £10

MINING SHARES

Nandy (62-9) 61-10 1/2

Burma Corporation (11-3) 11-3

Rio Tintos (£19 3/8) £19 3/4

East Rand Proprietors (59-3) 61-3

Rand Mines (£8 3/8) £8 3/8

MINE SHARES.

Crown Mines (£14) £14

Goddar New (£11 1/4) £11 3/8

Moddar New (£73-1 1/2) £73-9

Sub Nigel (£13 5/8) £13 5/8

Spring Mines Split Share (44-4 1/2) 45-0

Union Corporation (£8 1/2) £8 5/8

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela Persian (41-10 1/2) 41-3

Anglo Iranian (68-1 1/2) 68-1 1/2

Burma Oil (81-10 1/2) 83-9

Mexican Eagle (5-10 1/2) 6-1 1/2

Shell Transport (81-3) 81-3

Royal Dutch (£29 1/8) £29 1/8

HUME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£49 1/8) £49 1/8

L M Ford (£17 3/4) £17 3/4

L N E R Defd (£5 1/2) £5 1/2

Southern Dutch (£20 5/8) £20 1/4

London Paris 5 per cent (£132 1/2) £133

London Board G Stock (£106) £105 3/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Nov 20

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 58 1/8) dol 58 7/8

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 23 1/2) dol 23 1/2

U S Steel Common (dol 49 1/4) dol 50 3/8

U S Steel Preference (dol 115 3/4) dol 119

INDO-IRANIAN TRADE TALKS

Iranian Foreign Minister At Delhi

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20.

The Iranian Foreign Minister is reaching New Delhi to-morrow and staying in the Viceroy's House when negotiations with the Government of India about trade with Persia will start.

The British Minister in Teheran is already here in this connection.—United Press.

Comptroller Of Viceregal Household

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20.

A Communique says.—The Marquess of Linlithgow has appointed Capt. William Ernest Maxwell, at present Aide-de-Camp to the Commander-in-Chief, as Comptroller of the Viceregal Household with effect from the date of Lord Linlithgow's assumption of office as Viceroy of India.—A.P.

Prospects Of Rice Crop In India

Bullish Tendency Of Prices

Messrs. Goculdass Hunsraj of Calcutta have issued the following interesting report on the prospects of the rice crop of 1935-36 in British India including Burma:—

The estimated area sown is 74082000 for 1935/36 as against 75993000 for 1934/35. The condition of crops as reported from the Government department of Commerce and Statistics is fair. There will be however some adverse effect in North West and South Bengal due to total absence of the North Eastern showers. Taking the figure of 2,980,000, as the total yield in tonnage of entire Indian rice which includes the figure of 450,000 for Burma as the basis of 1934/35 crop, and basing our presumption for an estimate of this year's total Indian crop based on the area sown and taking weather conditions both in favour and against the possible prospects for 1935/36 crop we can safely assume that the total yield will not be less than 27500000 to 28000,000 of tons of which Burma is expected to contribute fully 5,000,000 of tons or even slightly over, and Indo China Siam have an exportable surplus of 12 to 1450000 tons. In support of this presumption we are quoting some figures below. The yield in Burma Crop varies between 4500000 to 50, or even 5200000 tons as in the year 1933/34 The local requirements for Burma is estimated at 12 to 1300000 tons per year and the exportable surplus from Burma varies between 28 to 3600000 tons the carry over at the end of every year is usually between 2 to 400000 tons. (some Indian Merchants have erroneously stated in their report that the internal consumption of Burma is 3200000 tons and the exportable quantity at 28 to 3000900 tons making up the total yield of Burma crop at 60 to 6200000 tons which is absolutely misleading and out of possibility as shown from the publication known as "Area and yield of principal crops in India" and yield return figures for the last ten years from this book do not show the total gross yield of rice crop in Burma at any time over 51 or 5200000 tons for one year. It is as much erroneous to base the estimate of consumption required on the hypothetical arithmetical 'rule of three' calculation that the total population of 80000000 of people would be consuming 1/2 seer of rice per diem this would only give us a theoritical figure which would be as much erroneous and misleading and unsupported by statistical figures for consumption.

In the year 1934/35 during the Behar Earthquake disaster the total imports into India from Burma did not exceed 17 to 1800000 of tons of which Bengal took 842000 including Behar and Orissa. The Bombay Presidency took 398000 and Madras 660000 tons this was at the time when conditions of famine prevailed in the Madras and shortage of early rains was experienced both in the Bombay Presidency and Bengal. In the year previous to the namely 1933/34 Bengal only imported 470000 of tons of rice from Burma.

PRICE TENDENCY

It is nevertheless an undoubted fact that all circumstances taken together point towards bullish tendency of prices of Indian rice particularly in Bengal. However lower level of prices in Burma Indo China and Siam quality of rice will have a quietening effect on prices of Indian rice. Our advice to our constituents is to keep themselves well provided in purchases for their usual requirements but we would not advise speculative buying at advancing rates as we anticipate the market will not bear up or receive enough buying support in face of profit taking sales.

From the detailed crop reports published on 7th instant in Indian Trade Journal it would appear that conditions of Indian rice crops are not so very adverse as has been made out. From reports on foreign rice crops it is noteworthy to take notice of the following figures Japan grows 8494000 tons, Formosa 602000 tons, Siam 5100000 tons, America 769000, Korea 4100000 tons, and the yield in foreign countries is 1 ton per 1 6/- acres where as in India it is 1 ton per 2.5 acres This may be due to improved methods of cultivation in foreign countries.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ending on the 15th day of November 1935.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	32,30,77,000
Notes in circulation	162,22,37,000
Total Notes issued	194,53,14,000
Total Liabilities	194,53,14,000
ASSETS	**Rs.**
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	41,55,19,000
(b) Held outside India	2,86,98,000
Sterling Securities	66,18,83,000
Total of A.	110,61,00,000
B. Rupee Coin	58,39,82,000
Govt of India Rupee Securities	25,52,32,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper	Nil
Total Assets	194,53,14,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 56.85 per cent.

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 15th day of November 1935.

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	6,73,16,000
(b) Banks	32,20,16,000
(c) Others	Nil
Bills payable	9,75,000
Other Liabilities	1,25,77,000
	50,28,78,000
ASSETS	**Rs.**
Notes	32,30,77,000
Rupee Coin	11,47,000
Subsidiary Coin	2,85,000
Bills Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	Nil
(b) External	Nil
(c) Government of India Try. Bills	Nil
Balances held abroad*	10,88,89,000
Loans and advances to the Government	1,00,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	Nil
Investments	5,38,35,000
Other Assets	56,44,000
	50,28,78,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

Lakh Of Supporters For Hindu University

BENARES, Nov. 19.

Interviewed by the "United Press," Mr. V. S. Sundaram, Secretary, the Collection Committee, Benares Hindu University who has commenced a fast said: "Over 200 letters have been despatched all over India, requesting friends for help in securing one lakh of permanent supporters paying one rupee each per annum to the Hindu University. Encouraging replies have been received from everywhere."

Mr. Sundaram has lost uptil now about 22 lbs. in weight.—United Press.

16 Wounded In Laboratory Explosion

CAWNPORE, Nov. 20.

A serious explosion occurred here to-day at 12 noon in the laboratory of the local Agricultural College while students were busy with the laboratory work, as a result of which 16 persons were more or less seriously injured.

Inquiries made reveal that a class of 20 students was being held in the laboratory when suddenly the explosion occured. The cause of the accident is said to be that while some explosive mixture was being prepared one of the gas pipes which was leaking accidentally caught fire, resulting in the explosion.—United Press.

Escaped From Detention Camp

CALCUTTA, Nov. 20.

Information has reached here to the effect that two military prisoners belonging to Camerontans have escaped from the Lucknow Detention Camp.

Report is also received that private Jamoshenry Richard belonging to a regiment stationed at Fort William has deserted.—United Press.

PRESIDENTS RULING UPSETS GOVT. PLAN

(continued from page 7)

Bombay was a blessing to Bombay.

TRIBUTE TO BOMBAY MEDICOS

Sir Shah Nawaz Bhutto, said that the discussion had established the immediate necessity of his proposal.

Concluding, the Minister said, "We have every reason to be proud of the medical profession of Bombay The Bombay medical profession was not only the pride of Bombay but of the whole of India."

Mr. H. K. Kriplani Secretary, General Department, Mr. C. N. Patel, Peston Shah, Vakil and A. N. Surve also spoke on the demand.

"The Minister for Local-Self-Government in reply to Dr. Dikshit said that if the Hospital accommodation was found wanting for inpatients the location of the Surgeon-General's Office would have to be transferred to some other place No allowance would be paid to the Surgeon-General and his staff as a result of the transfer.

The demand was put to vote and carried.

SUPPLEMENTARY GRANTS

Of the other important supplementary grants that were approved by the House were the estimated cost of Rs. 1,33,564 for rebuilding the Thana Head Quarters Police lines and Rs. 8,351 for the establishment of Goat Virus production stations to battle with Rinderpest, one of the most dreaded and fatal of all cattle diseases.

After all the supplementary grants were disposed of the House proceeded to continue the discussion on the Bill to amend the Bombay Local Boards Act of 1923. which had been introduced at Poona.

Khan Bahadur Khurro spoke on the Bill and the amendments that had been moved.

The House adjourned till Thursday, 2 p.m.

Trade Buying And Southern Hedge Selling

Short Covering In December Option

Refusal Of Johnston To Comment On Rumours Of Pool Sales

An irregular close on the New York Cotton Market was largely due to refusal of Mr. Oscar Johnston to comment on the recent rumour that the Pool was selling January..

There was December short covering before the first Notice day on November 25th and some hedge selling in distant months.

Due to larger Indian cotton crop estimate, there is more disposition to buy American cotton against sales in the local market.

The recent downward reaction is purely technical and the fundamental situation remains healthy. The market is expecting bullish Bureau report early next month.

Pending further developments, the market offers opportunities on both sides for quick turns, giving preference to purchasers on all dips.

BOMBAY, Nov. 20.

On Tuesday the New York Cotton futures market was nervous and irregular, unsettling factors being trade buying and Southern hedge selling.

Mr. Oscar Johnston refused to comment on the reported sales of cotton pool for January month. There was some short covering in December before the first tender day which falls on the 25th November. The technical position of the market is healthy and every decline is expected to attract buyers. The next Bureau report is expected to be bullish.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The New York Cotton futures market opened at about the lowest level of the day at a decline of 5 points with March 11.56. There was steady trade buying and prices advanced 9 points from the opening level and March reacted the highest level 11.65 during the early part of the afternoon session. The market closed irregular at a rise of 4 points for near months, but distant deliveries declined 7 points on hedge selling. Spot Cotton prices closed unchanged at 12.20c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed at a rise of one point to a decline of 2 points. Spot Cotton prices closed unchanged at 12.27c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool Cotton futures market opened at a rise of one point with March 6.40. There was local buying on the strength of Alexandria market but the improvement met with hedging on limits. Later on there was trade calling. The market closed unchanged to two points higher-middling American Spot Cotton prices were raised by 2 points at 6.73d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian Cotton futures market was quiet but steady and closed at a rise of 4 to 1 point. At the close January was quoted 5.73, March 5.57 and May 5.65.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

There was a fair enquiry for Egyptian Cotton. Sakels futures closed 9 to 7 points better with Spot Cotton 11 points up at 9.76. Uppers futures closed 6 to 4 points higher with Spot Cotton 8 points up at 5.73.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

There was active buying in the Alexandria market with absence of sellers which resulted in a sharp rise. Sakels futures advanced 44 to 29 points and Ashmouni futures advanced 30 to 13 points.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. March Highest (1-18 p.m.)	11.65+04
N. Y. March Lowest (10 a.m.)	11.56—05
Liverpool March Highest	6.43+04
Liverpool March Lowest	6.39

Messrs Langley and Co. have received the following cable from Liverpool:—

Although trade demand quieter believe merely temporarily consider market fundamentally sound. Recommend purchases especially upper.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Recept reaction purely technical. Fundamental conditions unchanged. Favour purchases on setbacks.

New York.—There was December short covering before first notice day on November 25th Hedge selling in distant months. Buyers were cautious.

New York.—Due larger Indian estimate, purchases here against sales Bombay look attractive.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, November 19.

December	11.82
Jaunary	11.72+01
March	11.60—02
Middling Spot	12.27

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, November 19.

December	11.80—04
January	11.73—02
March	11.60—01
May	11.5 —03
July	11.41—06
October	11.15—07
Middling Spot	12.20—

NEW YORK
New York, November 19

New York 10-55 A.M.—

December	11.77
January	11.71
March	11.60

New York Noon Call—

December	11.78
January	11.61
March	11.54

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, November 19

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U. S. ports	57,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil.
Day's exports to the continent	15,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, November 19.

November	6.50
December	6.46
January	6.43+01
February	6.41+01
March	6.40+01
April	6.38+01
May	6.37+02
June	6.35+02
July	6.33+02
August	6.26+02
September	6.19+01
October	6.13+01
November	6.09+01
Middling Spot	6.73+02

To-day's 10-12- A M Quotations

January	6.42
March	6.40

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, November 19

E. G. F. SAKELLARIDIS:	
November 1935	9.23
January 1936	8.83
March 1936	8.67
May 1936	8.57
July 1936	8.48
October 1936	8.37
November 1936	8.31
F. G. F. Spot	9.76

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, November 19.

Broach—	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.99
Fine (Good Staple)	6.14
Superfine (Good Staple	6.29
Comra—	
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	5.97
Superfine (No.1 Staple)	6.12
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	6.27
Bengal—	
Good	4.55
Fully Good	4.65
Fine	4.77
Scinde—	
Fully Good	4.65
Fine	4.77
Superfine	4.89

SEEDS.
London, November 19.

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton: Nov. sellers £9-17-6.

Linseed Calcutta London, c.i.f. ton Nov./Dec. sellers £12-5-0.

Linseed Bombay London, c.i.f. ton Nov./Dec. sellers £12-12-6.

Rapeseed Toria Hull/Con't c.i.f. ton Nov./Dec. sellers £13-5-0.

Castorseeds Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton. Nov./Dec. sellers £13-10-0.

LINSEED OILS.
London, November 18.

Linseed Oils naked London per cwt. Dec. sellers 24/7-1/2.

Linseed Oils naked London per cwt Jan/April sellers 25/0

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET.
London, November 19.

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 C & F Calcutta Nov./Dec. Nominal per cwt. 6/9

C & F Bombay :— Nov./Dec. Nominal per cwt. 6/6

C & F Karachi :— Nov./Dec. Nominal per cwt, 6/6.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Nov. 20.

The local silver market was easy to-day on increased selling pressure. There was utter absence of any support. Montreal market was easy at a decline of 20 points and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1.2 7/16. The gold market was dull and featureless. In the silver market there was tired long liquidation otherwise there was no fresh development.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready silver	65 10 0
Magsar delivery	65 12 0
Posh delivery	66 0 0
Ready gold	35 15 6
Magsar delivery	34 15 0
Posh delivery	34 14 9

MONTREAL SILVER FUTURES
Montreal, Nov. 19.

November	66.00+02
December	65.70
March	65.97—20

LONDON SILVER.
London, November 19

Market	Steady.
Spot	29-5/16
Forward	29-1/16

LONDON GOLD.
London Nov. 19.

Gold Bars, Fine per oz.	£7-1-6-1/2

BOMBAY METAL MARKET

BOMBAY METAL MARKET.
Bombay, Nov. 20.

LONDON MARKET.

Standard Copper Cash (Buyers)	£35/7/6
Standard Copper Cash (Sellers)	£35/8/9
Standard Copper 3 months	£35/15/0
Electrolytic copper	£39/15/0.

NEW YORK MARKET.

Blue Eagle 9 cents.

Non-Blue Eagle 8 5/8 cents.

BOMBAY MARKET.

Yellow Metal Sheets Rs. 33/12/0.

Copper Sheets Rs. 37/12/0.

Tone:—Steady.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, November 19.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 5/8 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 11/16 per cent. to 3/4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent. to 2-1/2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent. to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan 1/2 per cent. to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 days' market loan 1/2 per cent. to 1/2 per cent

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, November 19

T. T. London on :—

New York closing rate	4.92-5/16
Paris	74.72
Berlin	12.23-1/2
Madrid	36.07
Amsterdam	7.25
Brussels	29.12
Milan	60.81
Berne	15.14-1/2
Prague	119.00

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London November 19

	£
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent	71
Indian Stock 3 per cent. 1948 or later	86-3/4
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent. 1931 or later	97-1/8
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent. 1950/55	113
Consols 2-1/2 per cent.	85
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1961	106-7/8
War Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1952.	105-1/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent. 1960/90	116-7/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent.	115-3/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	13-1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	100-1/2
National Bank of India	43-1/2
P. & O. Banking Corporation.	10

LONDON METALS.
London, November 19

Copper Braziers	49-1/4
Yellow Metal	41
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	16
Corrugated sheets 24 gauge	12-3/4
Tin English Ingots Liverpool F. O. B.	228

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, November 19.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Parcels Jan./Feb. sellers 26/4-1/2.

Wheat Barletta Russo. Parcels Nov. sellers 26/7-1/2.

South Australian (wheat) Parcels Nov sellers 28/0

NEW YORK COFFEE.
New York, November 19.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 6-3/8

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.
Bombay, Nov. 20.

	Cwts.
Wheat	12,305
Linseed	909
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	336
Gingellyseed	1,483
Poppyseed	210
Groundnuts	5,832
Castorseed	533
Rice	28,085
Myrabollams	1,400
Cottonseed	2,976
Gram	1,255
Joowar	4,472
Barley	428
Bajree	992
	Tons.
Coal	7,835

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov. 20.

Following small rise in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 225/8 for Broach A/M delivery and advanced to Rs. 226/4 on scattered buying At this level there was some selling which depressed prices to the opening level. The tone of the market was quiet but steady.

The Liverpool market was due to open unchanged but opened very steady at a rise of 2 points. In the local market prices improved to Rs. 226/4 but again declined to Rs. 225/8 on liquidation. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M Rs. 225
Oomra D/J Rs. 207
Oomra March Rs. 203/4
Bengal D/J Rs. 155/4
Bengal March Rs. 154/8

RDADY COTTON QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Nov. 20.

	Old	New.
Bengal Superfine	...	175
Bengal Fine	...	173
C. P. 1 Fine	224/226	...
C. P. 2 Fine	218/220	...
Berar	215/217	...
Khandesh Fine	208/210	220
Burwah Sanavad Fine	214/216	...
Broach Fine	241/246	...
Punjab/American	226/231	...
Sindh-American	...	251/254
Cambodia	296/301	...
Cambodia 2nd crop	256/266	...
Compta Good	271/276	...
Westerns	251/256	...
Kampala	366/368	...
Busoga	364	...
Jinja	351	...
New Manza	326/336	...

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, Nov. 20.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	Since 1st September. This year.
Khandesh	147	11,029
Central India	503	16,881
Barsi and Nagar	337	9,399
Hyderabad-Gaorani	...	1,867
Berar	327	8,246
Central Provinces	132	3,808
Total Oomras	1,446	51,230
Dholera	139	7,604
N.-W. Provinces	1,221	12,160
Rajputana	788	17,959
Sind-Punjab	3,599	45,737
Broach	...	3,020
Coompta and Dharwar	...	4,262
Westerns-Northerns	222	6,353
Cocoanada	...	39
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	200	4,844
Persian	...	5
American	369	3,282
Egyptian and African	2,102	55,853
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	293
Total	10,086	212,641

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
1st Sept. to 14th Nov.

In full-pressed Bales.	This year.
Europe	361,703
Japan and China	144,211
Coast Ports	6,215
Up-country by Rail	39,834
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	1,641
Total	253,606

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales.	1935-36	1934-35
Receipts to date 19-11-35	4193000	2671000
Receipts Yesterday 19-11-35	57000	30000
Exports to date 19-11-35	2052000	1710000
Stock at Ports 15-11-35	2970000	3159000
Stock at Interior Towns 15-11-35	317000	1961000
Stock at Liverpool 15-11-35	485000	921000
Visible Supply 15-11-35	7847000	8801000
Quantity in sight 15-11-35	7163000	4620000
Quantity out of sight 15-11-35	3660000	3068000

COTTON TEJI-MANDI

Bombay, Nov. 20.

Broach A/M.—	Rs. a. p.
Yearly	21 4 0
Teji on Rs. 250	5 4 0
Mandi on Rs. 200	2 8 0
Monthly	8 4 0
Difference Rs. 5	3 8 0
Difference Rs. 10	1 8 0

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 17/18th November.	5,958
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1935	202,555
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	141,136
Increase	61,419

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Nov. 19.

Broach A/M. 1936 Op. 224; Highest 226; Lowest 223 1/4; Closing 225 3/4

Oomra D/J. Op. 206 1/4; Highest 208; Lowest 206 1/4; Closing 208.

Oomra March Op. 203; Highest 204 1/2, Lowest 203; Closing 204 1/2.

Bengal D/J. Op. 155 1/2; Highest 157; Lowest 155 1/2; Closing 157.

Bengal March Op. 155; Highest 156; Lowest 155; Closing 156.

Teji-Mandi for Broach A/May 1936 (31-3-36) Rs. 20 1/2.

Teji-Mandi for Broach Settlement (21-12-35) Rs. 8 3/4

COTTON STRADDLES

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York—Liverpool:—

December 146 January 147 March 154 May 156 July 159 at Cross Rate 4.92 1/2

Bombay—Liverpool:—

Broach A/M 1936 226—Liverpool May 1936 6.37 Rs. 51 1/2 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—

Broach A/M. 1936 226—New York May 11.53 Rs. 34 at Cross Rate 4.92 1/2.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Nov. 20.

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/32

LONDON—

Banks selling T T D D 1/6 3/32 Nov May

Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 June-Dec 1936

Banks buying T T 1/6 5/32

Banks buying D D 1/6 3/16

Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK—

B C Rate T T 272 1/8.

Banks selling T T 270 1/8

Banks buying T T 267 3/4

PARIS

Banks selling D D 561

Banks buying D D 571

AMSTERDAM—

Banks selling D D 54 3/8

JAVA—

Banks selling D D 54 1/8

JAPAN—

Banks selling T T 77 1/8

Banks buying T T 76 7/8

HONGKONG—

Banks selling D D 98 1/2 nominal.

SHANGHAI—

Banks selling D D 81 1/4

SINGAPORE—

Banks selling D D 156

BERLIN

Banks selling D D 90 1/2

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 4.92 1/2 19th inst.

Hongkong/London 1/5 5/8 20th inst.

Shanghai/London 1/2 7/16 20th inst.

Japan/London 1/2 31/32 20th inst.

Java/London 7.21 1/2 20th inst.

London/Paris 74.72 19th inst.

London/Belgium 29.12 19th inst.

London/Switzerland 15.14 1/2 19th inst.

London/Italy 60.81 19th inst.

London/Berlin 12.23 1/2 19th inst.

London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 19th inst.

London/New York 4.92 5/16 19th inst.

London/Amsterdam 7.25 19th inst.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:+Quiet.

Gold £7-1-5 18th inst. £7-1-6 1/2 19th inst.

Silver London Ready 29 5/16 18th inst. 29 5/16 19th inst.

Silver London Forward 29 5/16 18th inst. 29 1/16 19th inst.

Silver London Forward 29 1/16 18th inst. 65 5/8 19th inst.

London Discounts 3 mos 5/8 per cent 18th inst. 5/8 per cent 19th inst.

London Discounts 6 mos 3/4 per cent 18th inst. 3/4 per cent 19th inst.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1/4 per cent.

3 mos 1 per cent.

6 mos 1 1/2 per cent.

Tone:—Easy.

BHAVNAGAR MARKET

Bhavnagar, Nov. 20.

Groundnut Oil ready Rs. 5/4/6

Maha Rs. 5/3/6

Jotta Re. 0/7.

Groundnut January Rs. 2/12/3.

Jotta Re. 0/3/3:

Sutar Magsar Rs. 107

Jotta Rs. 1/8

Sugar ready Rs. 4/13/9

Shipment Rs. 43/4/4

Corrugate Rs. 9/9

CARDAMOM AUCTIONS

Kombai, Nov. 20.

Kombai Cardamom market result of to-day's auctions prices per Thulam of 810 tolas weight ungarbled estate bulk Tharaipadams Rs 22 to 23. Malabar Storepadams Rs. 24 to 25. Mysores Rs. 26 to 28/8. Pure Cardamom seeds Rs. 30 to 31 sold 350. Thulams market firm

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov. 19.

December 71 3/8d.

March 68 1/4d.

May 68 3/8d.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov. 19.

December dol 0.97 1/8.

May dol 0.97

July dol 0.90 1/4

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, Nov. 19.

December	2.43—01
March	2.20+01
May	2.24+01
July	2.28+01

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Nov. 19.

Messrs Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amer. Forn. Power 7 p.c. P.	33
Electric Bond Common	17
American Tel. and Tel.	151
Western Union Telg.	76 1/4
Radio Corp.	11
New York Central	25 3/4
Erie R. R.	11
Union Pacific R. R.	103
Great North Pfd.	33
Bethelehem Steel	50 1/2
United States Steel	50
American Smelting	61
Int. Nickel of Canada	37 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	24
Kennecott Copper	29
General Motor	58 1/2
General Electric	41
Kelvinators	15
Socony	12 1/2
Chase Bank	36 1/2
National City Bank	32 1/2
American Radiator	21
Amr. Rad. and Stanad Sanitary	22

Market higher and very firm. Everything is being a feature Kennecott Copper has declared dividend of 20 cents ex dividend on 27th Nov. Total business 2 3/4 million.

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION
Bombay, Nov 20

Castorseeds May delivery: Opening Rs. 7/3/6; Lowest Rs. 7/2/6; Closing Rs. 7/3

Groundnut seeds February delivery: Opening Rs. 7/5/6; Lowest Rs. 7/4/3; Closing Rs. 7/5

Cottonseeds January delivery: Opening Rs. 3/3/7 1/2; Highest Rs. 3/5; Lowest Rs. 3/3/4 1/2; Closing Rs. 3/4/9

Narrow Fluctuations In Shares

Scattered Selling In Steel Shares

MARKET DULL AND FEATURELESS

Bombay, Nov. 20.

It was another dull day on the local Stock Exchange with narrow fluctuations in quotations and restricted business. With a fair amount of liquidation and fresh buyers acting cautiously prices of Steel and other speculative scrips tended downward.

Tata Steel Dfd. shares weakened to Rs. 577/8 and ordinary shares declined to Rs. 147/12. Tata Power shares opened at Rs. 1535 and closed at Rs. 1528/12. Andhra shares were steady at Rs. 1530 Cotton Mill shares were quietly steady and Cement shares fluctuated within a narrow range.

The market was dull and at the moment there is less disposition to operate pending further developments.

Ajmer Electric shares are in keen demand at Rs. 11/6 to Rs. 11/8 but there is scarcity offers. There is robust enquiry as this company is likely to show better earnings. The new agents have curtailed greatly expenses and there is a move to secure contracts from railways and municipality.

TEXTILE MILLS
Bombay, Nov. 20.

100	Ahm Advance	302 8
500	Bombay Cotton	40 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	757 8
250	Bradbury	100 0
100	Century	220 0
100	Central	265 10
100	Colaba	140 0
100	Coorla	95 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	340 0
1	E D Sassoon	0-5-0
100	Finley	130 0
100	Gokak	173 12
100	Hindustan	1750 0
100	Indore	72 8
100	Khatau	77 8
100	Kohinoor	204 6
250	Laxmi	677 8
100	Madhavji	6 12
250	Madras United	40 0
1000	Morarji	865 0
250	Model	49 8
50	Mysore	95 0
200	New Great	128 12
100	Oosmansnahi	55 0
100	Phoenix	300 0
25	Sassoon Silk	35 0
1000	Sholapur	2400 0
50	Simplex	72 8
100	Swadeshi	160 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE
Bombay, Nov. 20.

Century	221 220 221
Bombay Dyeing	753 752 756 753 757
Kohinoor	202 203 204
Central India	266 265
New Great	131 128/12
Simplex	73 72
Swadeshi	160 161 160
Bundi	33/8 33/10 33/8 33/6
I. Cement	451 450 451 450
Punjab	24 23/14
Shahabad	477 478 480
Andhra	1630 1632 1627 1630 1632/8
Tata Hydro	163/12 162/8
Tata Power	1535 1533 1535 1528 1533 1528
Tram Ord.	146/14
T. Steel Dfd.	586 580 582 576 583 580 573
T. Steel Ord	149/8 149/12 148 149 148/4 147/12
Tata Steel 2nd Pref.	158/12 159
Bellapur	343 345 342 345 343/12
B. Steam	283 282/8
B. Burma	393 397 392 395 391 393/12

100	Swan	107 8
25	Tata	8 0
500	Vishnu	1300 0
1000	Western	750 0
	BANKS.	
50-100	Baroda	98 8
25-50	Central	35 14
500	Imperial	1552 8
125-50	Im. Con.	386 4
50-100	India	125 0
100	Reserve Bank	125 8
5	Union	5 6
	CEMENTS.	
10	Bundi	33 6
70	Gwalior	121 4
100	Indian	450 10
100	Katni Def.	1960 0
100	Katni Ord.	368 12
10	Okha	250 0
10	Punjab	23 14
100	Shahabad	480 0
70	United	113 4
	INSURANCE	
15-75	New India	42 8
15-100	Jupiter	11 8
200	Oriental	4570 0
10-100	Vulcan	7 0
	ELECTRIC.	
100	Ahmedabad Old	150 10
1000	Andhra Valley	1632 8
10	Ajmer	11 8
60	Bombay Tram	146 14
100	Bombay Suburban	170 0
10	Broach	11 12
100	Karachi	221 4
100	Poona	218 12
100	Surat	175 0
100	Tata Hydro	162 8
1000	Tata Power	1528 12
	RAILWAYS.	
500	Ahm. Prantij	865 0
100	Amr. Patty	119 12
100	C. Provinces	89 0
100	Dhond Baramati	97 8
100	Gujarat	71 0
100	Mandra Bhon	92 8
100	Pachora Jamner	92 0
100	Sara Sirajgunge	93 0
500	Tapty Valley	768 12
	MININGS	
10	Shivrajpur	29 0
30	Tata Steel Def.	578 12
75	Tata Steel Ord.	147 12
	MISCELLANEOUS	
100	Alcock	200 0
50	Belapur Sugar	343 12
150	Bombay Steam	282 8
125	Bombay Burma	393 12
50	Bombay Burma Cont.	134 8

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov. 20.

3 per cent 1951/54 100/2
3 per cent 1941 103/2
3 1/2 per cent G. P.N. 95/7
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 104/10
4 per cent 1943 108
4 per cent 1960/70 110/8
4 1/2 per cent 1950/60 115/4
5 per cent 1939/44 109/8
5 per cent 1940/43 110/11
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 108/13

TAX-FREES

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 119/7
4 per cent 1958/68 Mysore 109
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 120
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 109

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)

4 per cent B P T 1974 105
4 per cent M Deb 1974 104/8
5 per cent M Deb 1939 114
6 per cent M Deb 1954 127
6 per cent K P T 1936 127
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 105

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 95/11.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Nov. 19.

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 86 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 97 1/8

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1954/59 104 1/2

4 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1948/53 107 1/4

4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1950/55 113

4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1958/68 114 1/2

5 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1942/47 113

5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1936/38 102 3/4

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loans New 1/2 Prem.

2 1/2 per cent British Consols 85

3 1/2 per cent Conversion 106 7/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan 105 1/8

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED

Following is the statement of Liabilities and Assets of the Central Bank of India, Ltd., for the Fort-night ended 15th November 1935.

LIABILITIES

	Rs.	Rs.
Capital subscribed	3,36,00,000	
Capital paid up		1,68,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Fund		70,00,000
Deposits, debts due to Banks and Agents, Bills payable etc.		27,92,54,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments		4,05,22,000
		34,35,76,000

ASSETS

	Rs.
Cash Credits and Overdrafts on Government and other authorised securities	4,34,89,000
Loans on Government and other authorised securities	4,12,67,000
Bills discounted	77,97,000
Lands and Buildings	1,26,88,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments	3,15,44,000
Cash in hand, at Banks, Moneys at Call and Investments in War Bonds, Government Paper, Treasury Bills, Shares, Debentures, etc.	20,67,91,000
	34,35,76,000

8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3-10-6
100	Bombay Telephone	105 12
100	Indian Bleaching	105 0
160	Indian Radio Ord.	515 0
100	Ind Radio Ord.	487 8
1000	Port Canning	605 0
15	Scindia	13 10
30	Premier Construction	76 0
25	Tata Oil	17 12
	PREFERENCE	
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1422 8
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	283 12
7	p.c. Bombay Trams	83 8
5	p.c. Central India	512 8
7	p.c. Katni 1st	136 4
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	138 12
7-1/2	p.c. Punjab Cement	14 8
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	148 2
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1485 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	182 8
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	159 0
5 1/2	p.c. Tata Mill	13 0
7	p.c. Vishnu	847 8

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BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1935

PARSIS ALL OUT FOR 224

Tail Wags As Fielding Slackens

GODAMBE CAPTURES FIVE WICKETS

Hindus Make A Poor Start In Second Innings

Hindus (1st Innings) 281
Parsis (1st Innings) 224
Hindus (2nd Innings) for 4 wkts. ... 49

In the Second day's play of the Quadrangular between the Parsis and the Hindus, the former were all out for 224.

The Hindus commenced their second innings at 4-15 p.m. with only a lead of 57 runs and made a poor show losing 4 wickets for 49 runs by the end of the day's play, with Nayudu and Amarnath in possession of the wickets with 5 and 4 runs to their account.

PARSI TAIL WAGS

The early Parsi batsmen faltered badly against the Hindus on Wednesday. Four valuable wickets fell for 43 runs when Palia and Contractor came to the rescue of their side and by dint of steady play took the score to 83 without further loss at the lunch interval.

If the Hindu bowling lacked sting their fielding was first class and every run scored was well earned.

In the absence of Amarsingh, the brunt of the bowling has fallen on Godambe, the old war horse of the Hindus.

The Parsi tail wagged with a purpose and the total was taken to 218 by Palsetia and Khote, who added 74 runs for the ninth wicket.

HINDUS' POOR START

The brave show put up by the Parsis who were in a tight corner, altered the complexion of the game.

With only a lead of 57 runs, the Hindus started on their second venture. Hindlekar and Bose who had failed in the first innings faced Havewalla.

The stands were fully occupied yesterday morning when the Parsis set out to reduce the Hindu total of 281 runs.

B. Kapadia and Nagarwalla opened the innings to the attack of Bannerjee and Amarnath. It was observed that V. Merchant was not fielding and K. N. Divekar, one of the reserves had taken his place.

The Bengal express was pitching them down fast and Bahadur Kapadia received a stinger on his thigh. After three maiden overs, the Hindu captain took off Amarnath and handed charge of the attack to Godambe, who got rid of B. Kapadia in his third ball, Amarnath holding a low catch in the slips. (5—1—4) —

S. H. M Colah who occupied the outgoing batsman's place, cut Banerjee, the ball striking Godambe's shoulder with force and yielding a single. The first decade went on board off a snick from one of Banerjee's bumpers by Nagarwalla. Colah dispatched Godambe to the press tent for 4, and another single saw the score increase steadily

With the total at 17 Godambe sent back Colah who edged a rising one into the hands of Banerjee in the slips (17—2—6).

Encouraged by this initial success the Hindu fieldsmen were on their toes, and Palia who joined Nagarwalla was extremely cautious. With a glance to leg for three off Godambe, Palia raised the total to 20. Another two in the same direction by Nagarwalla increased his score to 8. The Parsis had obtained 24 runs after an hour's play.

Steady Bowling

Banerjee who had proved ineffective during his nine overs, made way for Amarnath from the Bori Bunder end. Godambe who had obtained 2 wickets for 11 runs was bowling steadily and the batsmen were unable to take any liberties.

If the M. C. C. visits taught Indian cricketers anything, it certainly has impressed on them the need for appealing as persistently as Dr. Barnardo. Both Banerjee and Amarnath made frequent calls during their spell of bowling in vain.

C. S Nayudu relieved Amarnath at the Bori Bunder end, the Hindu skipper's change resulting in instant success. Nagarwalla skied the slow bowler into the safe hands of Amarnath (31—3—10).

When Vajifdar walked to the crease to stem the disaster, loud cheers of encouragement came from the Parsi camp. The Parsi captain opened his account with a well-placed drive through the slips which travelled to the boundary.

A full blooded hit to leg off Palia's bat sent the score to 40, and the Parsi left hander repeated the stroke, showing scant respect for C. S. Nayudu's slow balls.

Vajifdar Run Out

The South Indian spin bowler G. S. Ramaswami got his first wicket rather cheaply when Vajifdar attempted to steal a single. The Parsi captain rushed down the pitch but Amarnath returned the ball to the wicket-keeper who dislodged the balls when the score was (43—4—5).

Homi Contractor who joined Palia was very uncomfortable against Ramaswami. The Parsi left hander lifted C. S. Nayudu to leg for 4 and a streaky brace off Contractor's bat sent the total to 50. The Parsi right hander who was regaining his confidence hit Ramaswami to leg for 4 and in doing so nearly struck Umpire Horton. Two more singles by the same batsman saw 60 signalled on board. C. K. Nayudu took over from his namesake amidst cheers but Palia dispatched his first ball to the on boundary.

Godambe's Leg Trap

The South Indian slow bowler was taken off and Godambe took charge of the attack from the

(Continued on Page 4, Col. 1).

Capt. Nayudu leading his men to the field.

DR. DESHMUKH SUCCEEDS

Secures Majority Of 874 Votes In 'A' Ward Bye-Election

BOMBAY: Wednesday.

The result of the Bye-election of A Ward which took place yesterday was declared this afternoon by the Municipal Commissioner.

As anticipated in these columns, Dr. G. V. Deshmukh emerged successful over his opponent, the figures being:

Dr. Deshmukh	2,440
Mr. J. P. Katgara	1,566
Majority	874

It will be seen that out of an electorate numbering more than 12,000 voters only one-third went to the poll.

Dr. Deshmukh who is an ex-Mayor returns to the Corporation after an interval of ten months having lost his seat in "D" Ward at the general election in January last, when he was attending the sessions of the Legislative Assembly.

WIDOWS' HOME FOR 'QUAKE VICTIMS

Sind Central Relief Committee At Work

KARACHI, (By Mail)

The Quetta Central Relief Committee, in the course of a communication to the press, state that the Sindh Branch of the committee at its meeting held on 10th November sanctioned Rs. 2,500 for the relief of widows in Khairpur state.

Dr. Choitram P. Gidvani and and R. B. Totaram were authorised to go there and distribute the amount and they proceeded there on the 11th.

WIDOWS' HOME

Some public spirited citizens of Khairpur have already started a Widows Industrial home with a view to provide permanent means of livelihood for the widows. The opening ceremony of that institution was held on the 11th instant in the presence of the committee's representatives.

For the present about 15 widows who are residing in Khairpur proper and nearabouts have been admitted to the home.

Out of Rs. 2,500 half of the sum will be paid to this institution and the balance distributed among other widows living in Khairpur proper and its vicinity who will not be able to take advantage of this institution.

Besides this amount, the Quetta Central Relief Committee have already distributed over Rs. 3,500 among sufferers belonging to Khairpur state, mainly for business purposes. It is proposed to give further amount of Rs. 1,000 for the same purpose to such sufferers as have not yet received help from the committee.—A. P.

Mrs. Brijlal Nehru In Nizam's Capital

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Nov. 20.

Mrs. Brijlal Nehru who arrived here this morning was given a rousing reception by Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and other prominent ladies and representatives of the Harijan Sevak Sangh.

She stays here until Friday as a guest of Mrs. Rustomji Fardoonji and visits in the meantime women's education institutions here.—United Press.

S. R. Godambe, the Hindu left-hand bowler, who has captured five Parsi wickets.

T. S. DIAMOND JUBILEE

Theosophical Society Belongs To Eternity, Says Dr. Arundale

ADYAR CELEBRATIONS

MADRAS, Nov. 18.

Great rejoicings marked the celebration of the sixtieth birthday of the Theosophical Society at Adyar on Sunday.

The principal event was a large gathering in the Great Hall where national representatives of many countries delivered greetings, Diamond Jubilee gifts were announced, and Dr. Arundale (President) delivered an address in which he spoke of Theosophy as the truth "which the world will need for centuries to come."

President and Shrimati Rukmani at the Headquarters residence with music and garlands and then continued their journey from the gate of the compound to the Garden of Remembrance and offered Puja at Bharat Samaj temple.

Greetings were brought personally by some from oversea countries.

Dr. Arundale read cabled greetings from Austria, Czechoslovakia, Hungary and other foreign countries.

In the course of his address Dr. Arundale said:—

"Theosophy and the Theosophical Society belong to eternity. They are not as many philosophies, as many movements which having had their day then cease to be.

MERE FRAGMENTS.

"Interpretations necessarily must come and must go. We have had a Blavatsy Interpretation, we have had a Besant Interpretation and a Leadbeater Interpretation—different aspects, different facets of the one great diamond of truth. But even then, however, many interpretations may come to us, and however much the veil may be increasingly lifted as the centuries pass, there still remains Theosophy, of which even the most splendid revelation, the most splendid interpretation can be but a fragment.

A picturesque event was the opening of the Theosophical Society Post Office, which Dr. Arundale declared open for the dispatch of business.

In the afternoon 3,000 people of the neighbouring villages shared in a food distribution.

A young banyan tree was planted by Shrimati Rukmini near the Hindu temple.

Later followed a social gathering of membrss of the Society under the banyan tree. In the evening an entertainment was given in the Blavatsky Social Hall.—A. P.

CHANGE IN POST CARD

New Design Will Leave Greater Writing Space Than At Present

It is understood that the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs has given his consent to the printing of Indian post cards of new design and that the new cards will be issued for sale at the Indian Post to the public shortly.

The new post card, it is stated, will be of the same size both in length and breadth as the present one, but the present emblem which is occupying much space, will be removed, thus ensuring the maximum space for writing matter. The embossed stamp of His Majesty will be retained.

The new design is stated to have been actuated in response to the demand by the Indian mercantile community for reduction in postal charges in parity with the reduction in foreign Air Mail charges. Instead of reduction in rates the postal authorities are understood to be in favour of compensating by giving more space in the card.—United Press.

NO BAN ON OFFICE ACCEPTANCE

Coimbatore Congressmen's Demand

(From Our Correspondent)

COIMBATORE, November 19.

A resolution recommending to the Tamilnadu Congress Committee and coming All-India Congress Committee to remove the conditions preventing Congressmen, of accepting office under the new constitution was passed at the Gobichettipalayam Taluk Political Conference, held under the presidentship of Sjt Satyamurti.

The Conference expressed the hope that Gandhiji, Sjt. Rajagopalachariar and Dr. Ansari would soon re-enter the Congress politics and lead the people.

TUNGABHADRA PROJECT

Nizam Govt. To Reply Madras Queries

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Nov. 20.

As regards the Tungabhadra project scheme enquiries made by your correspondent elicit that the Government of India wrote a letter to the Nizam's Government asking whether it has written to the Madras Government replying certain querries made by that Government. The Nizam's Government it is learnt have prepared a lengthy reply to the Madras Government's query which will be despatched shortly.

NO TRACE OF MISSING AIRMAN

Reward Announced

LUCKNOW, November 19.

A communique says:—

Any person giving information leading to the discovery of the missing airman, Sir Charles Kingsfordsmith and J. T. Pethybridge will be suitably rewarded by the Government of Australia.—A. P.

Congress Constitution May Be Changed Again

Asaf Ali Outlines Issues Before Lucknow Session

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20.

The likelihood of the present Congress being modified at the Lucknow Session is indicated by Mr. Asaf Ali in the course of a press statement.

Mr. Asaf Ali points out that some of his Congress colleagues whom he has consulted are agreed that the constitution adopted at Bombay is no better than the one which it has succeeded.

The Manual Labour clause in Mr. Asaf Ali's opinion is a prohibitive element in way of election of office-bearers in provincial and other organisations of the Congress.

He remarks: "It is not very fair to ask those who work every day for the Congress to spin or do some other work which may not suit them. The new constitution has reduced the number of delegates and robbed the Congress Session of its spectacular side and propaganda value."

Mr. Asaf Ali reveals that from Delhi only two representatives are to be elected from urban area for the Lucknow Congress.

Question Of Office.

The other outstanding question to be settled at Lucknow is the acceptance of office by Congressmen under the new constitutional reforms. Claiming to belong neither to the pro-acceptance or non-acceptance school of thought, Mr. Asaf Ali opines that office should be accepted wherever possible with a view to testing the working ability of the constitution and preventing anti-national developments.

While modification of the Congress constitution and acceptance of office under the reforms are two outstanding issues before the Congress at Lucknow, Mr. Asaf Ali fears that Socialists under Pandit Jawaharlal might press their programme and says, "The structure of society as conceived by orthodox Hinduism on one hand and orthodox Muslims on the other to a certain extent militates against what is claimed to be scientific development of the Socialistic Society. It will take time to familiarise the country with the new concention of society. In any case the only kind of Socialism which the Congress can pursue without rousing opposition is practical the Socialism of Gandhi."

EZHAVA YOUTHS TO REMAIN ATHEISTS?

Travancore Harijans To Take Decision At Sherthalai

TRIVANDRUM, Nov. 19.

The agitation among the enlightened section of the Ezhavas for a change of religion has now assumed a definite shape.

The Government's inactivity in implementing the recommendations of the Travancore Temple Enquiry Committee has added more force among Ezhava youths.

Preparations are being made to hold a big and representative Conference at Sherthalai with a view to arrive at a conclusion whether to embrace Christianity, Islam, Buddhism, or, best of all, remain Atheists.

A large section of the Ezhava youths are disposed to remain Athesists rather than accepting any religion, for all religions have their own respective orthodoxy and fanaticsl that would keep the weak always helpless.

The proposed Conference is therefore expected to be a stormy session, but there seems to be no two opinions about the necessity of deserting the Hindu religion with all its manifold disabilities imposed on the masses for the mere reasons of their being born of certain caste.—United Press.

PUNJAB NATIONALISTS TO BE STRENGTHENED

LAHORE, Nov. 19.

The Executive Committee of the Nationalist Party to-day resolved that a Nationalist Conference of representatives of the progressive elements of all shades of Hindu opinion in the Punjab be convinced on behalf of the Congress Nationalist Party on 30th November to organise a strong and stable Congress Nationalist Party in the Punjab.

The Committee also resolved to seek the co-operation of all Nationalist friends to make the conference a success.—A.P.

Indian Road Congress To Meet In Bangalore

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 19.

At the invitation of the Mysore Durbar, the Indian Road Congress will meet at Bangalore from January 4th to 12th and not at the Transport Advisory Council as stated previously.

TEMPLES OPENED TO HARIJANS

Social Reformers' Drive In Secunderabad

(From Our Correspondent)

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Nov. 20.

A temple being thrown open to Harijans at Secunderabad, the Balkrishna Bhajan Mandir and the Jain Library of Secunderabad have also been declared open to Harijans. It is learnt that some more temples and Bhajan Mandirs in Secunderabad and Hyderabad may be opened as certain social reformers are carrying on propaganda for equal treatment to the Hindu community.

Our correspondent writes that Mrs. Brijlal Nehru arrived at Hyderabad on the 20th morning from Mysore on her way to Wardha and is staying as the guest of Mrs. Faridoonji Rusthumji of the Hyderabad Women's Association.

'MOSQUITO DESTROYER DEMONSTRATION

French Inventor Receives Gwalior State Orders

(From A Correspondent).

GWALIOR, Nov. 20.

M. Vitali Menasche, inventor of the mammoth mosquito destroyer, who was here gave a demonstration at the Residency on Sunday night.

A lorry conveying the destroyer was stabled in the southern portion of the garden and the working of machine began just after darkness had set in. Mosquitoes, green flies, moths and insects of many kinds and sizes began to swarm round the funnel from which the mercury-light radiated and were soon sucked in by the container.

The medical men present put the inventor many technical questions which were satisfactorily replied to. The bag of insects imprisoned in the gauze trap was a big one and their struggle for existence against the strong electric draught was vain.

Amongst those present were Col. Sir Haksar, General Raja and Rani Rajwade, the Palace Physician, Chief Medical Officer, the Residency Surgeon and others.

It is understood that M. Menasche has received orders for the supply of the destroyer from the Resident, the Palace Physician and the Chief Medical Officer and Sanitary Commissioner.

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